To: All Water Users in District 67A & Little Weiser Irrigation District

From: 67A Advisory Committee, Little Weiser Irrigation District Board, & Watermaster

Date: December 13, 2021

Re: Preparing for 2022 Irrigation Season

You know 2021 was a hot, dry year. Statewide, it was the driest spring since 1924. Just how abnormal was weather in the Little Weiser basin? David Hoekema, hydrologist with Idaho Department of Water Resources, shared these local statistics from WestWide Drought Tracker:*

Washington County:

- Summer Temperature: Hottest (tied with 2015), 62.86°F or 2.88°F above average.
- June & July Temperatures: Hottest, 73.73°F or 7.97°F above average.
- Water-Year Precipitation: 15th driest 18.88 inches or 76.25% of average.
- Spring Precipitation: 2nd driest at 3.44 inches or 40.83% of average.

Adams County:

- Summer Temperature: 3rd hottest, 58.03°F or 2.86°F above average.
- June & July Temperatures: Hottest, 68.49°F or 7.81°F above average.
- Water-Year Precipitation: 13th driest 25.24 inches or 75.25% of average.
- Spring Precipitation: 2nd driest at 4.83 inches or 41.08% of average.

By mid-summer, the drought conditions necessitated reducing delivery from Ben Ross Reservoir, and there was only enough natural flow in the Little Weiser to serve users with priority dates of 1882 and older.

Grinding through that low-water year reminds us how essential it is to be as efficient as possible with water use and delivery. That requires maintaining your irrigation infrastructure in optimal condition, including properly functioning weirs and headgates and clean ditches.

In 1979, Idaho Department of Water Resources issued an order requiring lockable headgates and measuring devices for all diversions from the Little Weiser River and its tributaries. Designs for these devices must be approved by IDWR. The bylaws of the Little Weiser Irrigation District also require that such controlling works be in place.

Since these requirements were reiterated in 2000, water users in 67A and LWID have made good strides in bringing controlling works up to standard. However, repairs and improvements need to be made before water delivery begins for the 2022 irrigation season.

^{*}Temperature refers to the daily average temperature, including both daytime and nighttime temperatures to get the average over the 24-hour day. Summer temperature refers to the temperatures from April to September. Spring precipitation includes precipitation in March, April, May, and June.

The following is a list of deficiencies observed by the watermaster over the summer of 2021:

Location	Issue to Be Corrected
May/Coates/Butler Diversion	No measuring device or lockable headgate
Richardson Ditch	Headgate bent; doesn't close properly
	No measuring device; PlvoTrac sensor needs to be
Ben Ross Reservoir Outlet	rated & calibrated
Diversions directly fr. Upper & Lower Canal	No measuring devices or lockable headgates
	Undersized weir; livestock tromp around structure,
Westside Ditch	water flows around weir
Grays Creek Ditch	Submerged weir; inaccurate measurement
Moritz Ditch	HG mucked in, doesn't close properly
North Westside Ditch (Yantis property south of	Water flows around weir; undersized culvert in return
Mundy Gulch Rd)	ditch
South Ogle Ditch	No measuring device; livestock trompling
North Ogle Ditch	Undersized HG; water flows over structure
	HG bent; doesn't close properly; submerged weir,
Allison Ditch	inaccurate measurement; livestock trompling
All pumps in the Little Weiser	Must have flow meters
All HG and weirs	Maintain clear access for watermaster

You may be aware of other issues on your ditches that need to be addressed. These problems must be corrected before water is diverted for the upcoming irrigation season.

Not only is it the water users' responsibility to maintain irrigation infrastructure, but it's in your best interest. Properly functioning weirs and headgates and clean, unobstructed ditches improve the system's capacity to deliver water. Properly functioning weirs are necessary for the watermaster to measure and regulate the flow to ensure delivery of the appropriate volume to all water users by right.

You can find the Minimum Acceptable Standards and Requirements for Measuring Devices on the IDWR website: https://idwr.idaho.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/watermeasurement/Measuring-Devices-Minimum-Acceptable-Standards.pdf.

For those who need assistance designing water works, IDWR provided a list of engineering firms you may want to contact:

Idaho Water Engineering 2918 N. El Rancho Place Boise, ID. 83704

Office: 208.378.1513

hal@idahowaterengineering.com

Mountain Waterworks PO Box 9906

Boise, ID 83707

phone: 208-780-3990

email office@mountainwtr.com

SPF Water Engineering 300 E. Mallard Dr. Suite 350 Boise, ID 83706 208-383-4140

If you have questions about how to bring your infrastructure up to par, please contact the watermaster or any member of the advisory committee or LWID board.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Wendy Green, Watermaster

208-741-0228

ivalley@ctcweb.net

Dale McKee, LWID Board Chair

208-739-7108

Ray Turnbull, Chair, Water District 67A

208-257-3558