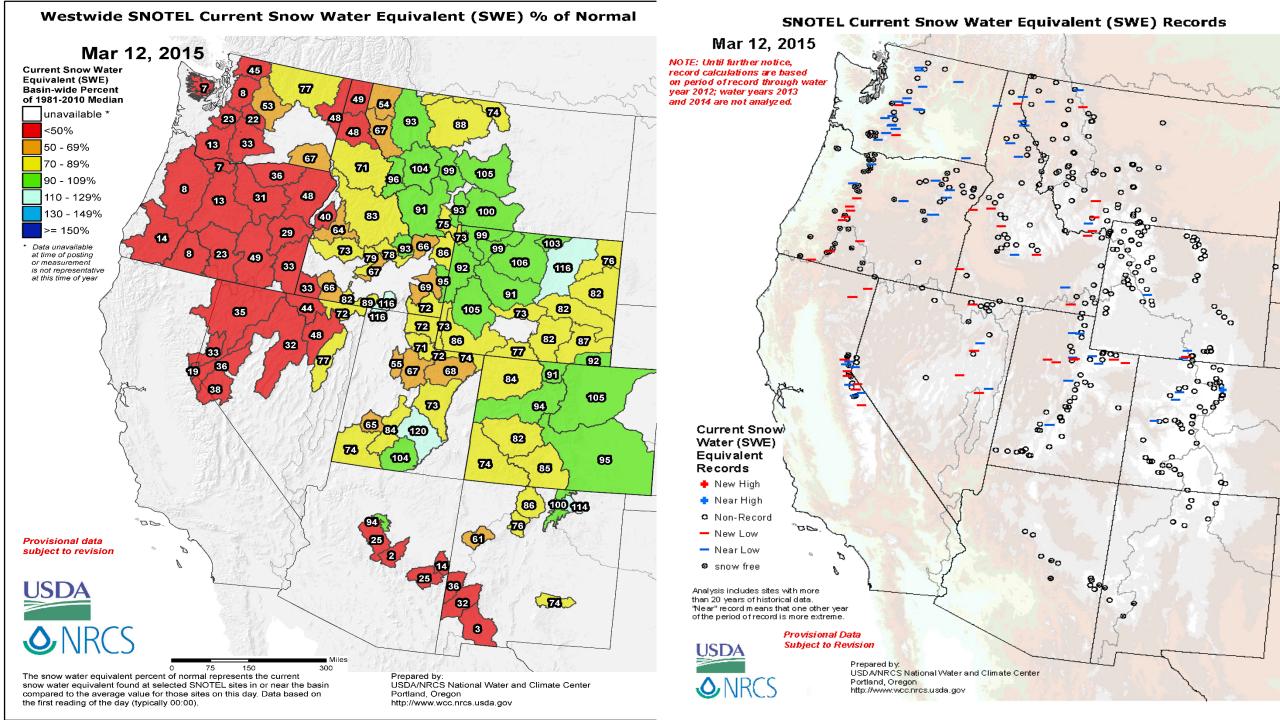
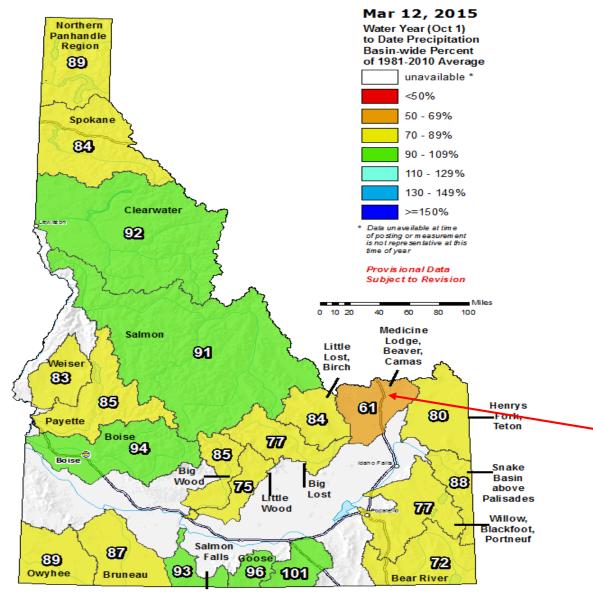


IDWR State Water Supply Meeting Mar 13, 2015 Photo taken by Ray Gadd March 11, 2015 looking east and south over Big Wood River valley illustrating lack of snow on south facing slopes. Ron Abramovich Water Supply Specialist USDA NRCS Snow Survey Boise, Idaho





Idaho SNOTEL Water Year (Oct 1) to Date Precipitation % of Normal





The water year to date precipitation percent of normal represents the accumulated precipitation found at selected SNOTELs ites in or near the basin compared to the average value for those sites on this day. Data based on the first reading of the day (typically 00:00).

Prepared by: USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center Portland, Oregon http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

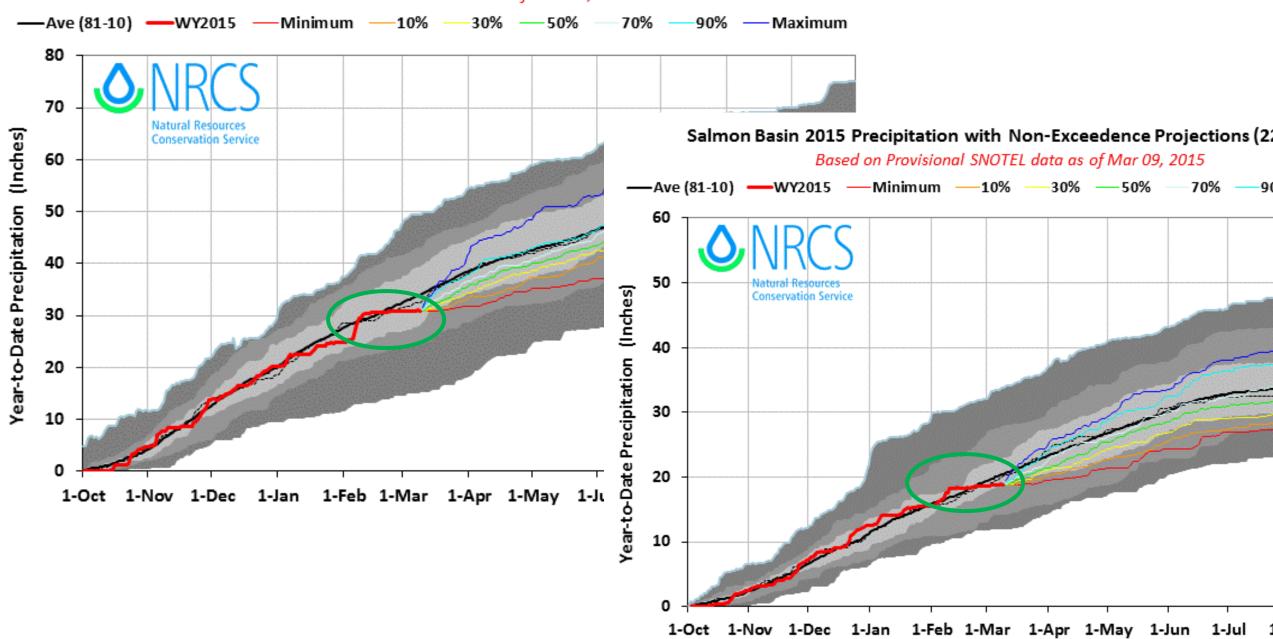
February Precipitation:

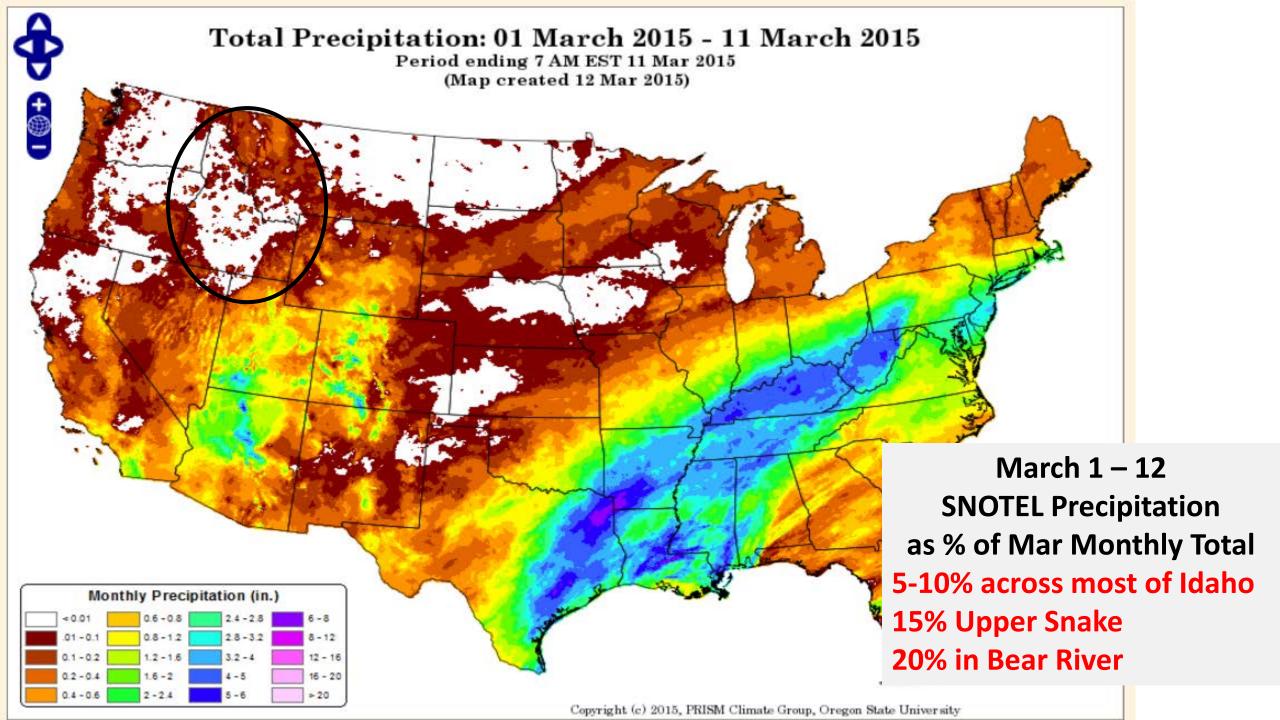
One Atmospheric River event brought 125% of average to the Panhandle, the 2 SNOTEL sites closest to the Canadian border received 200% of normal.

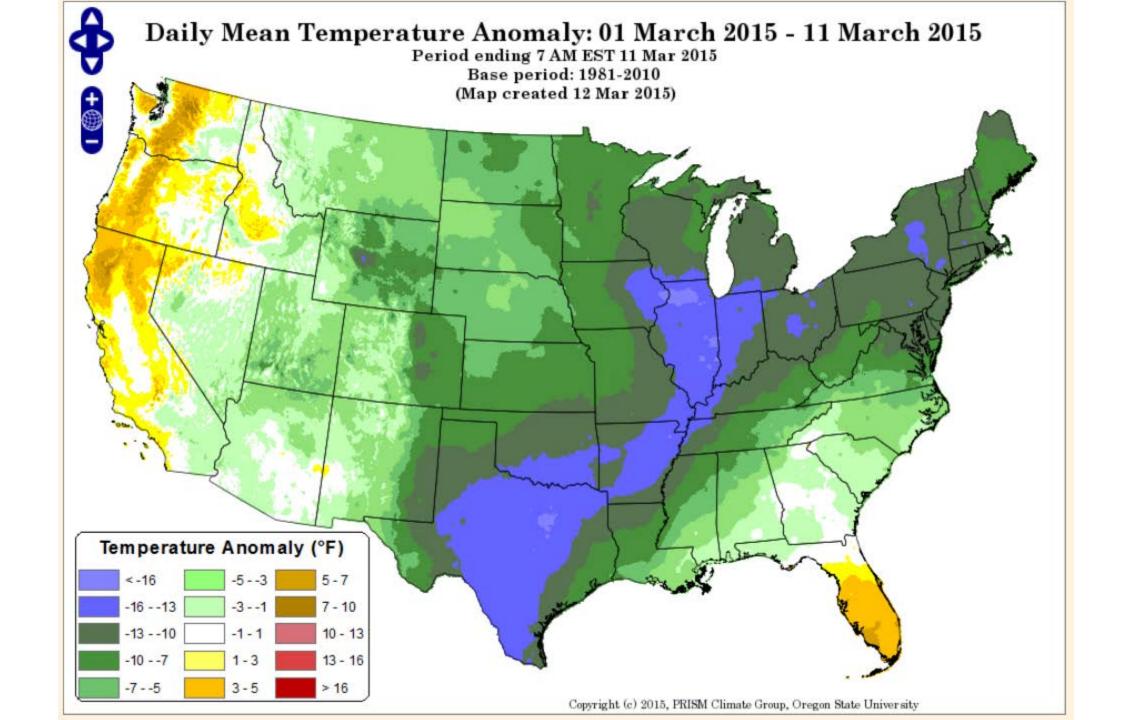
Rest of Idaho received 50-90% of average

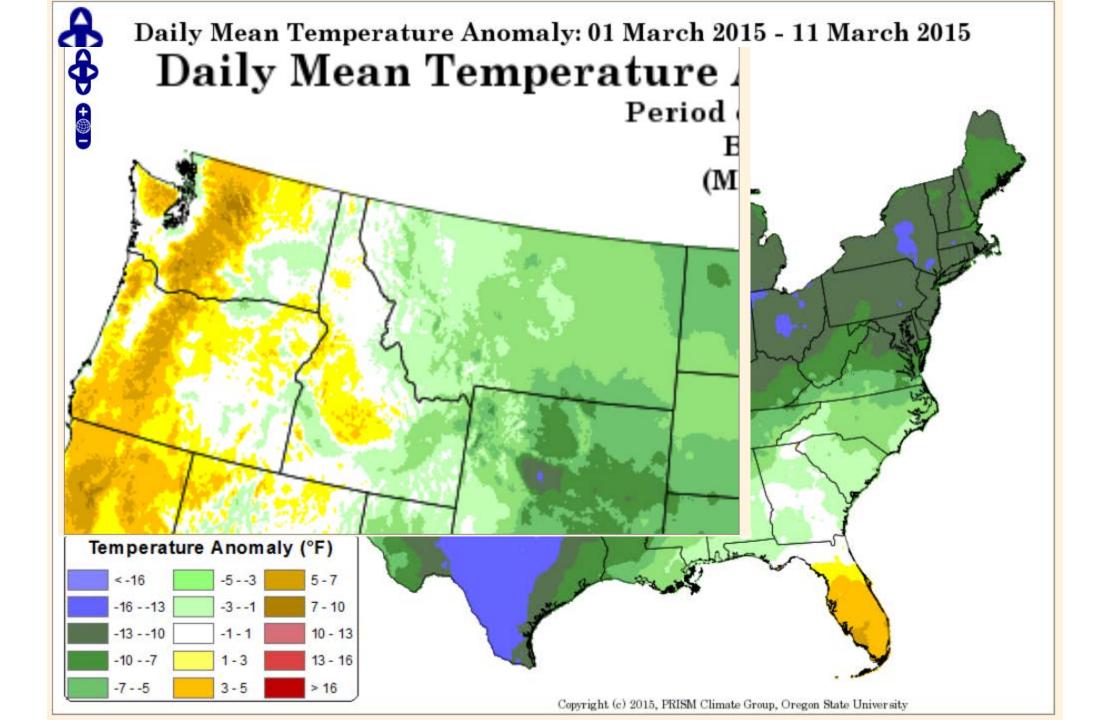
Water year to date precipitation lowest total in Mud Lake area (Medicine Lodge, Beaver, Camas basins) was 56% of average on March 1 now 53%

Northern Panhandle Region 2015 Precipitation with Non-Exceedence Projections (8 sites)

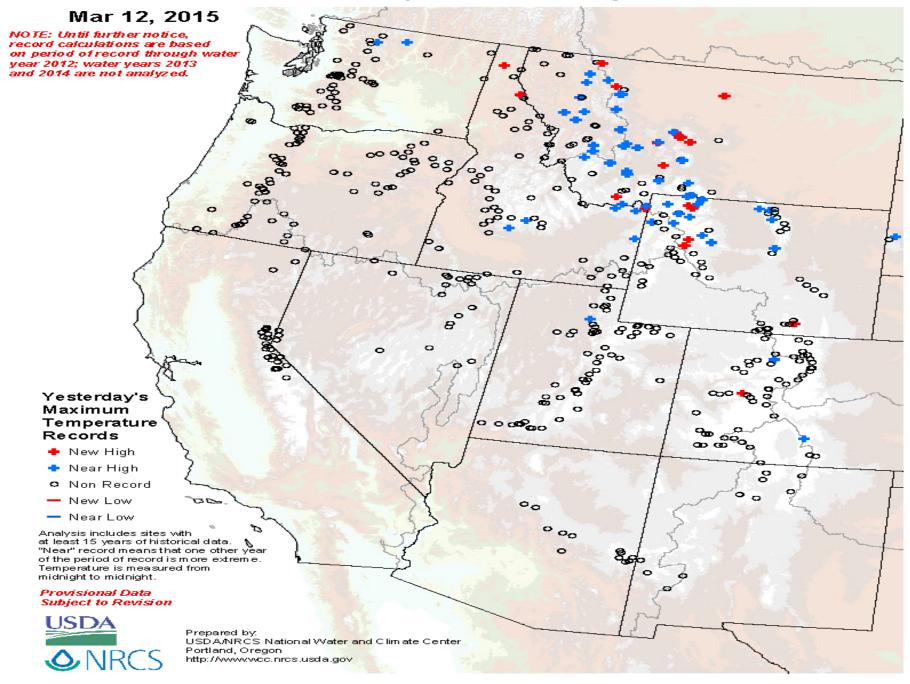




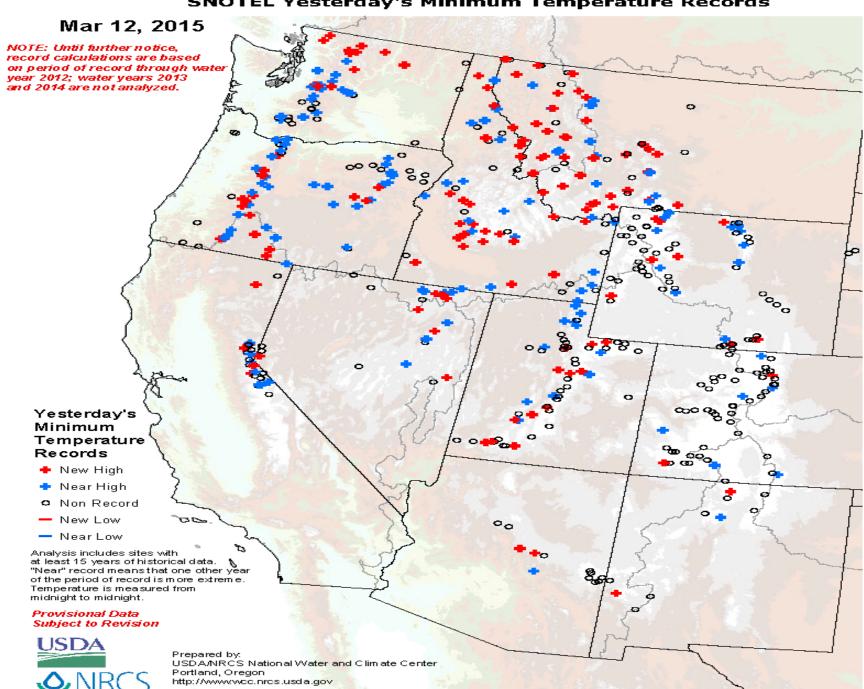


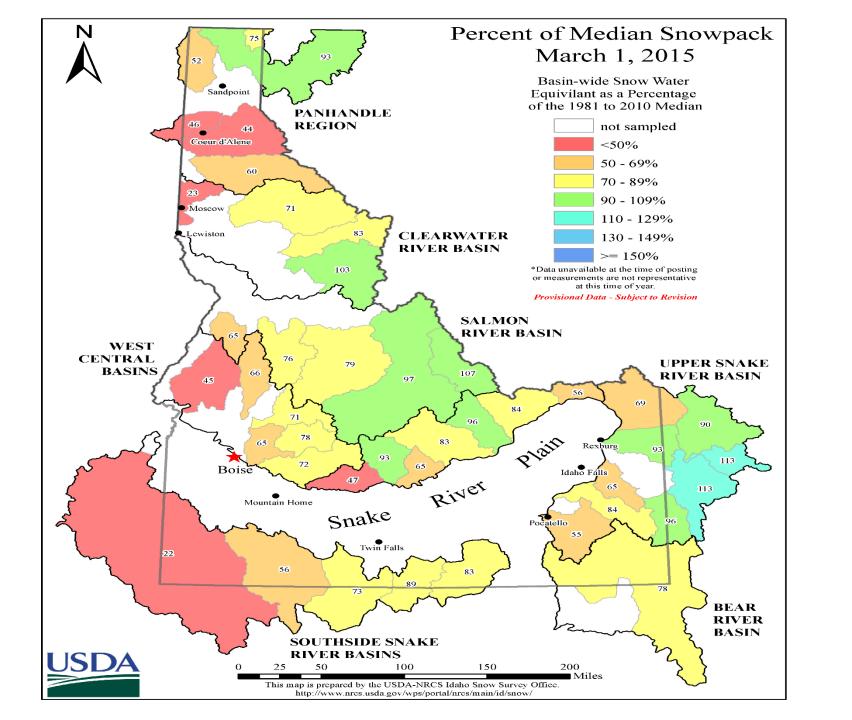


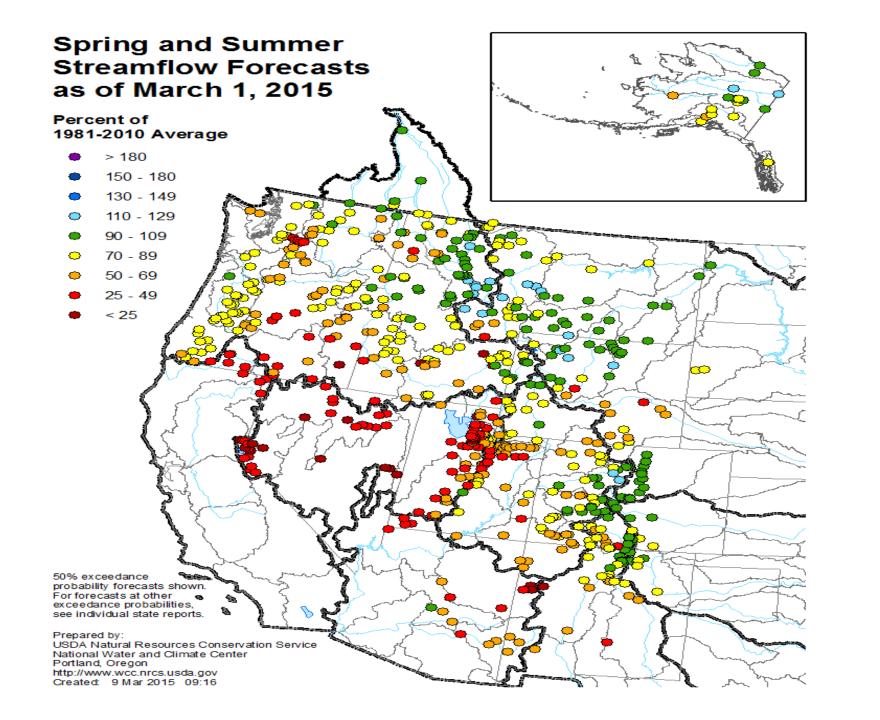
SNOTEL Yesterday's Maximum Temperature Records



SNOTEL Yesterday's Minimum Temperature Records





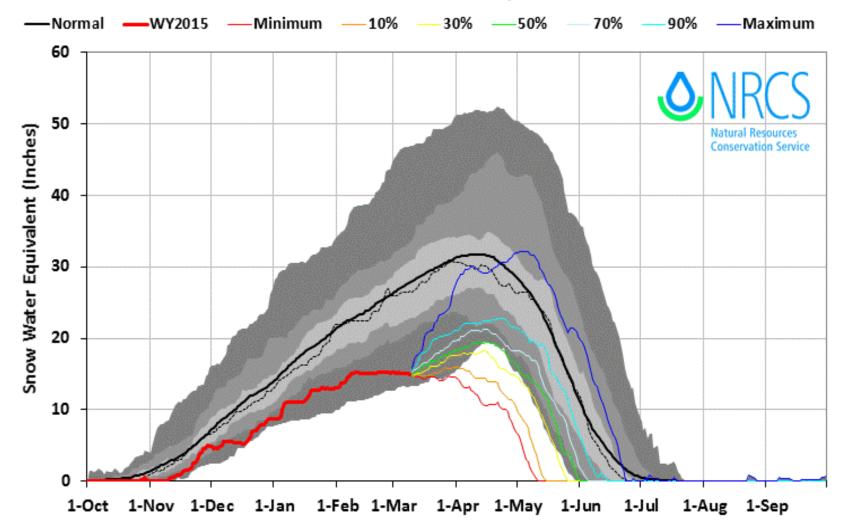


Idaho Surface Water Supply Index March 1, 2015

			Agricultural Water
		Most Recent Year	Supply Shortage May
	SWSI	With Similar SWSI	Occur When SWSI is
BASIN or REGION	Value	Value	Less Than
Northern Panhandle	Not Available		
Spokane	-3.3	2005	NA
Clearwater	1.0	2006	NA
Salmon	-0.3	2002	NA
Weiser	-1.9	2004	NA
Payette	-1.4	2014	NA
Boise	1.0	2009	-1.5
Big Wood	<mark>-0.2</mark>	<mark>2010</mark>	<mark>0.1</mark>
Little Wood	-0.6	2008	-1.3
Big Lost	<mark>-0.2</mark>	<mark>2008</mark>	<mark>0.6</mark>
<mark>Little Lost</mark>	<mark>-1.7</mark>	<mark>2014</mark>	<mark>1.3</mark>
Teton	-0.5	2005	-3.9
Henrys Fork	-0.1	2010	-3.4
Snake (Heise)	1.1	2014	-1.5
<mark>Oakley</mark>	<mark>-0.9</mark>	<mark>2013</mark>	<mark>0.4</mark>
<mark>Salmon Falls</mark>	<mark>-1.8</mark>	<mark>2004</mark>	<mark>-0.8</mark>
Bruneau	-0.7	2013	NA
<mark>Owyhee</mark>	<mark>-3.3</mark>	<mark>2003</mark>	<mark>-3.2</mark>
Bear River	-0.5	2014	-3.7

Northern Panhandle Region 2015 Snow Water with Non-Exceedence Projections (8 sites)

Based on Provisional SNOTEL data as of Mar 09, 2015

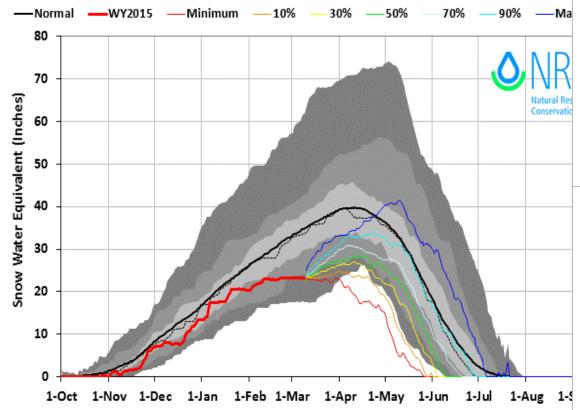


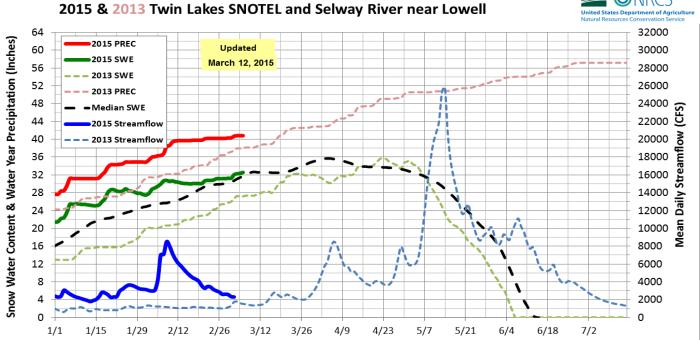
Boundary Creek

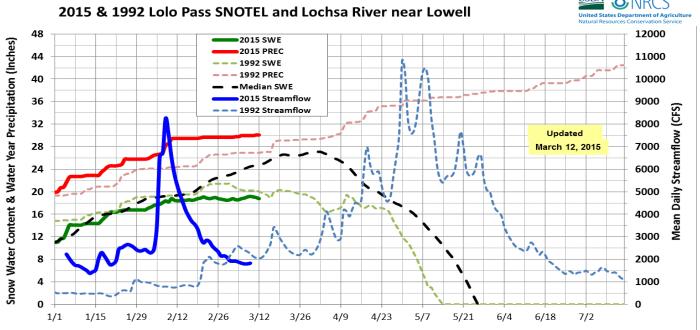
Year Runoff 1959 109% 2014 104%

2015 82% Forecast

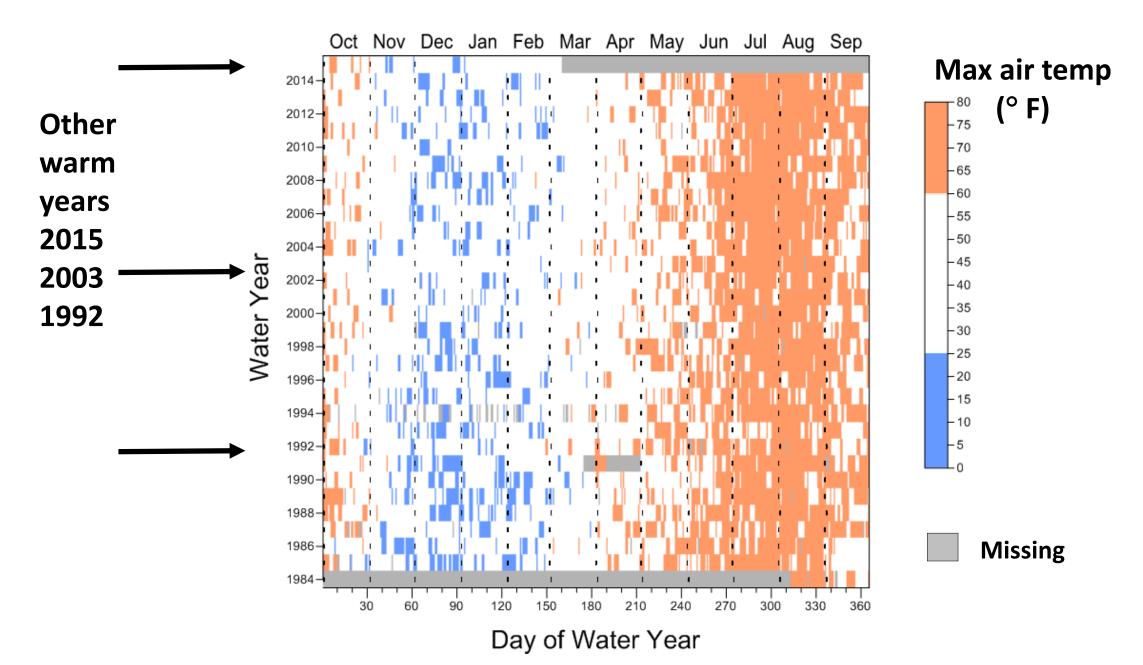
North Fork Clearwater Basin 2015 Snow Water with Non-Exceedence Projections (8 sites)



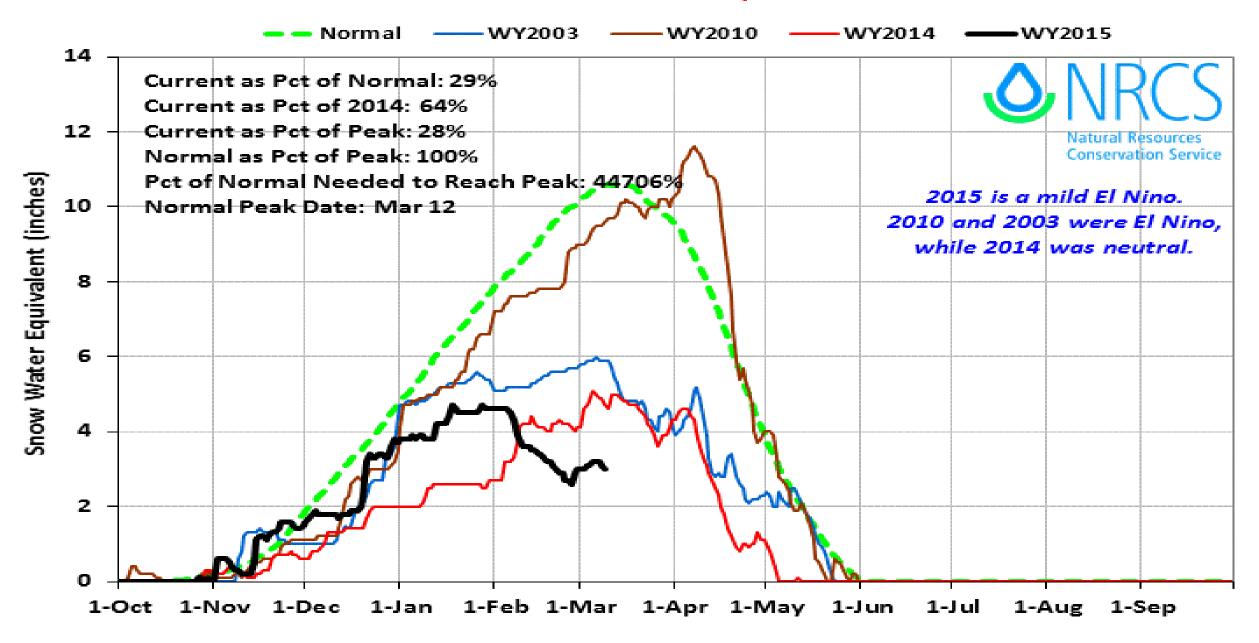




From NOAA NWS Crater Meadows, ID SNOTEL site

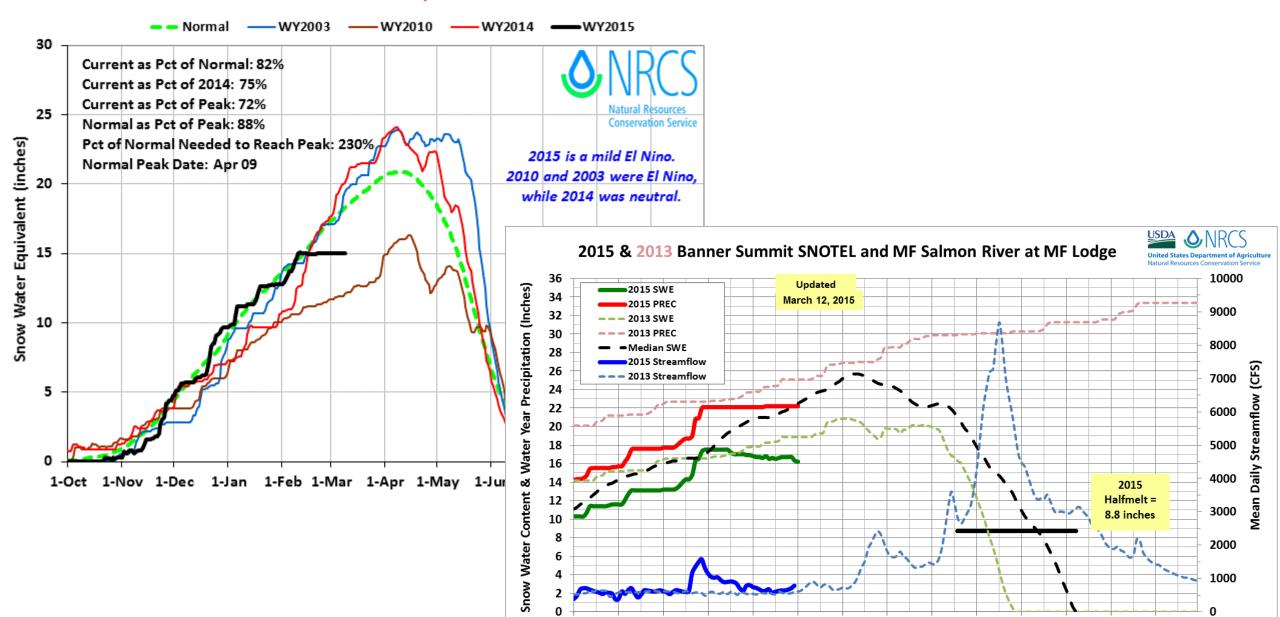


Owyhee Basin 2015 Snowpack Comparison Graph (7 sites)



Salmon Basin 2015 Snowpack Comparison Graph (22 sites)

Based on Provisional SNOTEL data as of Mar 09, 2015

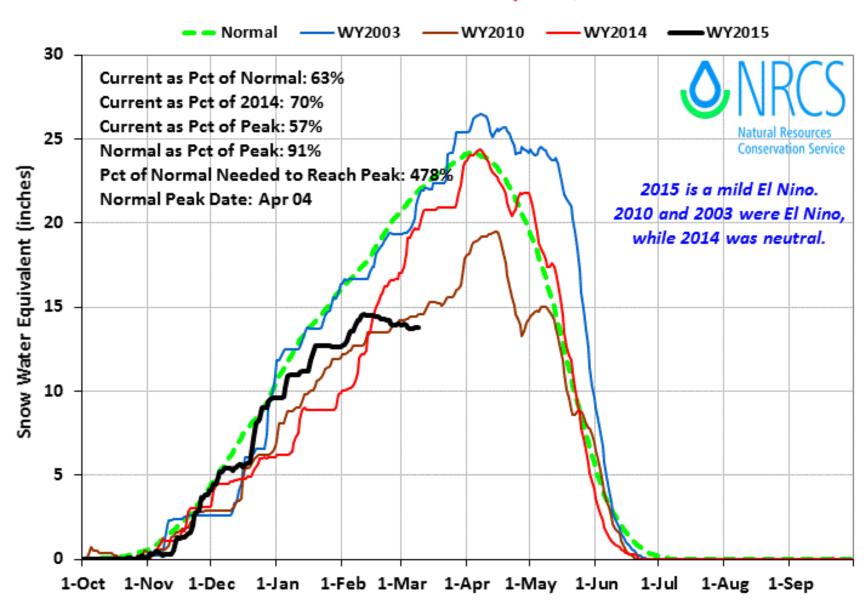


1/1 1/15 1/29 2/12 2/26 3/12 3/26 4/9 4/23 5/7 5/21 6/4 6/18 7/2

On average MF Salmon River experiences a snowmelt streamflow peak, or increase in flow, when Banner Summit SNOTEL is half-melted.

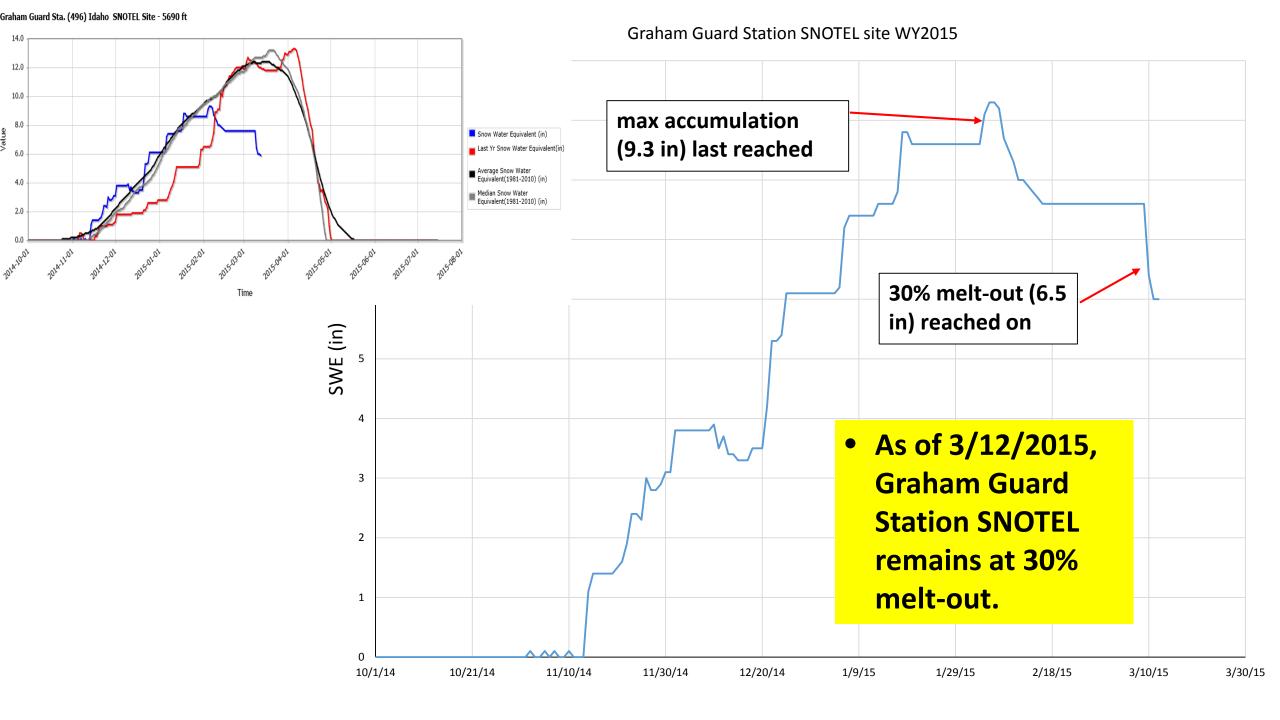
Payette Basin 2015 Snowpack Comparison Graph (11 sites)

Based on Provisional SNOTEL data as of Mar 09, 2015



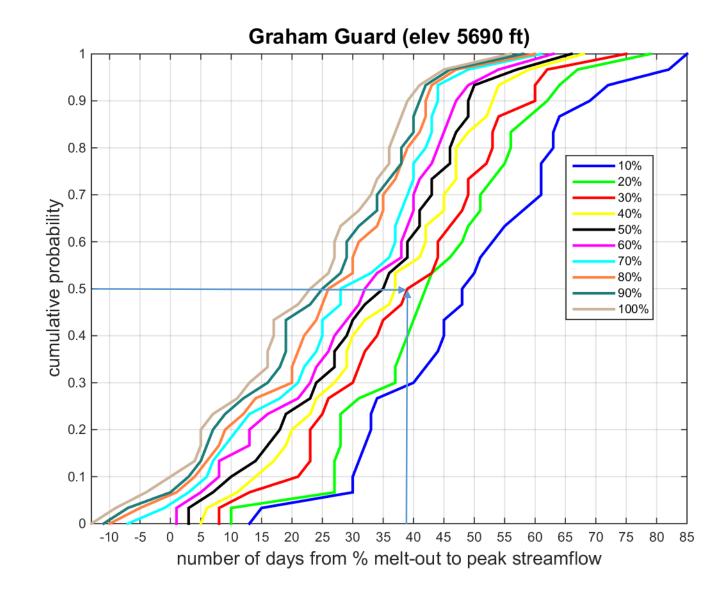
Following are Boise River Snow to Flow Analysis by BSU to help predict the peak snowmelt streamflow

Caution – it maybe challenging this year due to early melting that is occurring

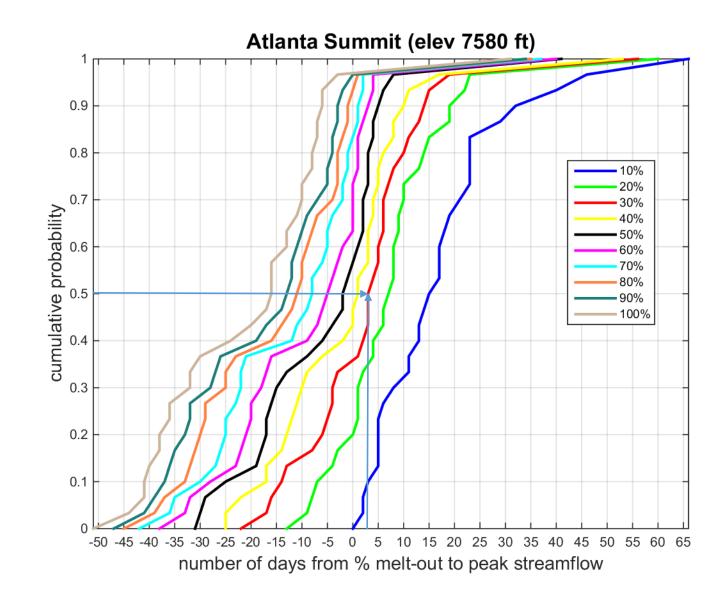


We are currently at 30%
melt-out (70% of SWE
remaining) at the Graham
Guard SNOTEL site. The 30%
melt-out probability curve is
indicated by the RED line.

- The x-axis shows the number of days from each melt-out percent to peak streamflow.
- On average (50% probability), peak streamflow will occur within the next 39 days.



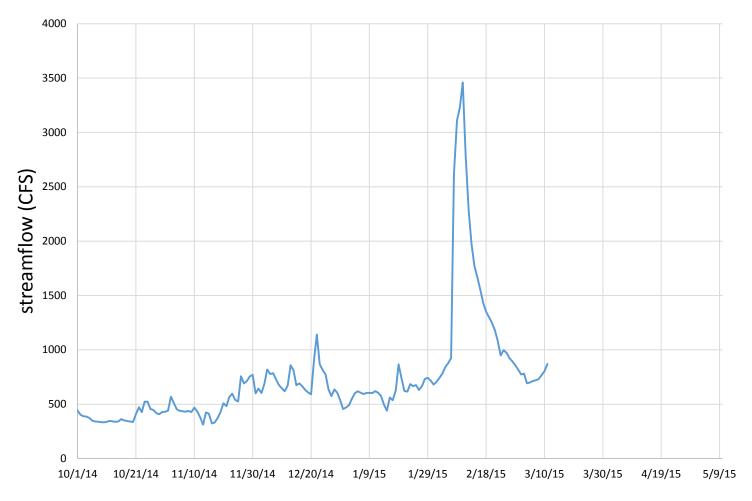
- We often use the highest elevation SNOTEL sites for predictive purposes since these sites still have snow remaining at the time of peak streamflow.
- As of 3/12, Atlanta Summit, the highest elevation SNOTEL site, is at 99% of max accumulation (~1% melt-out).
- The probability graph for Atlanta Summit shows that on average (50% probability), peak streamflow occurs:
 - 3 days after reaching 30% melt-out (or 1 day after 40% melt-out)

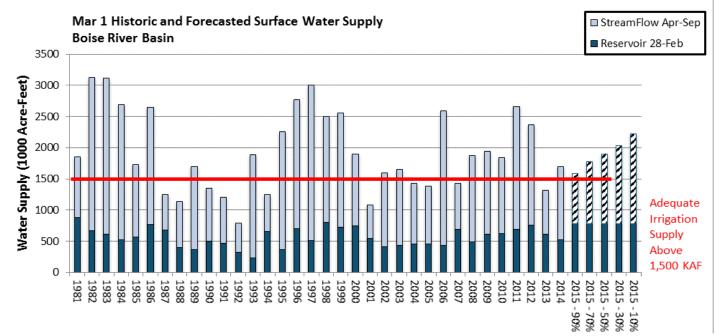


- We can use melt-out timing from the Graham Guard, the lower elevation SNOTEL site, to predict melt-out timing at Atlanta Summit.
- Graham Guard reached 30%
 melt-out on 3/10, we estimate
 Atlanta Summit will reach 30%
 melt-out on 4/15 (± 4 days).
- We can use this information in combination with the 30% meltout probability curve for Atlanta Summit to estimate that there is a 50% probability that peak streamflow for the Boise River nr Twin Springs ID, will occur on or before 4/18 (± 4 days).

Feb peak was rain on snow and not the snow melt peak

Boise River nr Twin Springs ID WY2015





Years

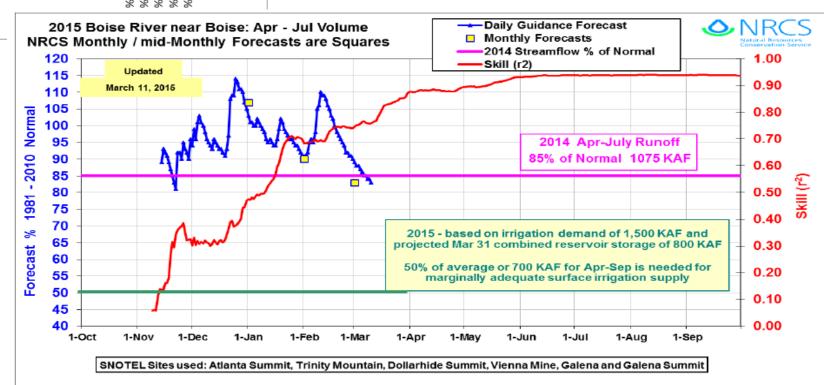
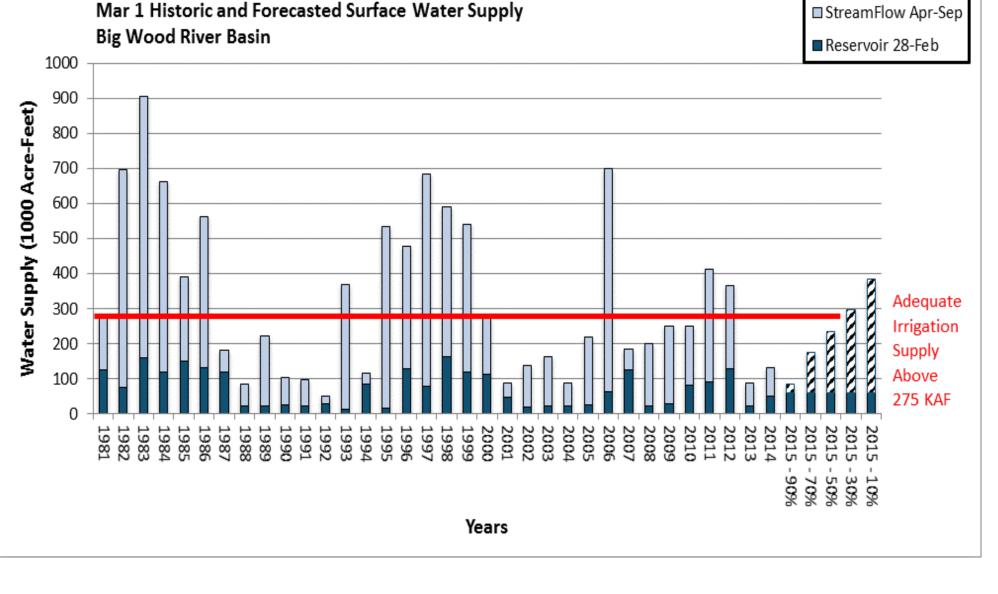


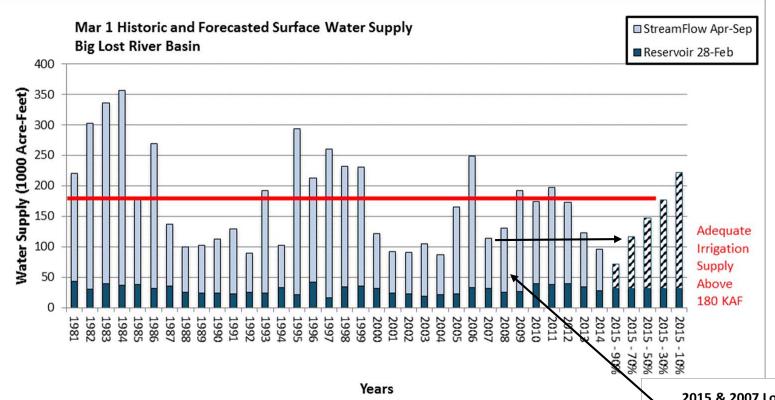


Photo taken by Ray Gadd March 11, 2015 looking east over **Ketchum in Big Wood River valley** illustrating lack of snow on south facing slopes.



Big Wood River at Hailey

Year Runoff
2007 44%
1959 57%
1977 30%
2014 59%
2015 77%
Forecast



Big Lost River below Mackay Reservoir Year Runoff 2007 55%

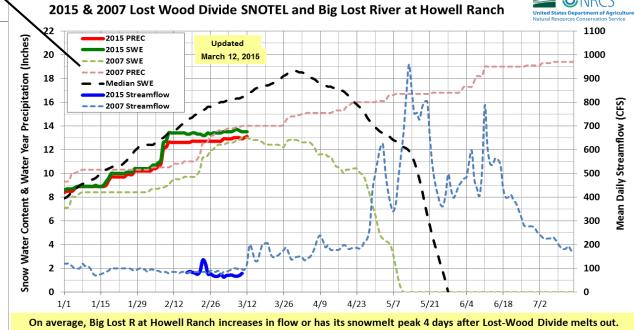
1959 59%

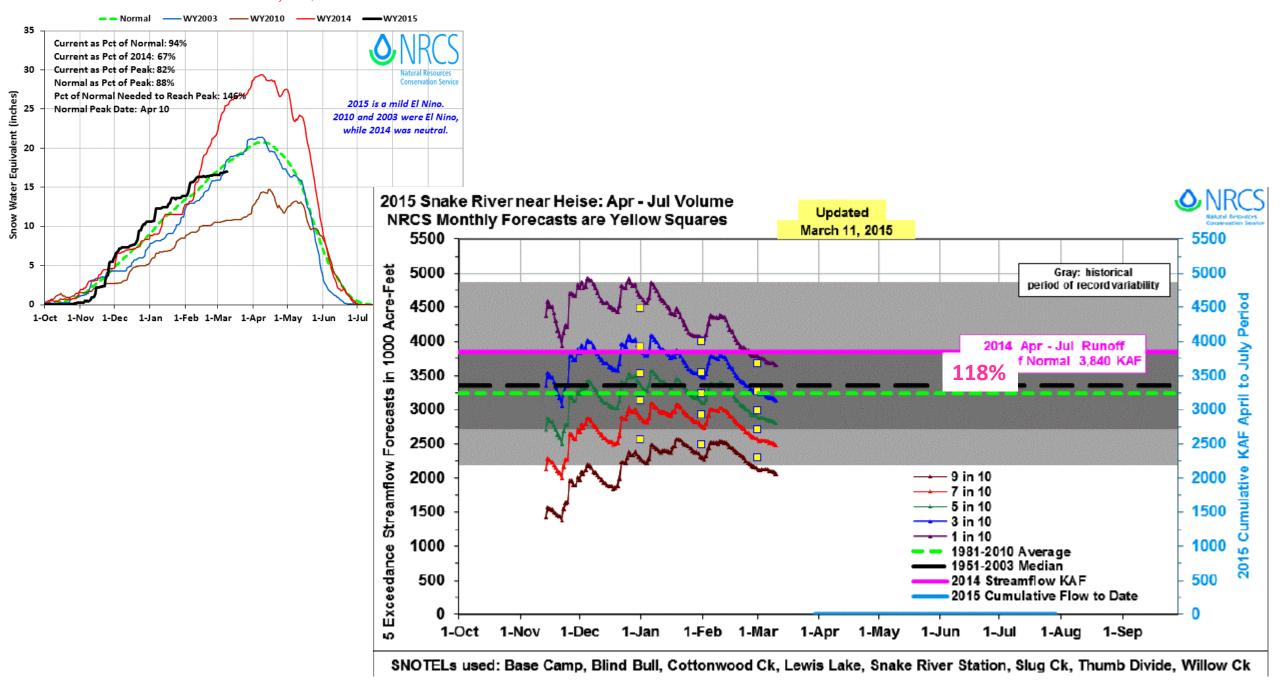
1977 51%

2014 40%

2015 69% Forecast

2015 Big Lost River below Mackay Resv: Apr-Jul Percent of Normal Daily Guidance Forecast NRCS NRCS Monthly Forecasts are Squares Monthly Forecasts 120 1.00 2014 Runoff in % Updated Skill (r2) 0.90 110 March 11, 2015 100 0.80 0.70 2015-- based on irrigation demand of 1981-2010 Normal 180 KAF and projected Mar 31 reservoir storage of 35 KAF 0.60 97% of the average Apr-Sep runoff is 0.50 needed for marginally adequate surface irrigation supply 60 0.40 0.30 ₽ Forecast % 0.20 2014 April- July Runoff 40% of Normal 49 KAF 30 0.10 0.00 1-Oct 1-Nov 1-Dec 1-Jan 1-Feb 1-Mar 1-Apr 1-May 1-Jun 1-Jul 1-Aug 1-Sep SNOTEL Sites used: Bear Canyon, Garfield RS, Swede Peak, Hyndman, Lost-Wood Divide and

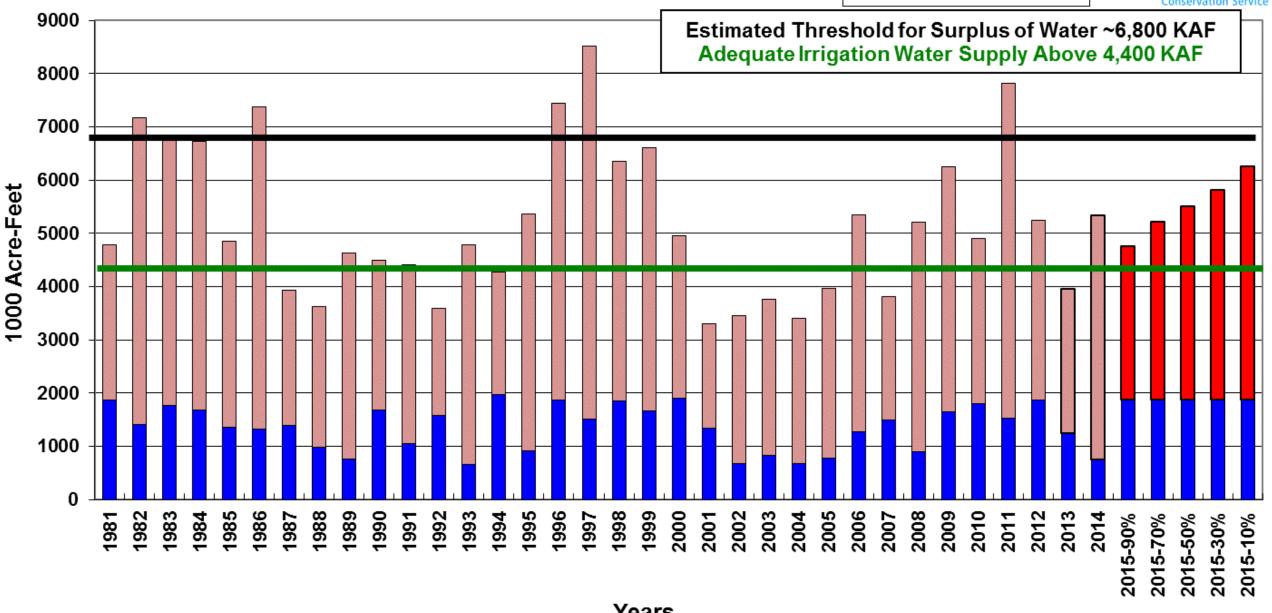




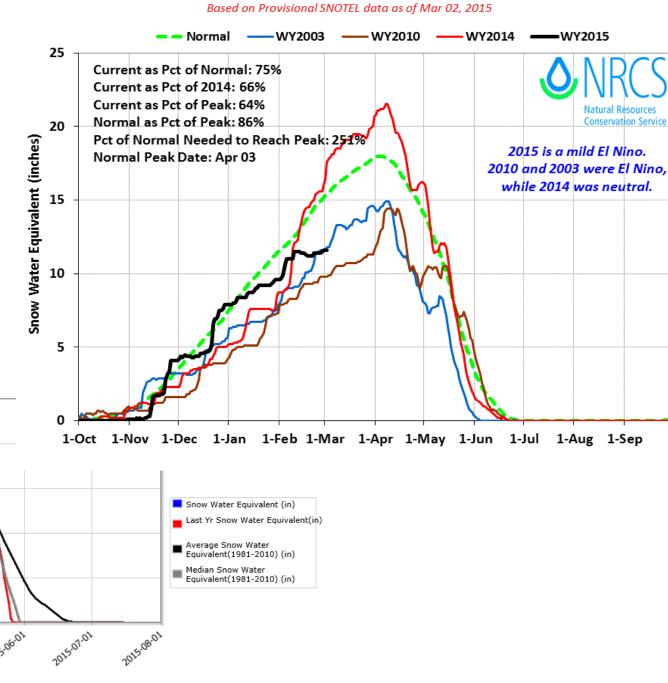
March 1 Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) Snake River near Heise & Jackson and Palisades Reservoirs

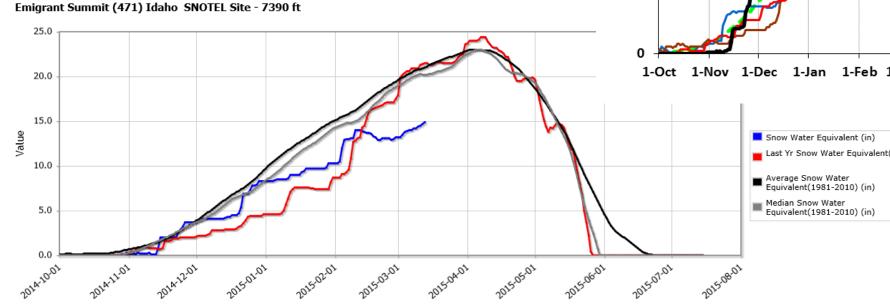
- Streamflow Apr-Sep
- Reservoir 28-Feb





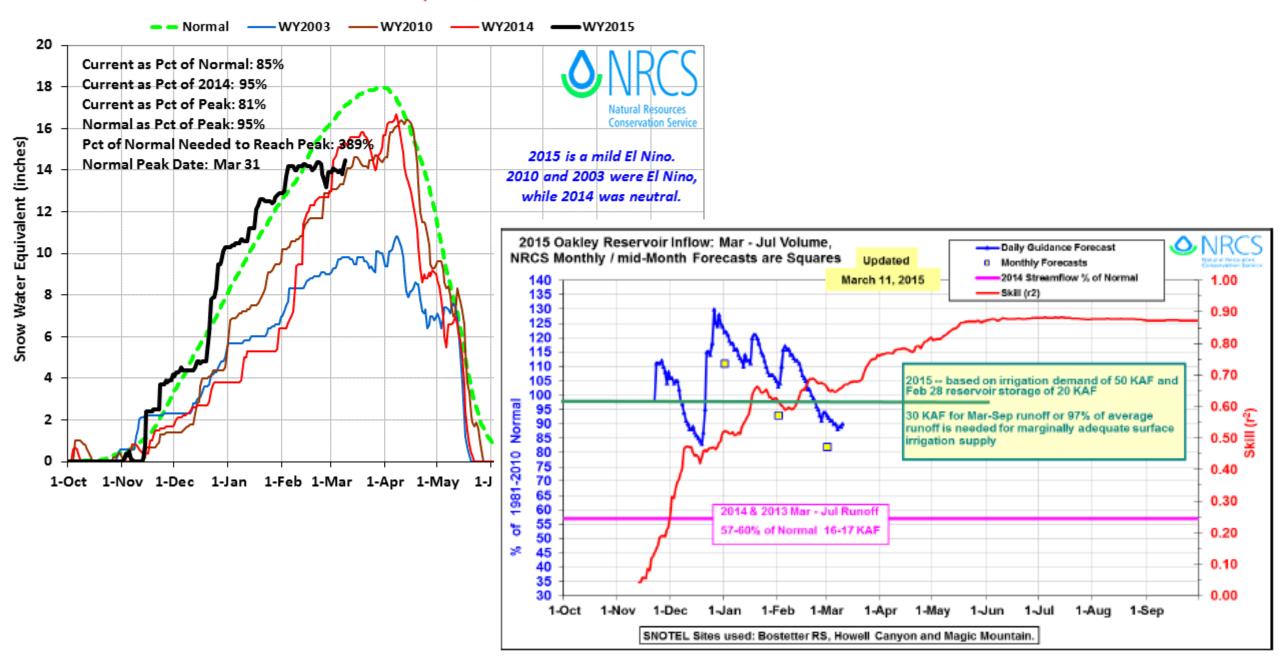
Bear Basin 2015 Snowpack Comparison Graph (15 sites)

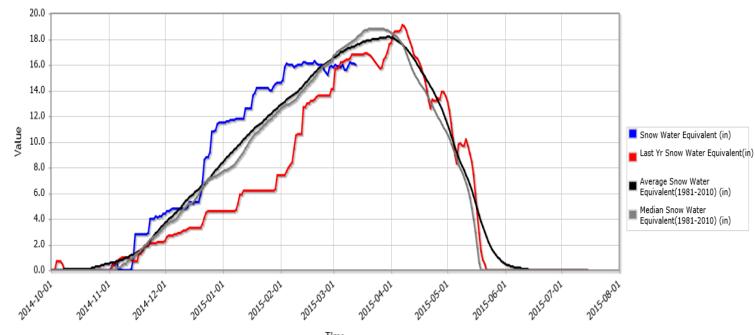


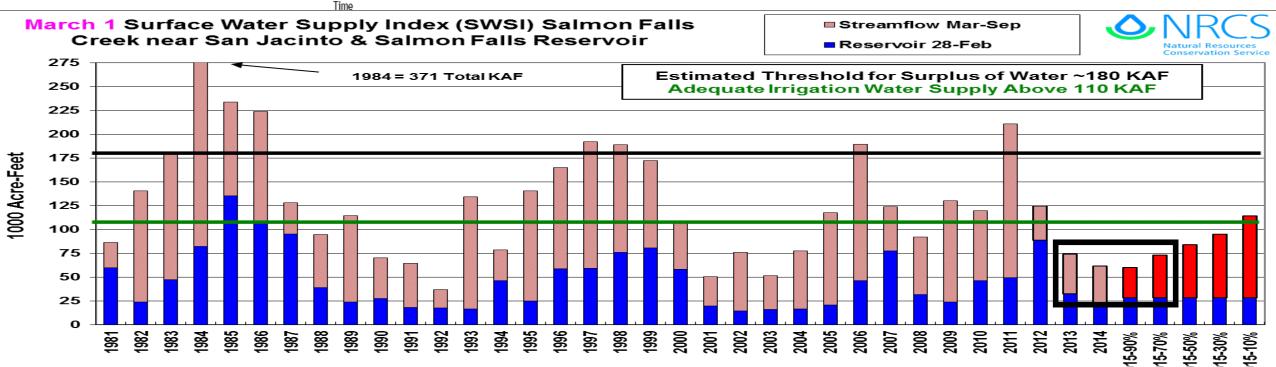


Time

Goose Creek Basin 2015 Snowpack Comparison Graph (2 sites)









Salmon Falls Creek

Year Runoff
2007 ~54%
1959 39%
1977 39%
2014 46%

Forecast



Questions – Comments

Photo taken by Ray Gadd March 11, 2015 looking east over Big **Wood River** valley illustrating lack of snow on south facing slopes.