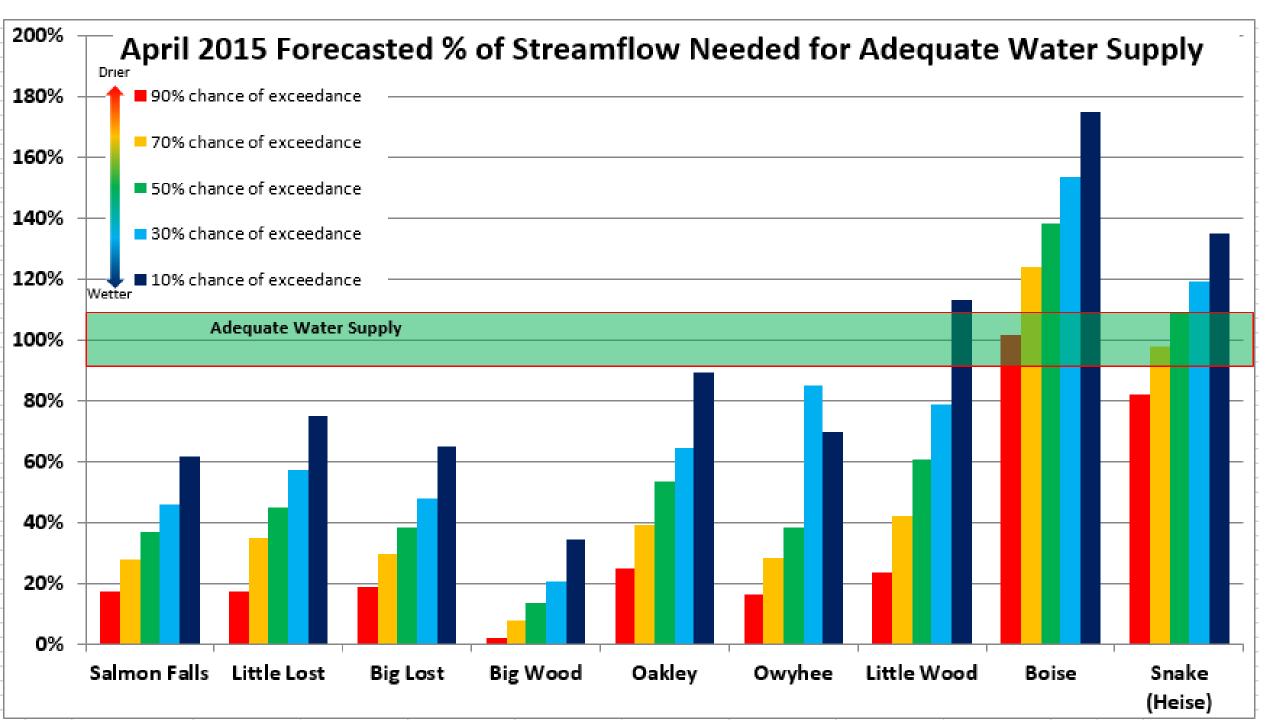


IDAHO SURFACE WATER SUPPLY INDEX (SWSI) April 1, 2015

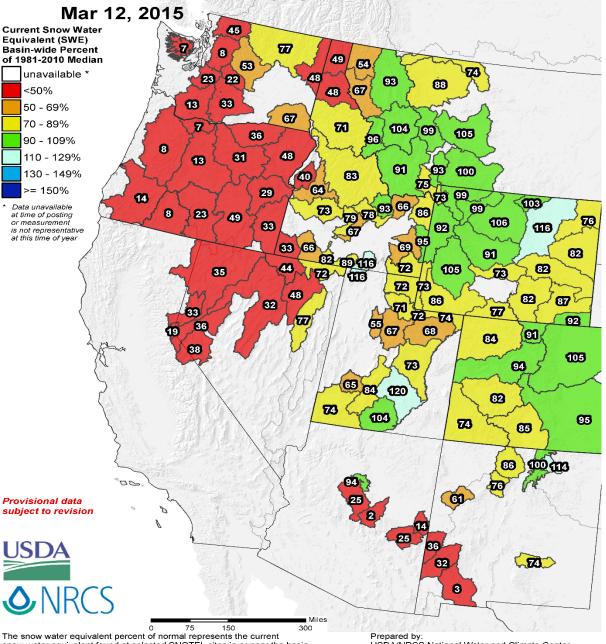
			Agricultural Water
		Most Recent Year	Supply Shortage May
	swsi	With Similar SWSI	Occur When SWSI is
BASIN or REGION	Value	Value	Less Than
Northern Panhandle	Not Available		
Spokane	-3.8	1994	NA
Clearwater	-1.9	2010	NA
Salmon	-1.9	2005	NA
Weiser	-2.6	2013	NA
Payette	-2.7	2013	NA
Boise	-1.2	2002	-2.0
Big Wood	<mark>-2.9</mark>	<mark>2004</mark>	0.1
Little Wood	<mark>-4.0</mark>	<mark>2014</mark>	<mark>-1.3</mark>
Big Lost	<mark>-3.8</mark>	<mark>2004</mark>	0.6
Little Lost	<mark>-3.1</mark>	<mark>2003</mark>	<mark>1.3</mark>
Teton	-2.6	2003	-3.9
Henrys Fork	NA	NA	-3.4
Snake (Heise)	-1.0	1994	-1.5
Oakley	<mark>-2.4</mark>	<mark>2014</mark>	<mark>-0.1</mark>
Salmon Falls	<mark>-3.1</mark>	<mark>2004</mark>	<mark>-0.8</mark>
Bruneau	-2.9	2014	NA
Owyhee	<mark>-3.8</mark>	<mark>2014</mark>	<mark>-3.2</mark>
Bear River	-0.7	2014	-3.7

April 2015 5 Exceedance Forecasts Volumes Compared to Ag Threshold Shortages (KAF)

Basin Based on March 1, 2015 monthly streamflow forecasts	Adequate Irrigation Water Supply (KAF)	March 31 Reservoir Storage (KAF)	Volu Needd Adeg	mflow ume led for quate Supply	Fore Apr-	f dance nflow cast	70% Cl oj Exceed Strean Fored Apr- (KA	f lance nflow cast Sep	50% Ci O Exceed Stream Fore Apr- (KA	f dance nflow cast Sep	30% C Excee Stream Fore Apr- (KA	of dance inflow cast Sep	10% Ci o Exceed Stream Fore Apr- (KA	f dance nflow cast Sep	Percent of Adequate Supply Based on 50% Chance of Exceedance Streamflow Forecast
			KAF	% Avg	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	
Salmon Falls	110	34	76	89%	13	-63	21	-55	28	-48	35	-41	47	-29	37%
Little Lost	40	0	40	118%	7	-33	14	-26	18	-22	23	-17	30	-10	45%
Big Lost	180	34	146	97%	27	-119	43	-103	56	-90	70	-76	95	-51	38%
Big Wood	275	81	194	73%	4	-190	15	-179	26	-168	40	-154	67	-127	13%
Oakley	50	22	28	108%	7	-21	11	-17	15	-13	18	-10	25	-3	54%
Owyhee	450	192	258	44%	42	-216	73	-185	99	-159	219	-39	180	-78	38%
Little Wood	60	22	38	41%	9	-29	16	-22	23	-15	30	-8	43	5	61%
Boise	1500	871	629	46%	640	11	780	151	870	241	965	336	1100	471	138%
Snake (Heise)	4400	1897	2503	66%	2060	-443	2450	-53	2720	217	2990	487	3380	877	109%
Teton	85	0	85	44%	70	-15	103	18	125	40	147	62	180	95	147%
Bear River	400	711													



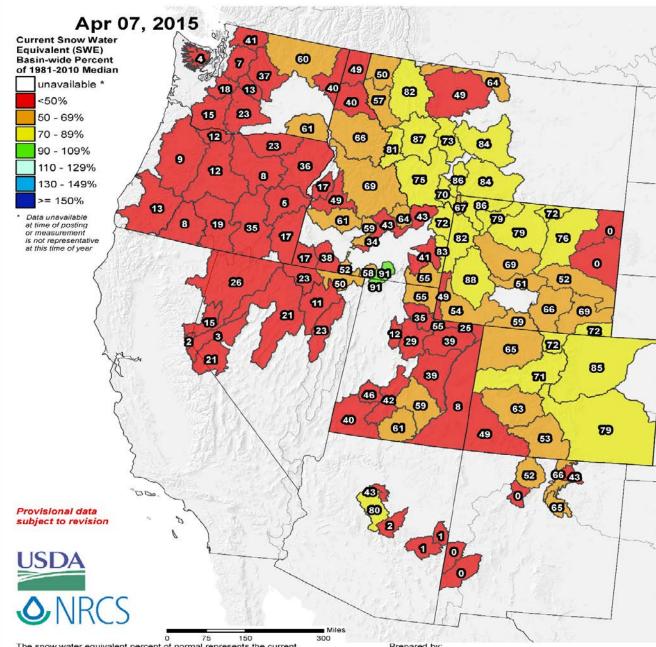
Westwide SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Norm



The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

Prepared by: USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

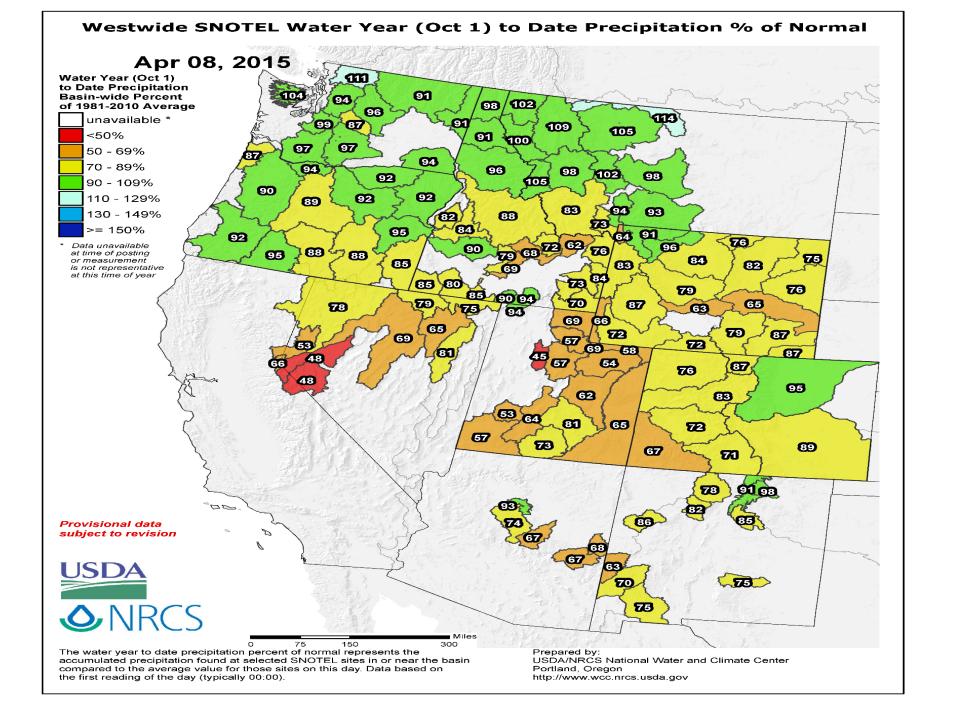
Westwide SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) % of Normal

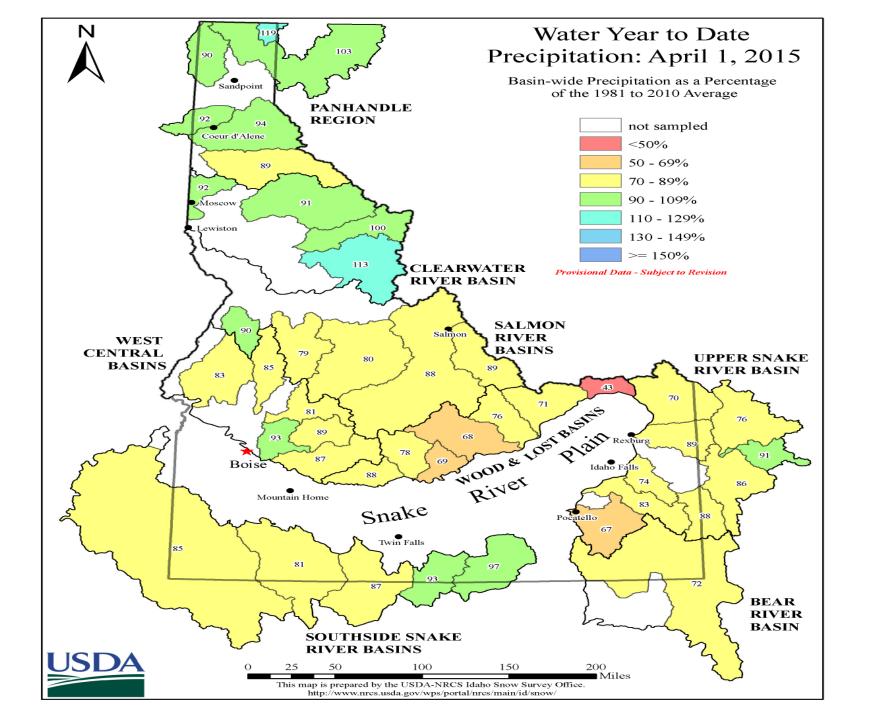


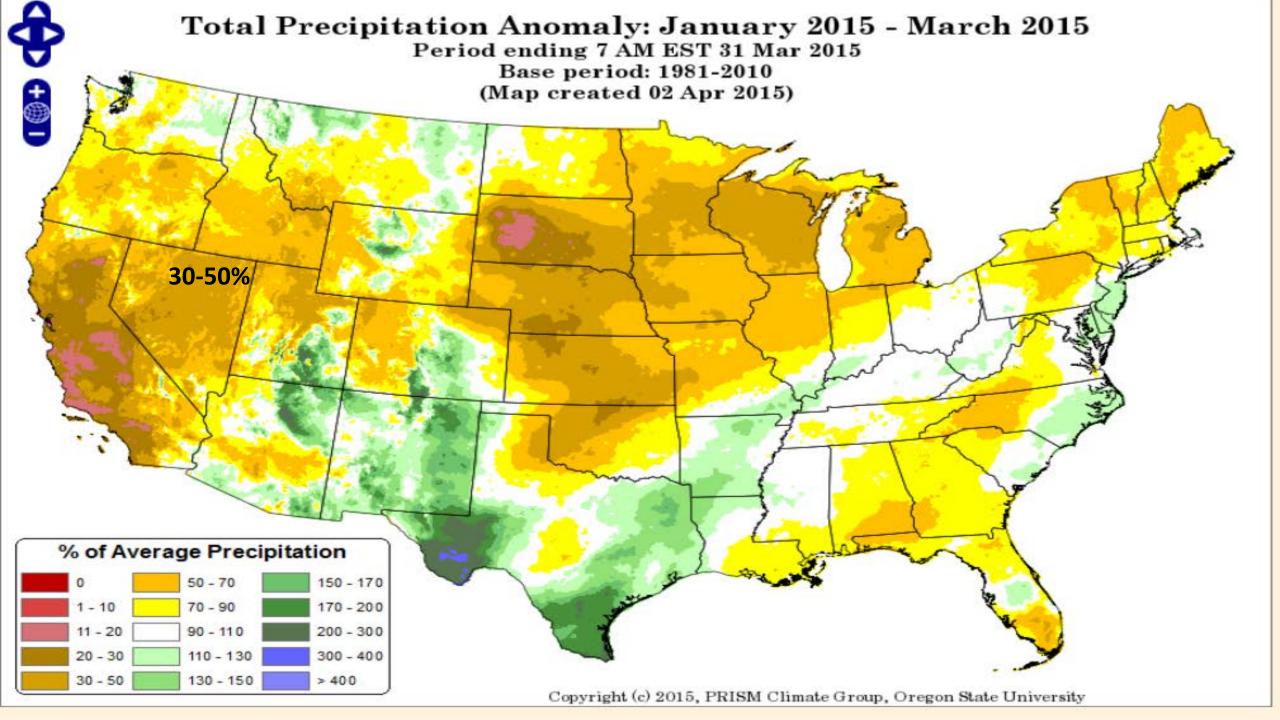
The snow water equivalent percent of normal represents the current snow water equivalent found at selected SNOTEL sites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

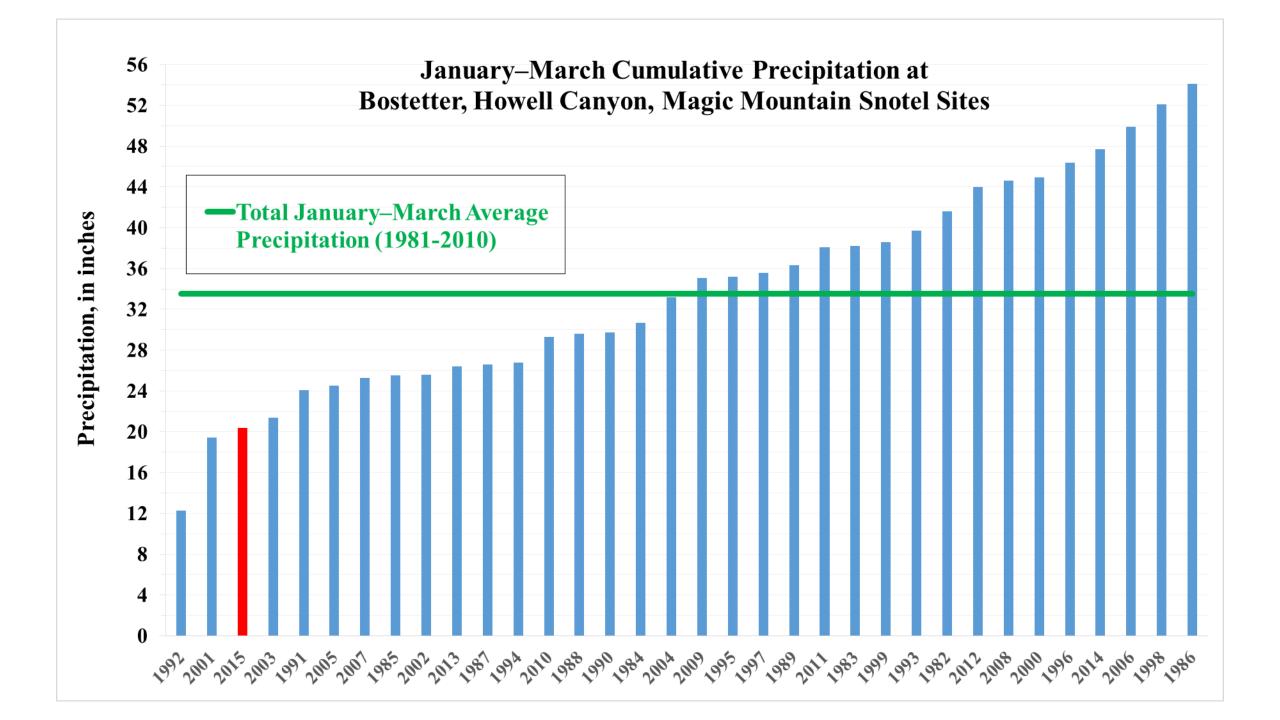
Prepared by: USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

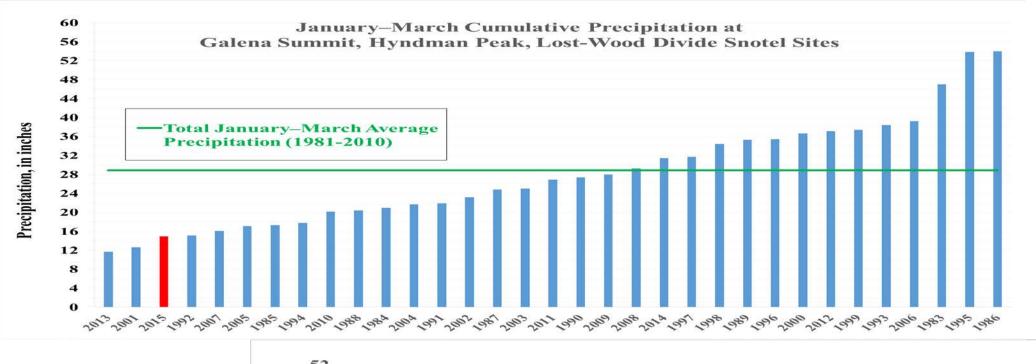
SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Records SNOTEL Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Records Apr 07, 2015 Mar 12, 2015 NOTE: Until further notice, NOTE: Until further notice, record calculations are based record calculations are based on period of record through water on period of record through water year 2012; water years 2013 year 2012; water years 2013 and 2014 are not analyzed. and 2014 are not analyzed. Current Snow Water (SWE) Current Snow Equivalent Water (SWE) 0000 Records Equivalent New High. Records Near High + New High Non-Record Near High ಿದಲ್ಲ New Low Non-Record - Near Low 00 - New Low snow free Near Low snow free Analysis includes sites with more than 20 years of historical data. "Near" record means that one other year Analysis includes sites with more of the period of record is more extreme. than 20 years of historical data. "Near" record means that one other year Provisional Data of the period of record is more extreme. Subject to Revision Provisional Data Prepared by: Subject to Revision USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center **NRCS** Portland, Oregon http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov Prepared by: USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

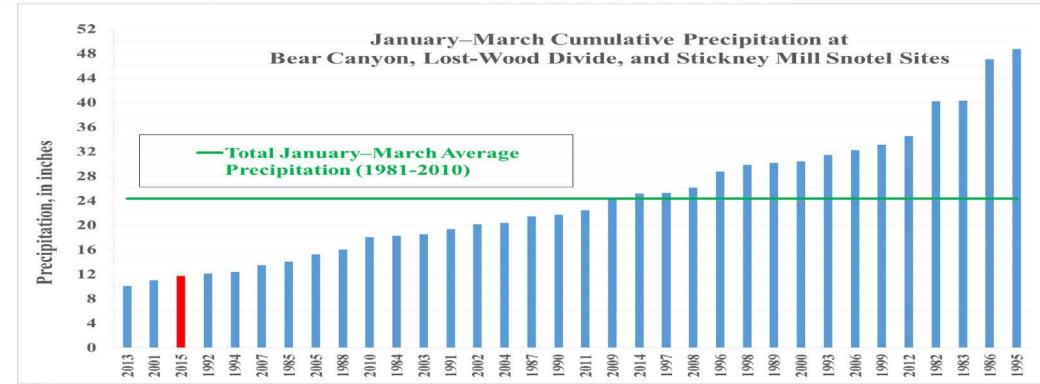


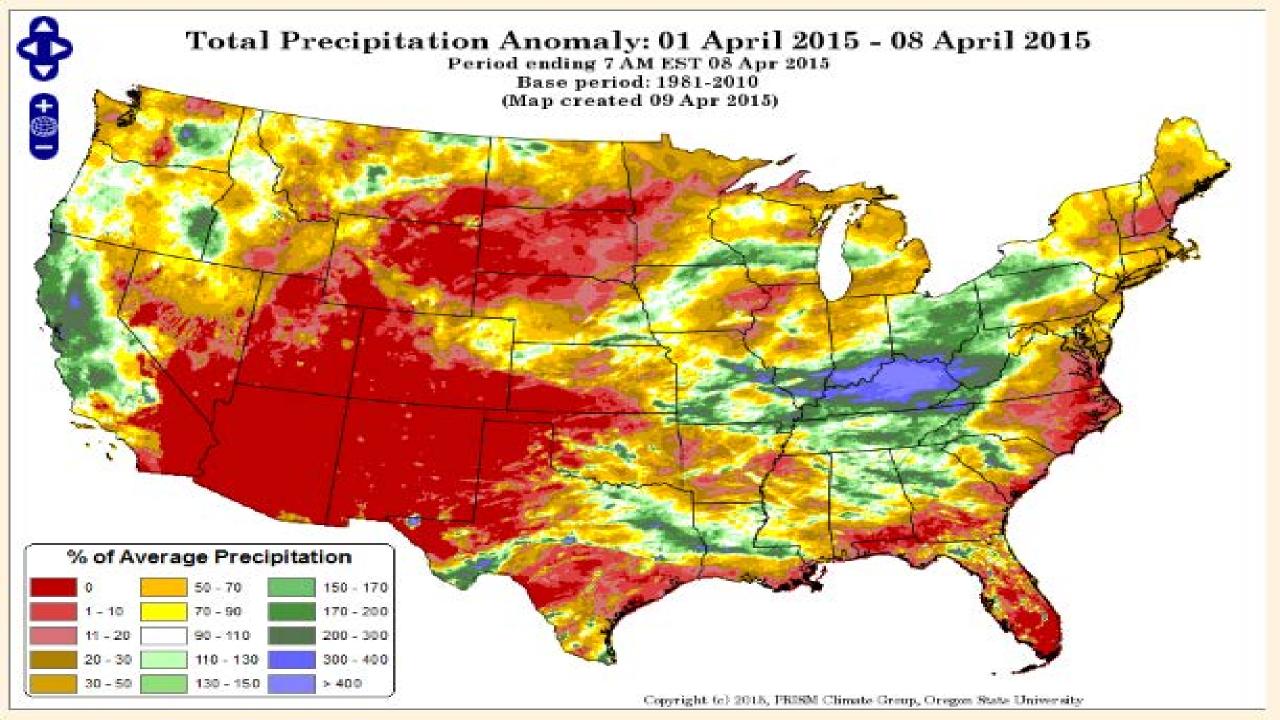


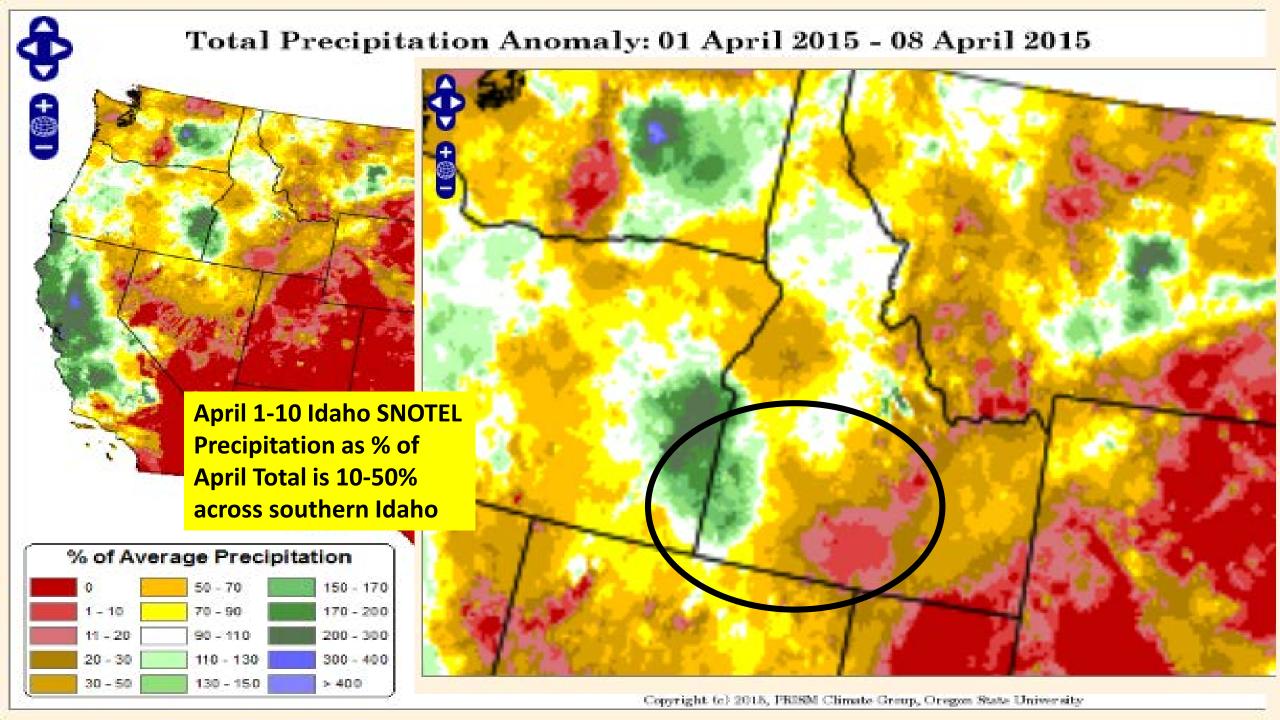


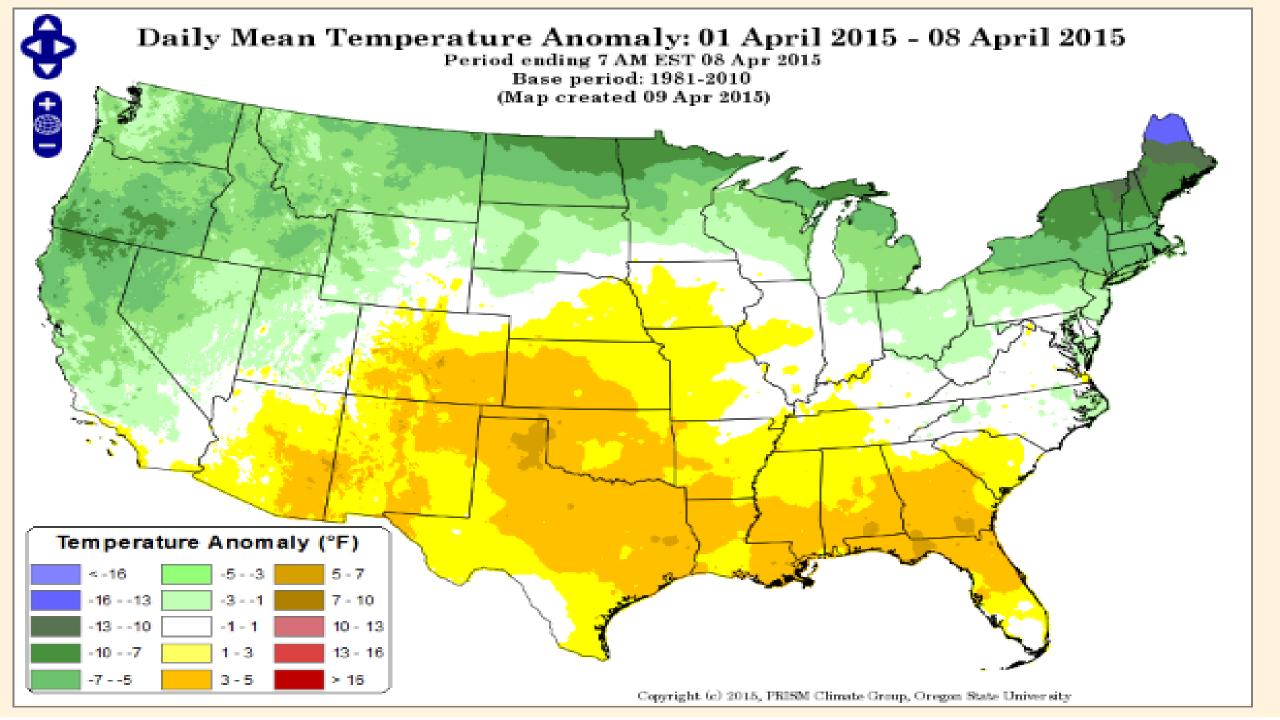


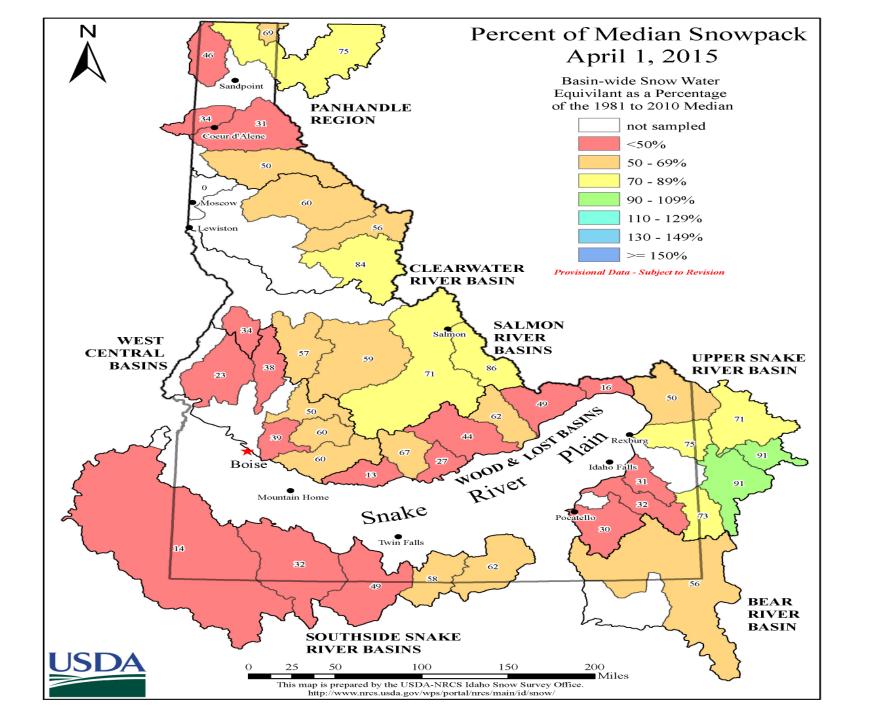












April 1 2015 Snow Index Analysis & Highlights

Panhandle Tied (2001) lowest total SWE since 1961

Coeur d'Alene Shattered lowest total SWE record

(20.70, previous minimum was 36.4), data since '61

St. Joe 3rd lowest total SWE since 1961 (2001)

Spokane Lowest total SWE since 1961

NF Clearwater Tied (2001) lowest total SWE since 1961

NF Clearwater 2nd lowest total SWE since 1961 (2001)

high elevation sites only

Lochsa 4th lowest total SWE since 1963 (2001)

Clearwater 3rd lowest total SWE since 1961 (2005)

MF Salmon 3rd lowest total SWE since 1963 (1977)

South Fork Salmon 3rd lowest total SWE since 1961 (1977)

Little Salmon River Lowest total SWE since 1961

Salmon River 3rd lowest total SWE since 1963 (1977)

April 1 2015 Snow Index Analysis & Highlights

Big Wood Tied for 6th lowest total SWE since 1961 (1977)

Little Wood 2nd lowest total SWE since 1961 (1977)

Big Lost Lowest total SWE since 1961

Little Lost 2nd lowest total SWE since 1961 (1977)

Salmon Falls 4th lowest total SWE since 1961 (1977)

Owyhee Lowest total SWE since 1961

(only 7% of April 1 total SWE median)

Bruneau Lowest total SWE since 1961

Bear above ID-UT line 3rd lowest total SWE since 1961 (1992)

Bear above WY-ID line 2nd lowest total SWE since 1961 (1992)

NF Coeur d' Alene St. Joe Spokane Post Falls	37% near record low 60% 46%	April 1, 2015 NRCS Streamflow Forecast
Dworshak Inflow Selway	70% 82%	April-July Period Forecasts 50% Chance of Exceedance Forecasts
Lemhi MF Salmon Salmon White Bird Boise nr Boise Payette Horseshoe Weiser	50% 57% 74% 63% 53% 46%	Based on current climate trends users may choose to use smaller volume forecast to reduce risk
Big Wood Hailey Magic Reservoir Little Wood Carey Mackay Reservoir Little Lost	43% 33% near record low 25% 31% near record low 55%	

Teton Driggs 65%

Henrys Fork Rexburg 61%

Snake Moran 68%

Buffalo 86%

Salt 55%

Snake Heise 72%

Snake Neeley 27%

Oakley Reservoir 54%

Salmon Falls 36%

27% (70% Chance of Exceedance)

Bruneau 39%

Owyhee Reservoir 21%

Smiths Fork 67%

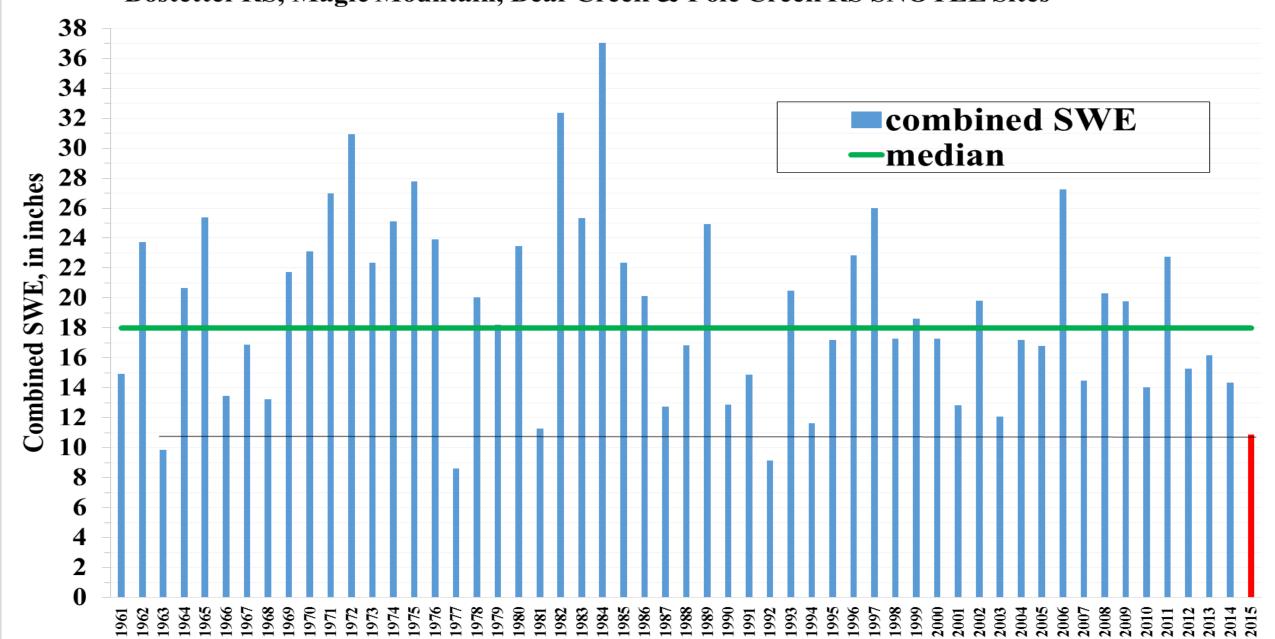
Bear Stewart Dam 10% near record low

April 1, 2015 NRCS Streamflow Forecast

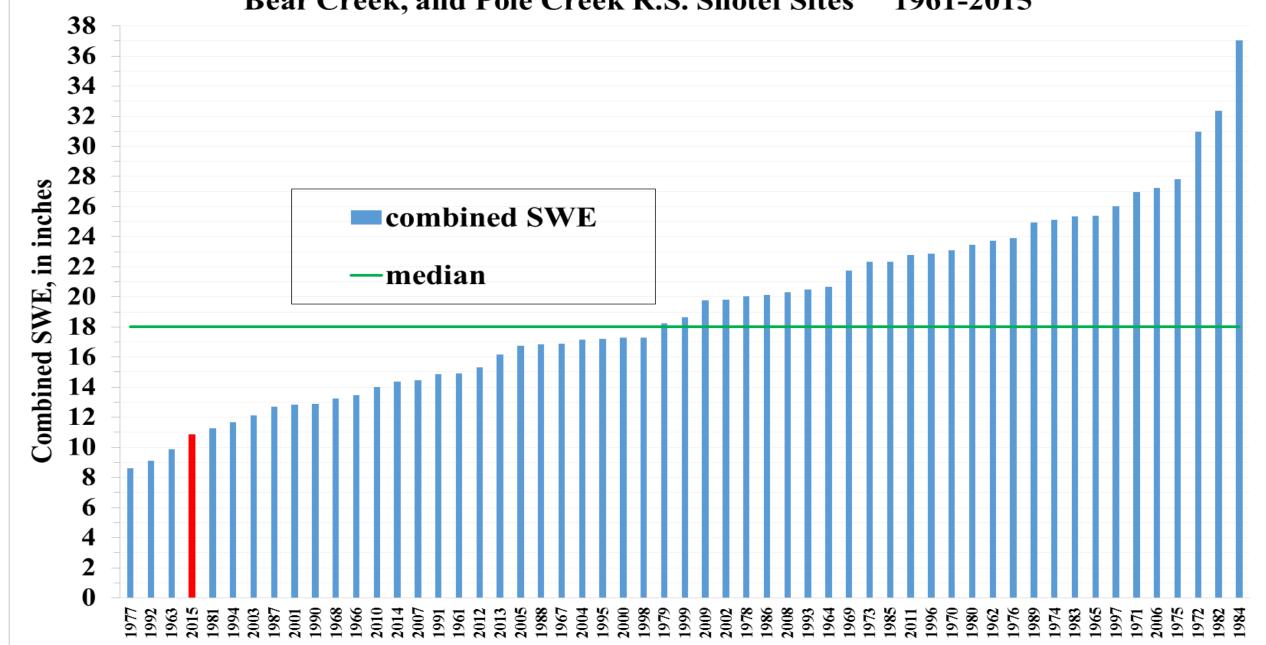
April-July Period Forecasts 50% Chance of Exceedance Forecasts

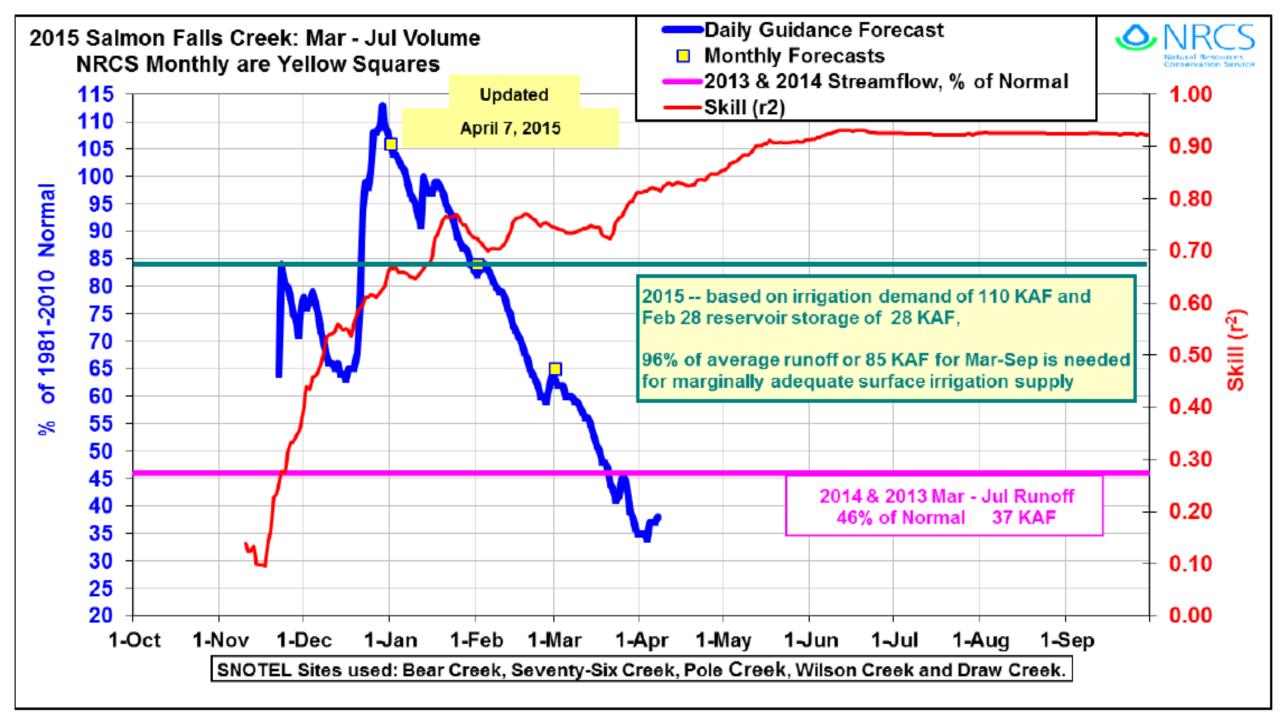
Based on current climate trends users may choose to use smaller volume forecast to reduce risk

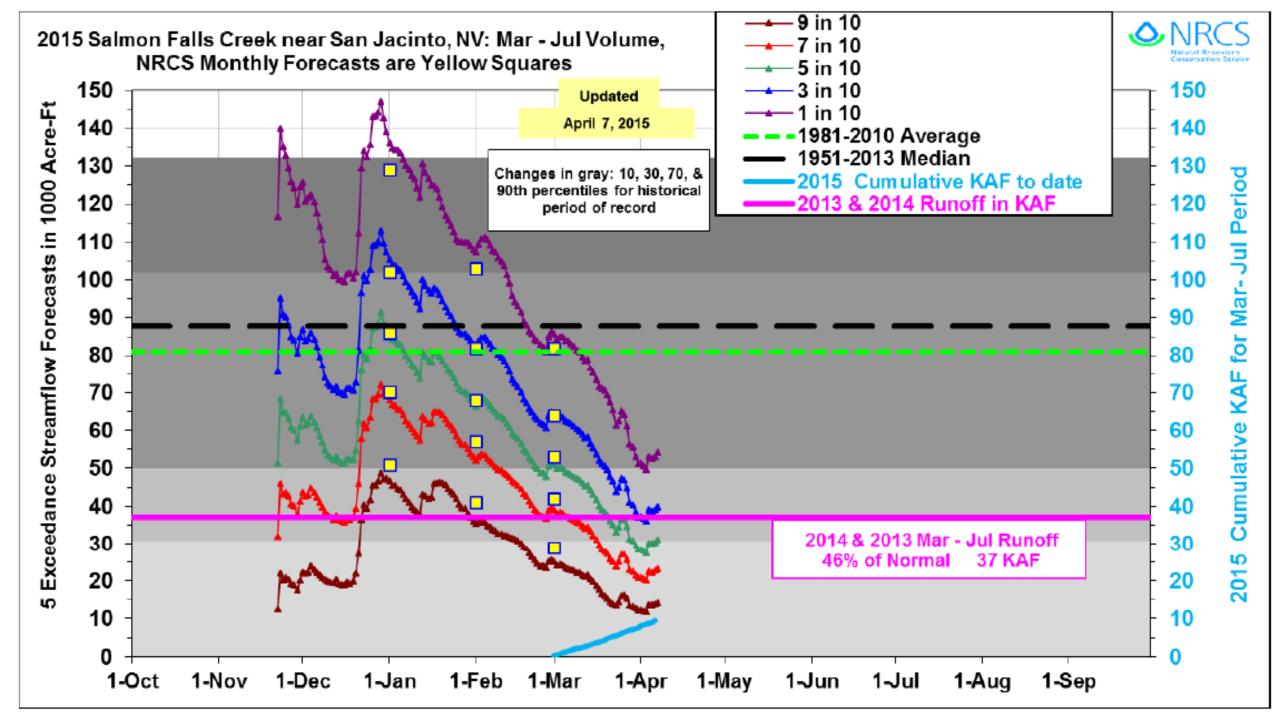
Combined April 1 Snow Water Equivalent at Bostetter RS, Magic Mountain, Bear Creek & Pole Creek RS SNOTEL Sites

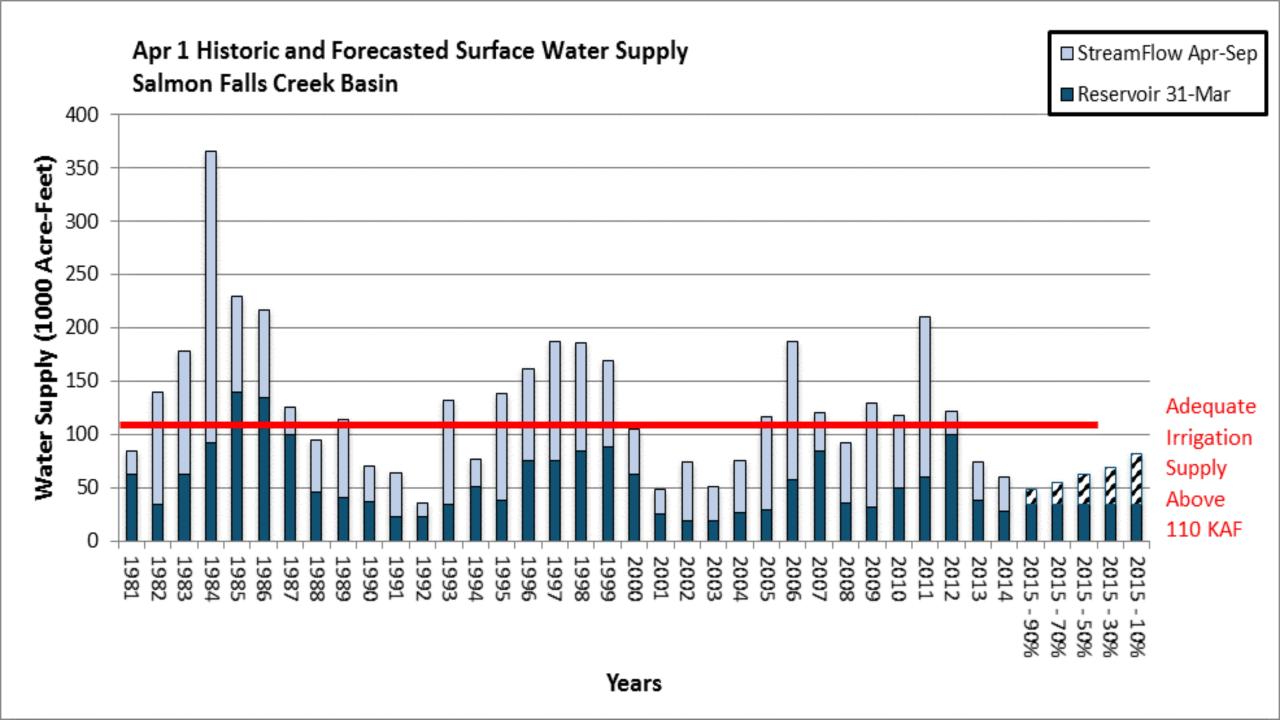


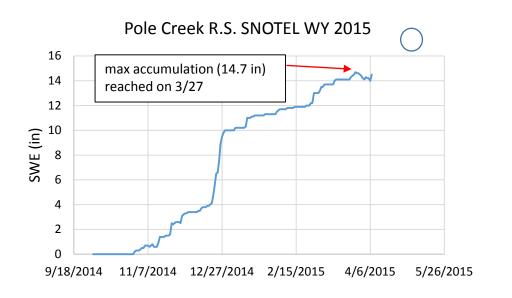
Combined April 1 SWE at Bostetter R.S., Magic Mountain, Bear Creek, and Pole Creek R.S. Snotel Sites 1961-2015



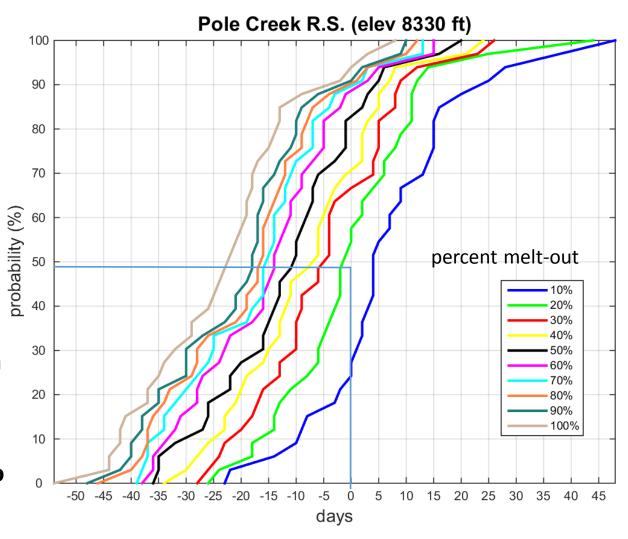






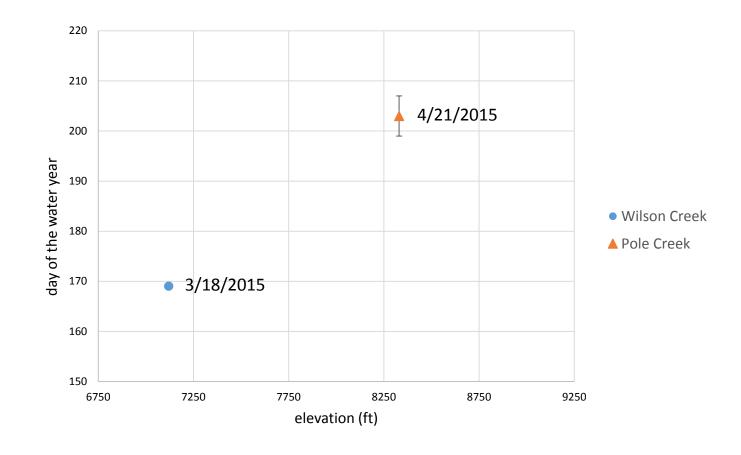


- Pole Creek SNOTEL site reached max accumulation (14.7 in) on 3/27.
- As of as of 4/7 SWE is 14.5 in (~1% melt-out).
- Currently, Pole Creek is not far enough into melt to use the melt-out percentages from the probability chart, however, the chart can be used to estimate the average melt-out percent at the time of peak streamflow.
- On average (50% probability), Pole Creek is at 20% melt-out (green line) at the time of peak streamflow for Salmon Falls.



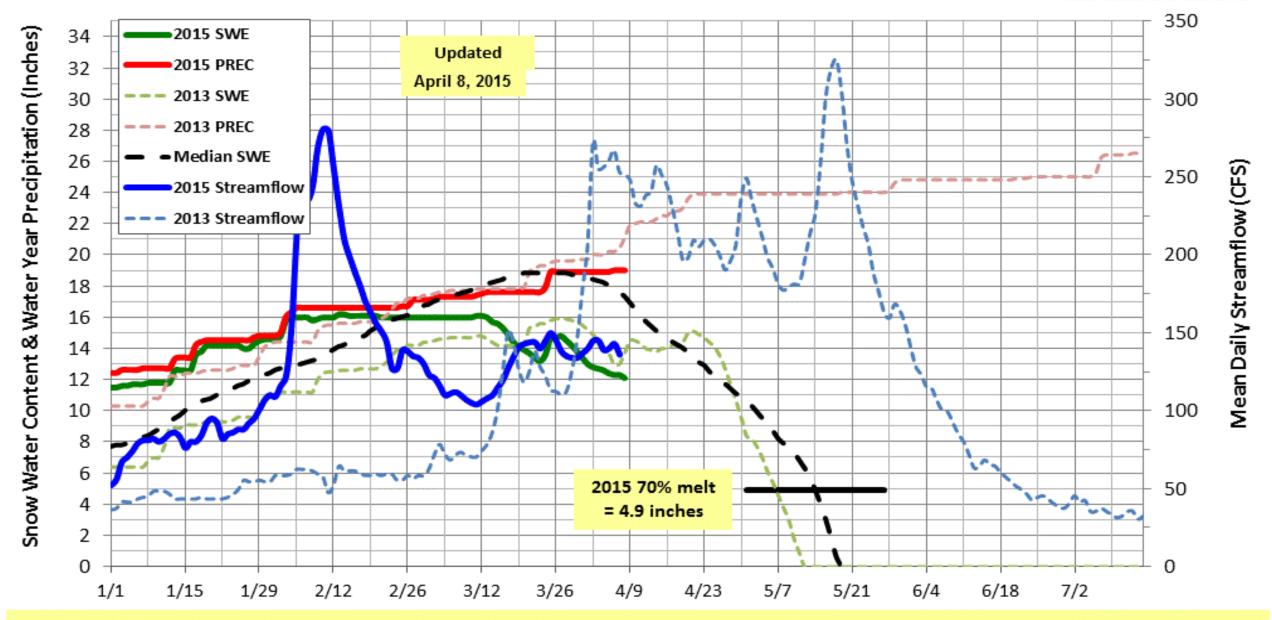
 Melt-out timing from Wilson Creek, the lower elevation SNOTEL site, may be used to estimate meltout timing at Pole Creek, the highest elevation site.

 Wilson Creek reached 20% melt-out on 3/18, it is estimated Pole Creek will reach 20% melt-out on 4/21 (± 4 days).

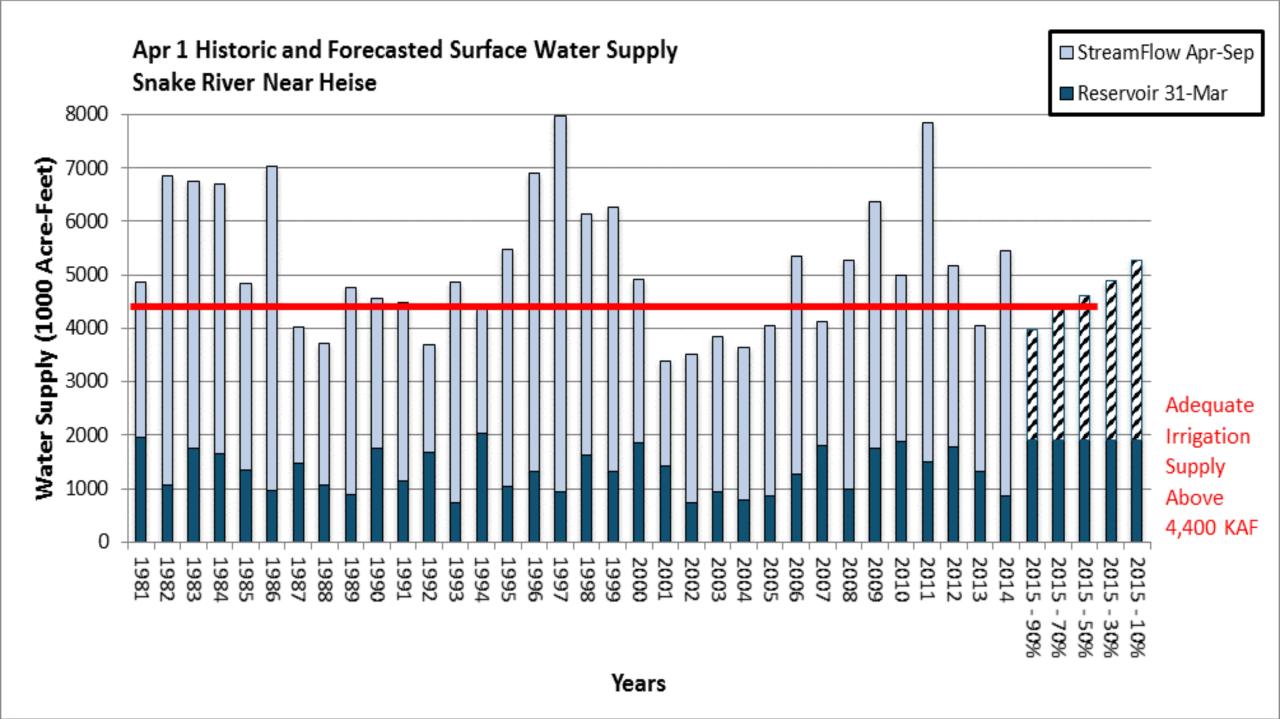


2015 & 2013 Magic Mountain SNOTEL and Salmon Falls Creek near San Jacinto





		Updated April 8, 2015										
Salmon Falls Reservoir Storage Allotment		Based on NRCS April 1										
Note: Allotment formula is based on March 31 reservoir storage and April 1 - September 30				mflow Fore	-							
forecasts.												
					amflow For							
		90%	70%	50%	30%	10%						
Inflow Forecast, April 1-September 30, acre-feet		13600	21000	28000	35000	0						
Storage in Dam, March 31, acre-feet	34100	34100	34100	34100	34100	34100						
Total Storage (Inflow Forecast + Storage)		47700	55100	62100	69100	34100						
Less Dead Storage in Reservoir (5000 A-F)	5000	42700	50100	57100	64100	29100						
Projected Reservoir Loss of 20%	0.20	8540	10020	11420	12820	5820						
In Dam, Available for Delivery		34160	40080	45680	51280	23280						
Projected Delivery Efficiency:												
2010 56.0% 2009 59.8% 2008 55% 2007 59.4% 2006 65.3% 2005 59.4% 2013 53% 2014 48%	0.48	16397	19238	21926	24614	11174						
Less Water for Callen	485	485	485	485	485	485						
Less Individual Storage Carryover	988	988	988	988	988	988						
Water to be Delivered Over the Weir		14924	17765	20453	23141	9701						
Divided by Total Shares	60050.65	0.249	0.296	0.341	0.385	0.162						
All atmospit if the dividual Starona Commercial in pat												
Allotment if 'Individual Storage Carryover' is not subtracted from 'In Dam, Available for Delivery'		0.265	0.312	0.357	0.402	0.178						
	Alletment	0.203	0.312	0.337	0.402	0.170						
1924-2006	Allotment											
1971-2000												
2002-2006		2013 allotment 0.380 Runoff 35 KAF Apr-Sep										
Full Allotment		2014 allotn				_						



2015 90% Chance Exceedance Forcast

Station Name

Station ID

Period Data Type

Years # of Years

13148500 LITTLE WOOD RI	VER NR CAREY, ID		A	Apr-Sep	strm	1981-2014	34 Units KAI
13148200 LITTLE WOOD				31-Mar	resv	1981-2014	34 Units KAI
ENSO Classificat	ion						
SE Strong El Nine	o - EN Mild El Nino - N Ne	utral -	LN Mild La Nir	na - SL Stron	g La Nina		
			Stream		Streamflow	Non-	
			Flow Apr-	Reservoir	+ Reservoir	Exceedance	
Rank	Year	Enso	Sep	31-Mar	Sum	Probability	SWSI
1	1983	SE	217	3	219	97%	3.9
2	1995	SE	177	20	197	94%	3.7
3	1982	N	176	18	195	91%	3.5
4	2006	N	170	5	175	89%	3.2
5	1984	N	149	23	172	86%	3.0
6	1997	N	162	7	170	83%	2.7
7	1986	N	142	23	165	80%	2.5
8	1998	SE	121	21	142	77%	2.3
9	1993	EN	112	23	135	74%	2.0
10	2011	SL	104	23	127	71%	1.8
11	1999	SL	117	8	125	69%	1.5
12	2005	EN	93	21	113	66%	1.3
13	1996	N	83	22	106	63%	1.1
14	2009	N	76	19	95	60%	0.8
15	2012	LN	62	26	89	57%	0.6
16	2010	EN	59	28	88	54%	0.4
17	1985	N	66	22	87	51%	0.1
18	1981	N	59	28	87	49%	-0.1
19	1989	SL	63	18	82	46%	-0.4
20	2000	N	49	25	74	43%	-0.6
21	2003	EN	55	19	73	40%	-0.8
2015 10% Chanc	e Exceedance Forcast	EN	43	22	65	39%	-1.0
22	2008	N	51	11	62	37%	-1.1
23	2004	N	37	23	60	34%	-1.3
24	1991	N	42	15	57	31%	-1.5
25	1990	N	35	23	57	29%	-1.8
26	1987	N	27	30	57	26%	-2.0
27	2013	N	32	25	56	23%	-2.3
28	2007	EN	23	29	52	20%	-2.5
2015 30% Chanc	e Exceedance Forcast	EN	30	22	52	19%	-2.6
29	1994	SE	22	30	52	17%	-2.7
30	2002	N	35	15	50	14%	-3.0
31	2001	LN	26	23	49	11%	-3.2
32	1988	SE	26	20	47	9%	-3.5
33	2014	EN	27	19	46	6%	-3.7
34	1992	EN	23	23	46	3%	-3.9
2015 50% Chanc	e Exceedance Forcast	EN	23	22	45	2%	-4.0
2015 70% Chanc	e Exceedance Forcast	EN	16	22	39	1%	-4.0

22

9

31

1%

-4.1

Station	ID S	tation Nam	e		Period	Data Type	Years	# of Years
131485	00 LITTLE WOOD RIVER NR CAR	REY, ID		A	r-Sep	strm	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
131482	00 LITTLE WOOD				31-Mar	resv	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
	ENSO Classification							
	SE Strong El Nino - EN Mild	El Nino - N I	Neutral -	LN Mild La Nina	- SL Strong	g La Nina		
				Stream		Streamflow	Non-	
					D!			
_			_	Flow Apr-			Exceedance	
Ra	nk	Yea	r Enso	Sep	31-Mar		Probability	SWSI
	-							
20		2000	N	49	25	74	43%	-0.6
21		2003	EN	55	19	73	40%	-0.8
2	015 10% Chance Exceedance F	Forcast	EN	43	22	65	39%	-1.0
22		2008	N	51	11	62	37%	-1.1
23		2004	N	37	23	60	34%	-1.3
24		1991	N	42	15	57	31%	-1.5
25		1990	N	35	23	57	29%	-1.8
26		1987	N	27	30	57	26%	-2.0
27		2013	N	32	25	56	23%	-2.3
28		2007	EN	23	29	52	20%	-2.5
2	015 30% Chance Exceedance F	Forcast	EN	30	22	52	19%	-2.6
29		1994	SE _	22	30	52	17%	-2.7
30		2002	N	35	15	50	14%	-3.0
31		2001	LN	26	23	49	11%	-3.2
32		1988	SE	26	20	47	9%	-3.5
33		2014	EN	27	19	46	6%	-3.7
34		1992	EN -	23	23	46	3%	-3.9
2	015 50% Chance Exceedance F	Forcast	EN -	23	22	45	2%	-4.0
2	015 70% Chance Exceedance F	Forcast	EN	16	22	39	1%	-4.0
2	015 90% Chance Exceedance F	Forcast	EN	9	22	31	1%	-4.1

32

34

25

29

34

24

34

94

92

90

90

77

9%

6%

4%

3%

-3.5

-3.7

-3.8

-3.9

-4.0

Station ID	Station N	lame			Period	Data Type	Years	# of Years
13127000	Big Lost R blw Mackay Reservoir			1	Apr-Sep	strm	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
13126000	Mackay Reservoir				31-Mar	resv	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
	ENSO Classification							
	SE Strong El Nino - EN Mild El Nino -	N Ne	utral -	LN Mild La Nin	a - SL Strong	g La Nina		
				Stream		Streamflow	Non-	
				Flow Apr-	Reservoir	+ Reservoir	Exceedance	
Rank			Enso	Sep	31-Mar	Sum	Probability	SWSI
1		1984	N	321	37	358	97%	3.9
2		1983	SE	296	31	327	94%	3.7
3	:	1982	N	272	35	307	91%	3.5
4		1995	SE	272	24	296	89%	3.2
5		1986	N	239	38	277	86%	3.0
6		1997	N	244	16	260	83%	2.7
7		2006	N	216	34	249	80%	2.5
8		1998	SE	198	38	236	77%	2.3
9		1999	SL	196	30	226	74%	2.0
10		1981	N	176	44	220	71%	1.8
11		1996	N	171	37	208	69%	1.5
12	:	2011	SL	160	39	199	66%	1.3
13		1993	EN	169	27	196	63%	1.1
14		2009	N	166	29	195	60%	0.8
15		1985	N	139	39	178	57%	0.6
16		2012	LN	134	43	177	54%	0.4
17	:	2010	EN	135	41	177	51%	0.1
18		2005	EN	142	25	168	49%	-0.1
19		1987	N	101	39	140	46%	-0.4
20		2008	N	105	28	133	43%	-0.6
21	<u> </u>	1991	N	106	26	132	40%	-0.8
	2015 10% Chance Exceedance Force	st	EN	95	34	129	39%	-1.0
22		2013	N	88	37	125	37%	-1.1
23		2000	N	89	35	124	34%	-1.3
24	:	2007	EN	83	35	118	31%	-1.5
25	:	1990	N	88	28	116	29%	-1.8
26		2003	EN	87	21	108	26%	-2.0
27		1989	SL	78	27	105	23%	-2.3
28		1994	SE	69	36	105	20%	-2.5
	2015 30% Chance Exceedance Forca	st	EN	70	34	104	19%	-2.6
29		1988	SE	74	29	102	17%	-2.7
30		2014	EN	67	32	99	14%	-3.0
31	:	2001	LN	68	27	96	11%	-3.2

69

64

56

66

43

2002

2004

2015 50% Chance Exceedance Forcast

2015 70% Chance Exceedance Forcast

1992 EN

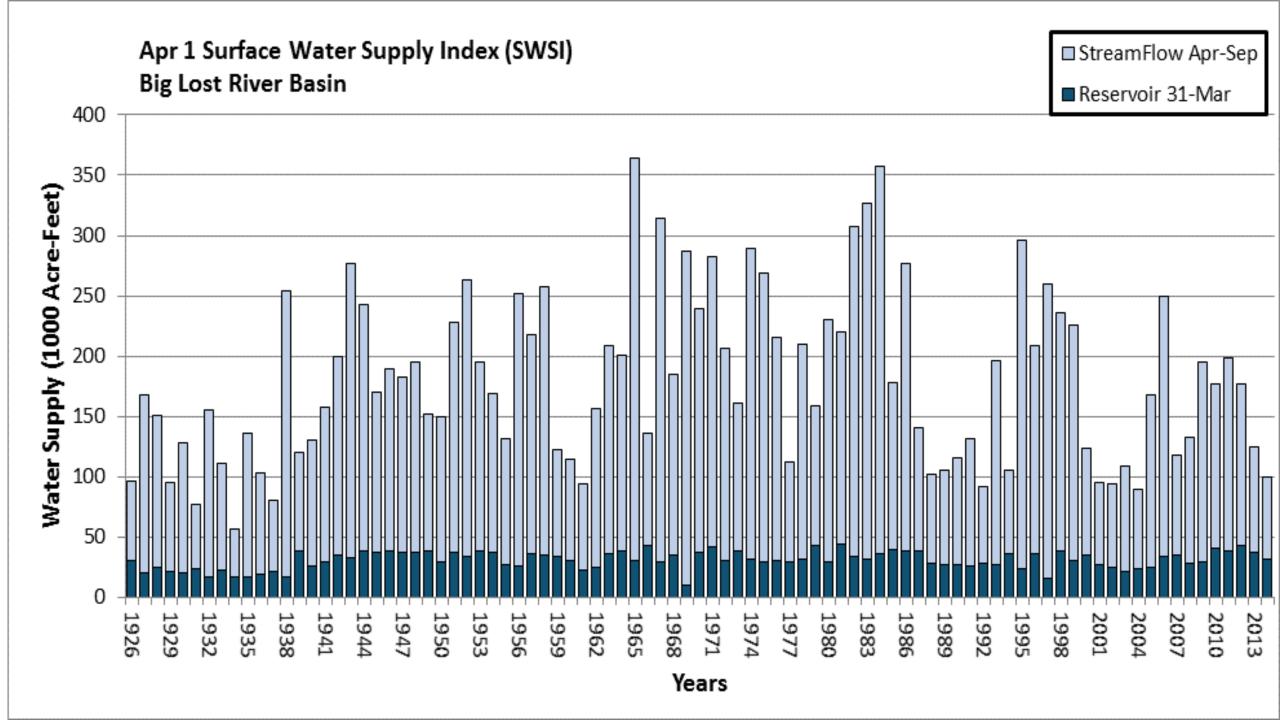
N

EN

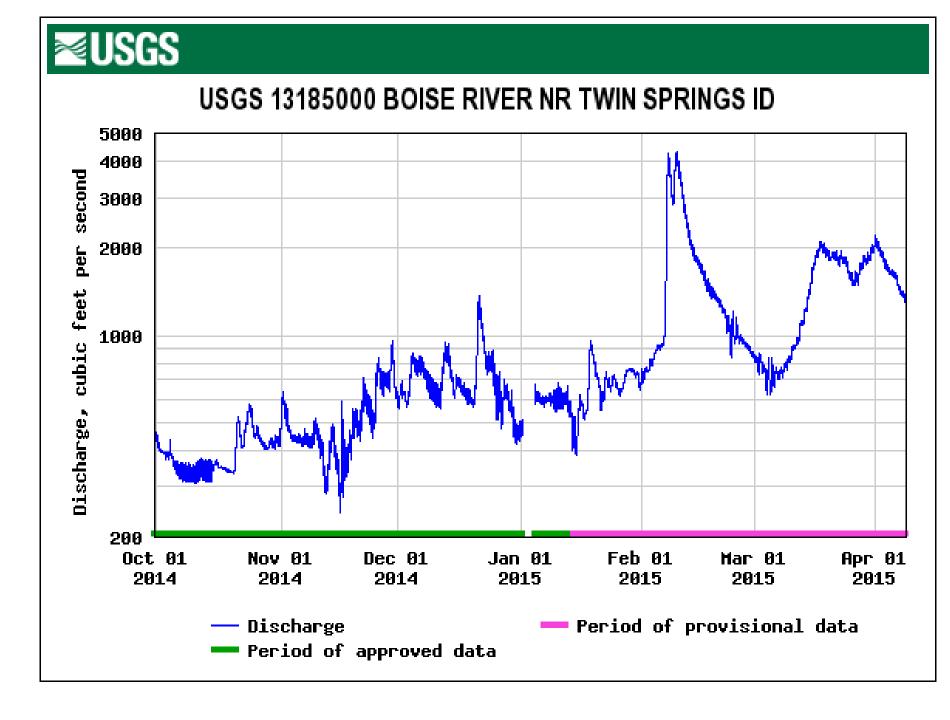
Ν

EN

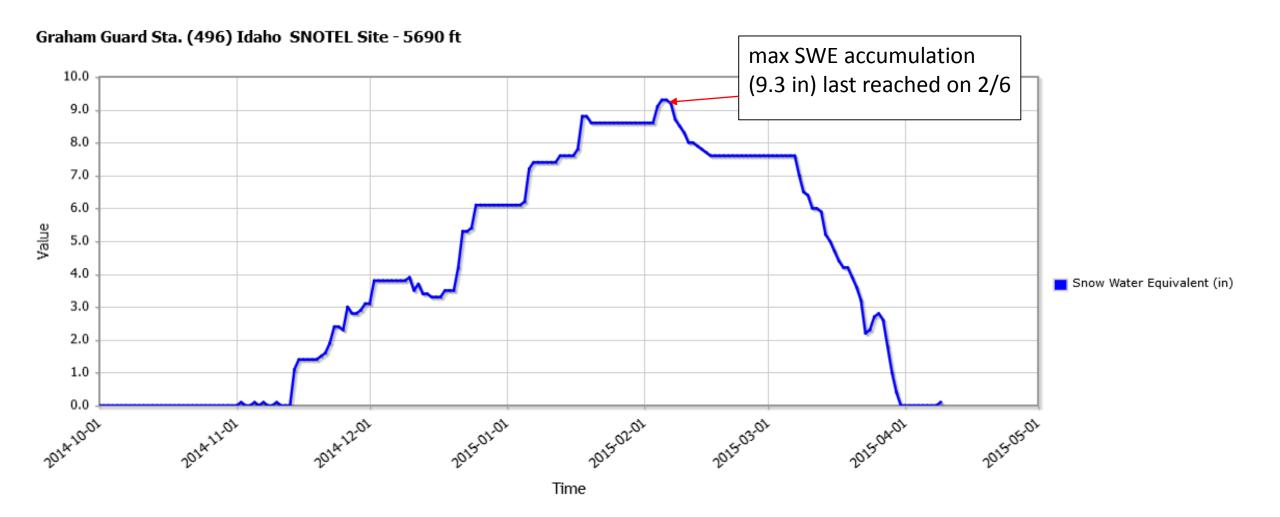
Station ID	Station Name			Period	Data Type	Years	# of Years
13127000 E	Big Lost R blw Mackay Reservoir		Α	pr-Sep	strm	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
13126000 N	Mackay Reservoir			31-Mar	resv	1981-2014	34 Units KAF
E	ENSO Classification						
5	SE Strong El Nino - EN Mild El Nino - N Ne	utral - I	LN Mild La Nina	a - SL Strong	La Nina		
			Stream		Streamflow	Non-	
			Flow Apr-		+ Reservoir		
Rank	Year	Enso	Sep	31-Mar	Sum	Probability	SWSI
20	2008	N	105	28	133	43%	-0.6
21	1991	N	106	26	132	40%	-0.8
	2015 10% Chance Exceedance Forcast	EN	95	34	129	39%	-1.0
22	2013	N	88	37	125	37%	-1.1
23	2000	N	89	35	124	34%	-1.3
24	2007	EN	83	35	118	31%	-1.5
25	1990	N	88	28	116	29%	-1.8
26	2003	EN	87	21	108	26%	-2.0
27	1989	SL	78	27	105	23%	-2.3
28	1994	SE	69	36	105	20%	-2.5
	2015 30% Chance Exceedance Forcast	EN	70	34	104	19%	-2.6
29	1988	SE	74	29	102	17%	-2.7
30	2014	EN	67	32	99	14%	-3.0
31	2001	LN	68	27	96	11%	-3.2
32	2002	N	69	25	94	9%	-3.5
33	1992	EN	64	29	92	6%	-3.7
4	2015 50% Chance Exceedance Forcast	EN	56	34	90	4%	-3.8
34	2004	N	66	24	90	3%	-3.9
	2015 70% Chance Exceedance Forcast	EN	43	34	77	2%	-4.0



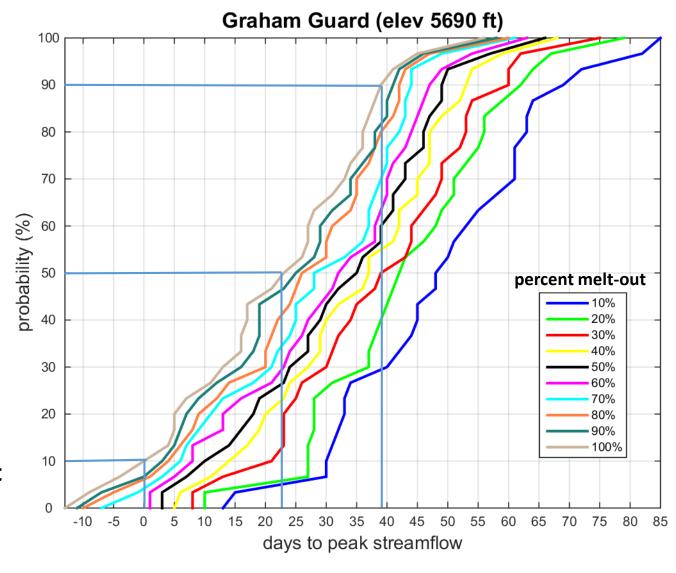
 As of 4/9/2015, the Boise River nr Twin Springs ID does not appear to have experienced its snowmelt dominated peak.



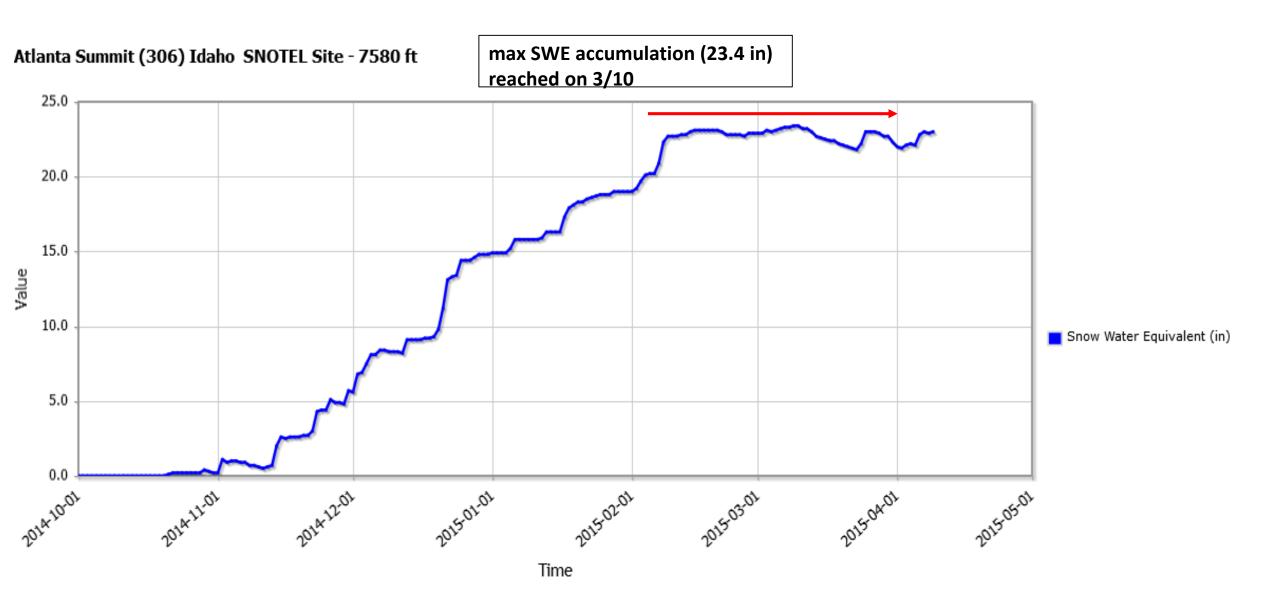
• As of 4/9, the Graham Guard SNOTEL site is 100% melted out. Complete melt-out (no snow remaining on snow pillow) was reached on 3/31/2015.



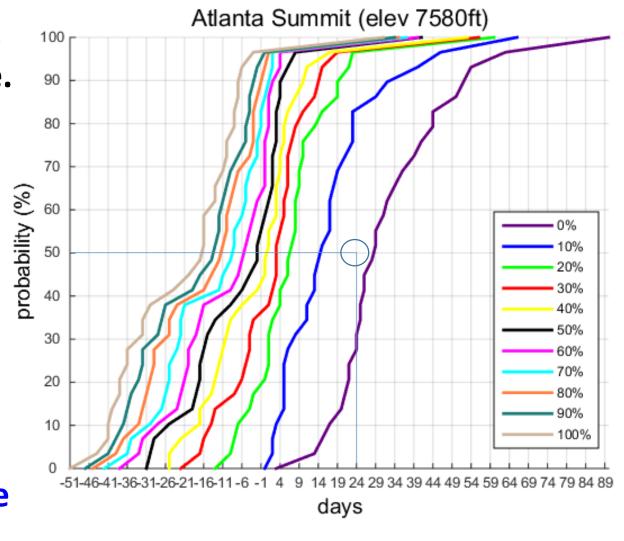
- The 100% melt-out curve, indicated by the TAN line, can be used to evaluate the probability of peak streamflow occurring within a given number of days if adjusted for the date of inquiry.
- For example, as of 4/9, 100% melt-out occurred 10 days ago. The tan line suggests there is a 50% probability that peak streamflow occurs within 23 days of 100% melt-out. Adjusting for the 9 day difference, there is a 50% probability it will occur within the next 14 days.
- The 50% probability line represents the average, however, any probability percentage can be evaluated, i.e. -
 - There is a 90% probability peak streamflow will occur within the next 30 days.
 - There is a 10% probability peak streamflow occurred 9 or more days ago.

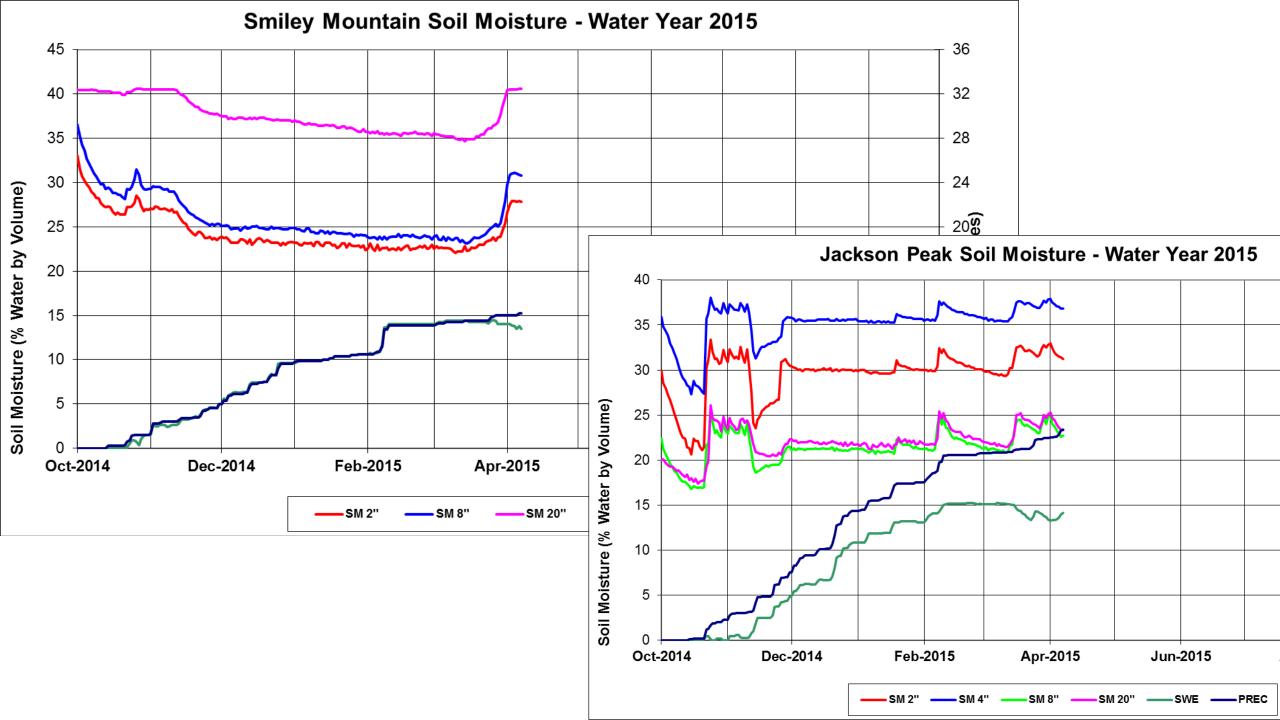


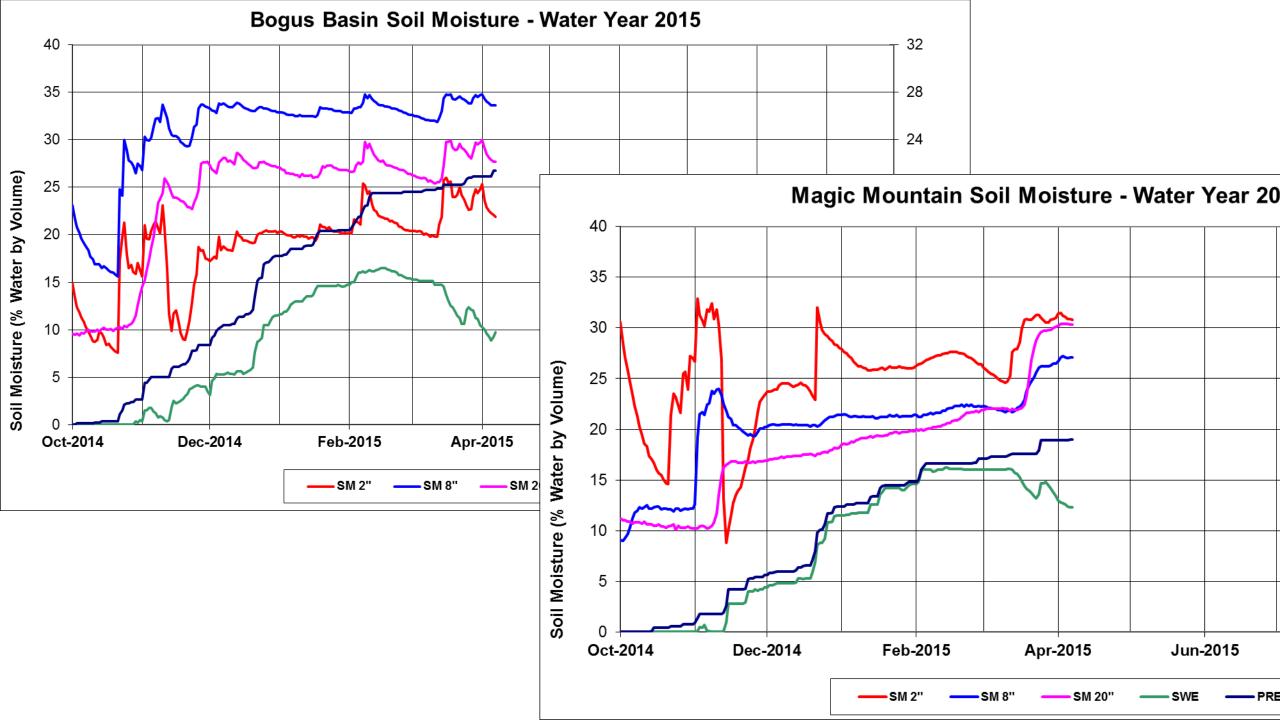
• As of 4/9, SWE at Atlanta Summit SNOTEL site is at 23 in (~2 % melt-out).



- This graph includes 0% melt-out, indicated by the purple line.
- The 0% melt-out is equal to max accumulation at the SNOTEL site.
- Current melt-out percent at Atlanta summit is ~2 % between the purple and blue lines.
- The average, (50% probability), can be estimated by looking between the two curves. It is estimated, peak streamflow will occur (approximately) within the next 24 days.







April 2015 5 Exceedance Forecasts Volumes Compared to Ag Threshold Shortages (KAF)

Basin Based on March 1, 2015 monthly streamflow forecasts	Adequate Irrigation Water Supply (KAF)	March 31 Reservoir Storage (KAF)	Volu Needd Adeg	mflow ume led for quate Supply	Fore Apr-	f dance nflow cast	70% Cl oj Exceed Strean Fored Apr- (KA	f lance nflow cast Sep	50% Ci O Exceed Stream Fore Apr- (KA	f dance nflow cast Sep	30% C Excee Stream Fore Apr- (KA	of dance inflow cast Sep	10% Ci o Exceed Stream Fore Apr- (KA	f dance nflow cast Sep	Percent of Adequate Supply Based on 50% Chance of Exceedance Streamflow Forecast
			KAF	% Avg	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	fcst	diff	
Salmon Falls	110	34	76	89%	13	-63	21	-55	28	-48	35	-41	47	-29	37%
Little Lost	40	0	40	118%	7	-33	14	-26	18	-22	23	-17	30	-10	45%
Big Lost	180	34	146	97%	27	-119	43	-103	56	-90	70	-76	95	-51	38%
Big Wood	275	81	194	73%	4	-190	15	-179	26	-168	40	-154	67	-127	13%
Oakley	50	22	28	108%	7	-21	11	-17	15	-13	18	-10	25	-3	54%
Owyhee	450	192	258	44%	42	-216	73	-185	99	-159	219	-39	180	-78	38%
Little Wood	60	22	38	41%	9	-29	16	-22	23	-15	30	-8	43	5	61%
Boise	1500	871	629	46%	640	11	780	151	870	241	965	336	1100	471	138%
Snake (Heise)	4400	1897	2503	66%	2060	-443	2450	-53	2720	217	2990	487	3380	877	109%
Teton	85	0	85	44%	70	-15	103	18	125	40	147	62	180	95	147%
Bear River	400	711													

