Irrigated lands water budget

Stephen Hundt

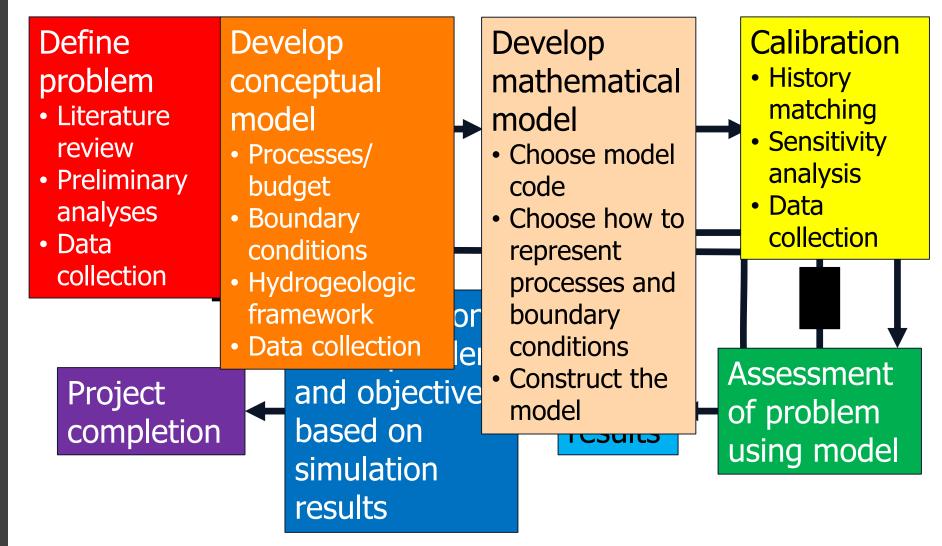


Context



Where we are

The modeling process



After Reilly (2001) TWRI 3,B8



Importance

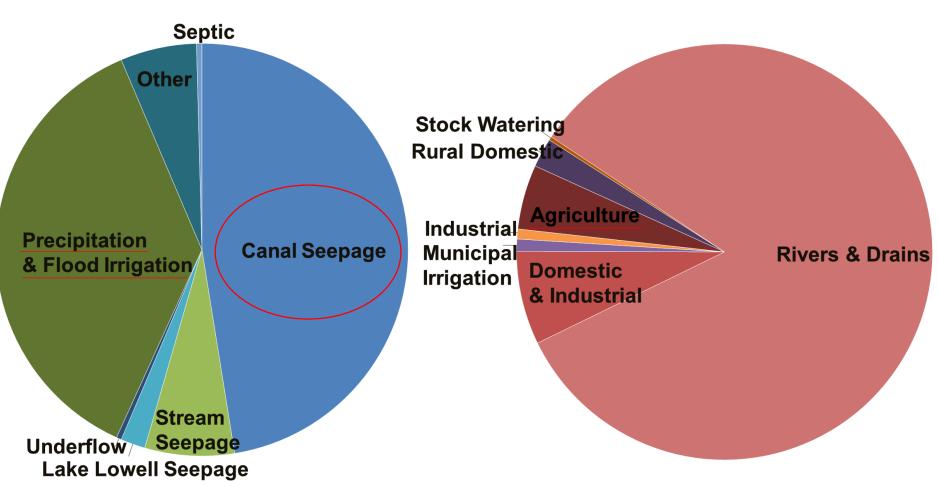
Recharge from precipitation and applied irrigation are significant portion of total inflows

Pumping is a large outflow





Outflows (Urban, 2004)



Importance

Recharge from precipitation and applied irrigation are significant portion of total inflows

Pumping is a large outflow



Groundwater budget, mean 1967-1997 conditions

	Inflows		Outflows	
		Percentage		Percentage
	Volume	of total	Volume	of total
Budget Component	(acre-ft/yr)	inflow	(acre-ft/yr)	outflow
Canal seepage	702,375	48%	-	
Total on-farm infiltration (irrigation and precipitation)	674,699	46%	-	
Tributary underflow (north of Payette River)	59,389	4.1%	-	
Direct precipitation (non-irrigated lands)	23,470	1.6%	-	
Direct precipitation (domestic, commercial, municipal,				
and industrial lands)	1,793	0.12%	_	
Groundwater discharge to drains			785,216	5 51%
Groundwater discharge to rivers			501,802	2 33%
Pumping (irrigation)			136,147	8.9%
Pumping (domestic, commercial, municipal, and				
industrial)			85,834	5.6%
Aquifer discharge to wetlands			21,339) 1.4%
Aquifer discharge to Lake Lowell			3,752	0.24%
_Totals	1,461,726	i	1,534,090)

Schmidt and others (2008) and Sukow (2012)

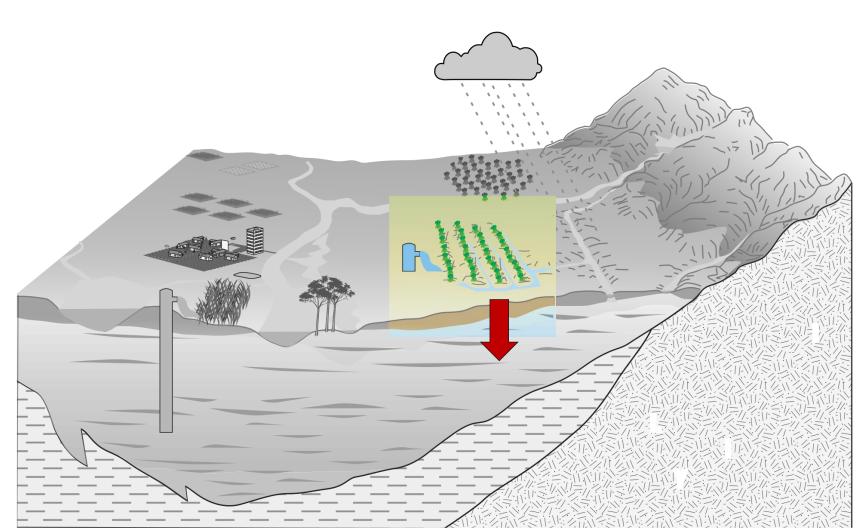
What we need



Groundwater fluxes due to irrigation

Deep percolation of applied irrigation water



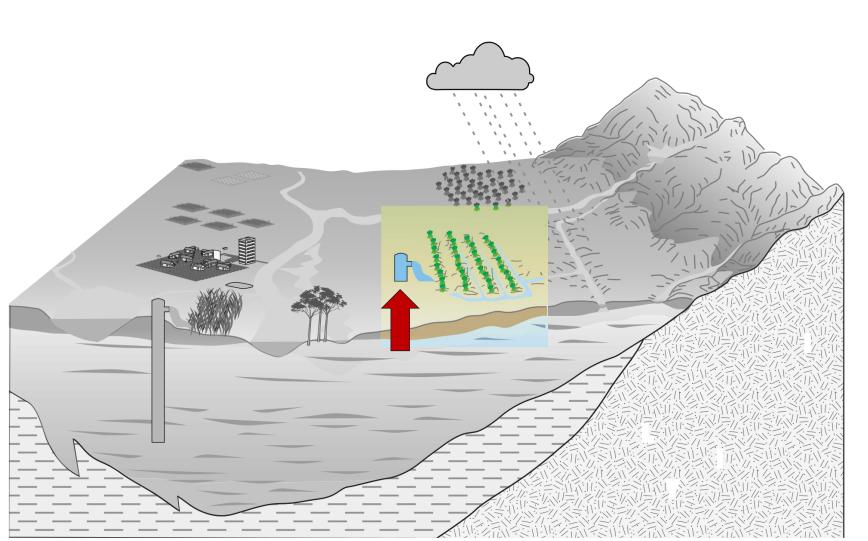


Groundwater fluxes due to irrigation

Groundwater pumping



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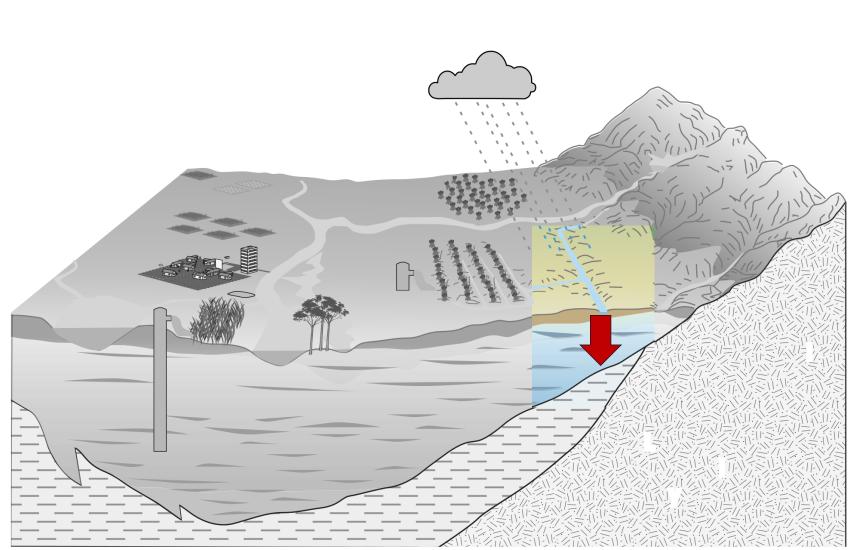


(modified from Faunt, 2009)

Related groundwater fluxes

Canal leakage





How we get there



Ideal: direct measurements of fluxes



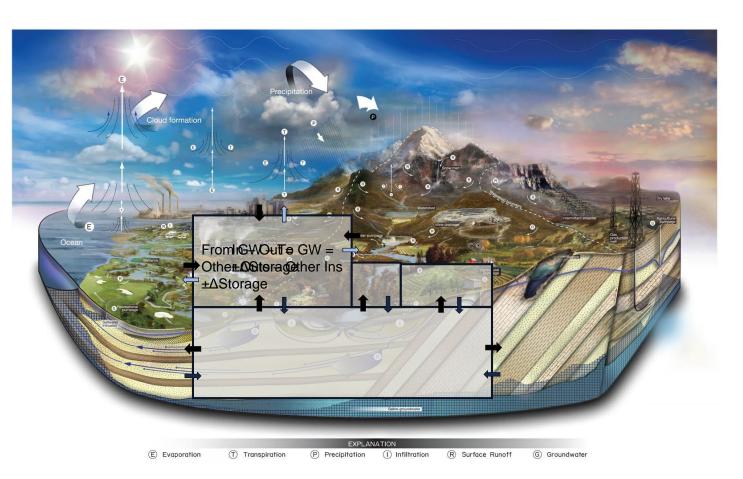


Water budget approach

Calculate component(s) of interest as remainder of a water balance formula





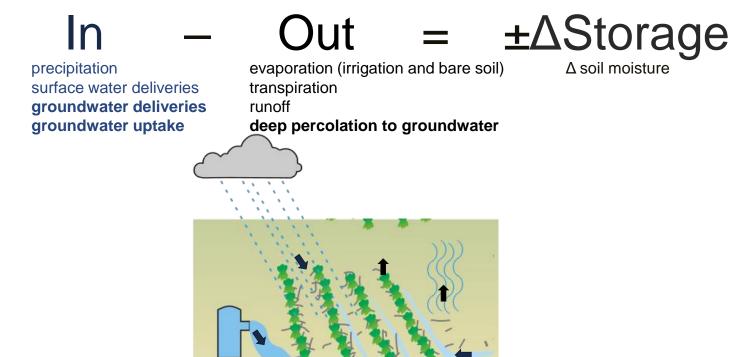


Water budget approach

Calculate component(s) of interest as remainder of a water balance formula



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Agricultural Soil (modified from Faunt, 2009)

Known and unknown quantities

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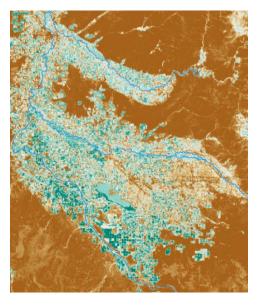
Unknown	~Known
Unmeasured well rates (most)	Municipal well rates (some)
Canal leakage volumes	Evapotranspiration
Deep percolation of irrigation water (incidental recharge)	Precipitation
	Surface water diversions & destinations
	Land use
	Well locations, classification, and screen depths (many)
Throughflow of canal water (tail water)	
Soil moisture storage characteristics	

Spatial scale



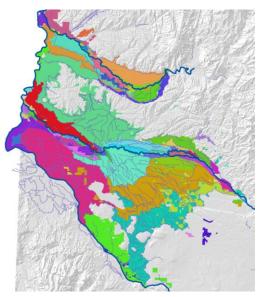
Distributed, district, or point

Distributed

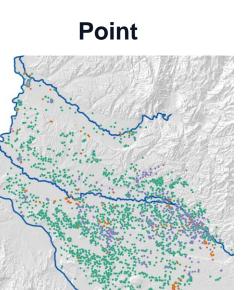


evapotranspiration precipitation





surface water deliveries

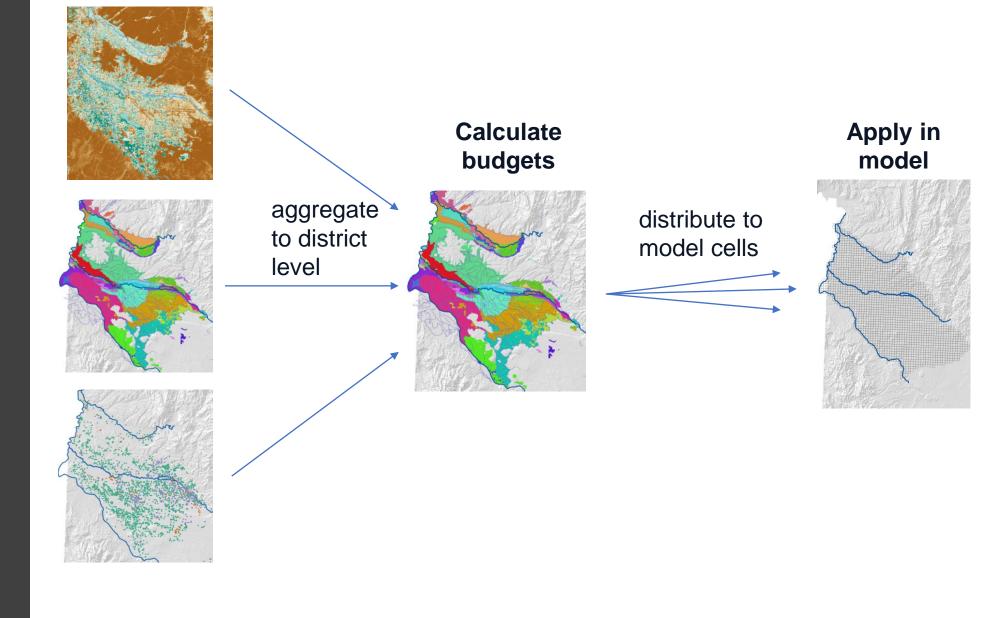


well locations well rates



Calculations

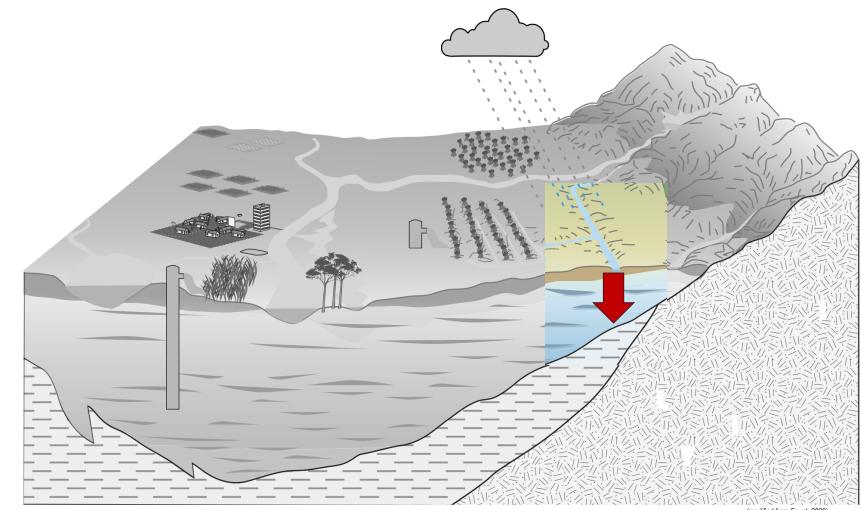
Input Data



Estimating component volumes



Surface water system budget





modified from Faunt, 2009)

Surface water system budget

In – Out = + Storage

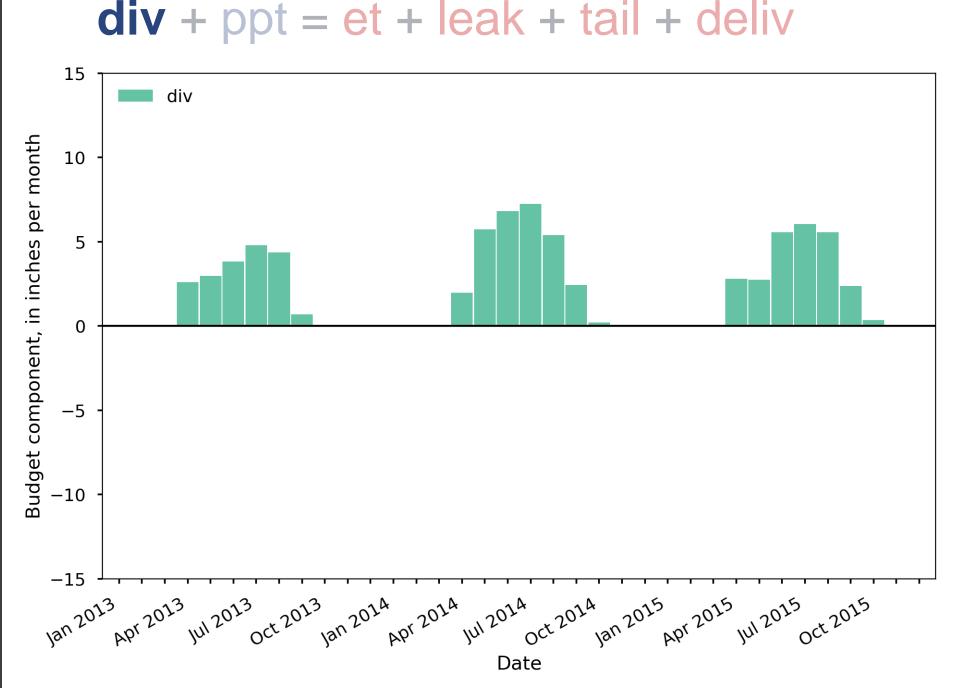
ln = Out

- Diversions (div)
- Precipitation (ppt)
- Evapotranspiration (et)
- Leakage (leak)
- Through flow (tail) + Ag runoff
- Net Deliveries (deliv)

div + ppt = et + leak + tail + deliv



Diversions



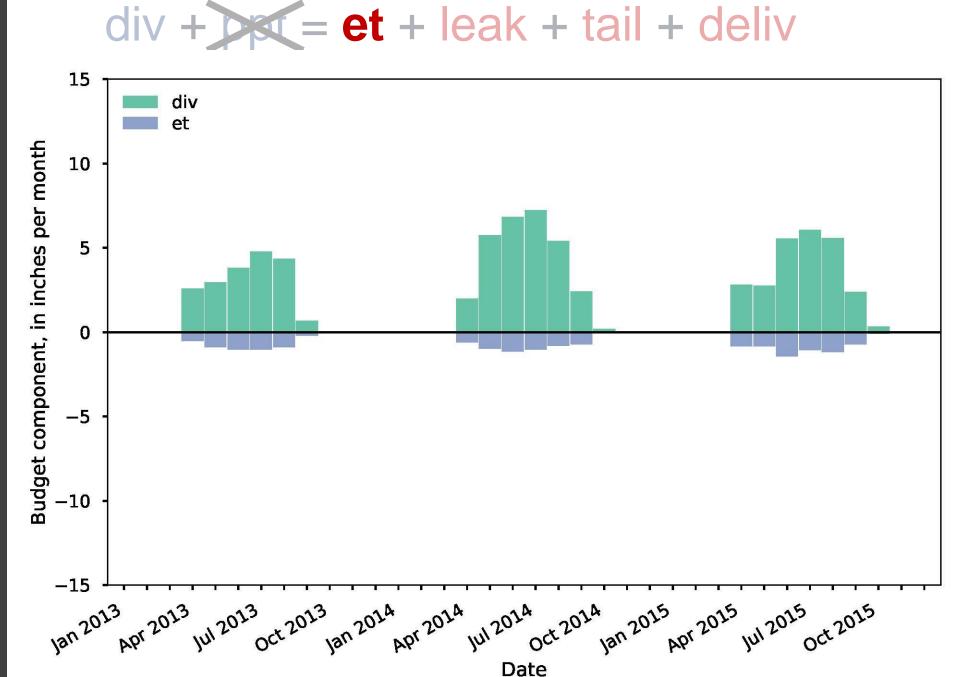
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Precipitation





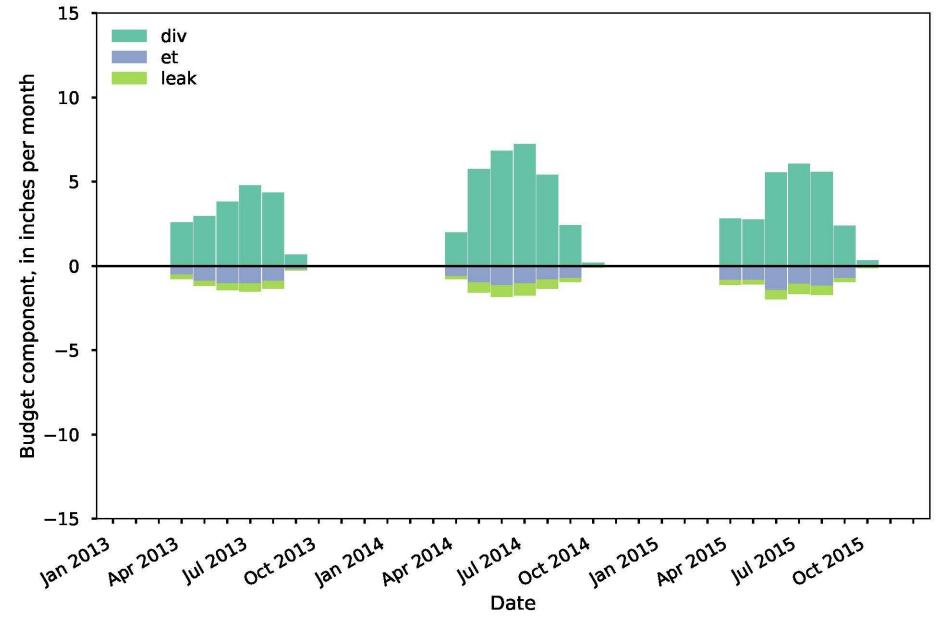
Evapotranspiration



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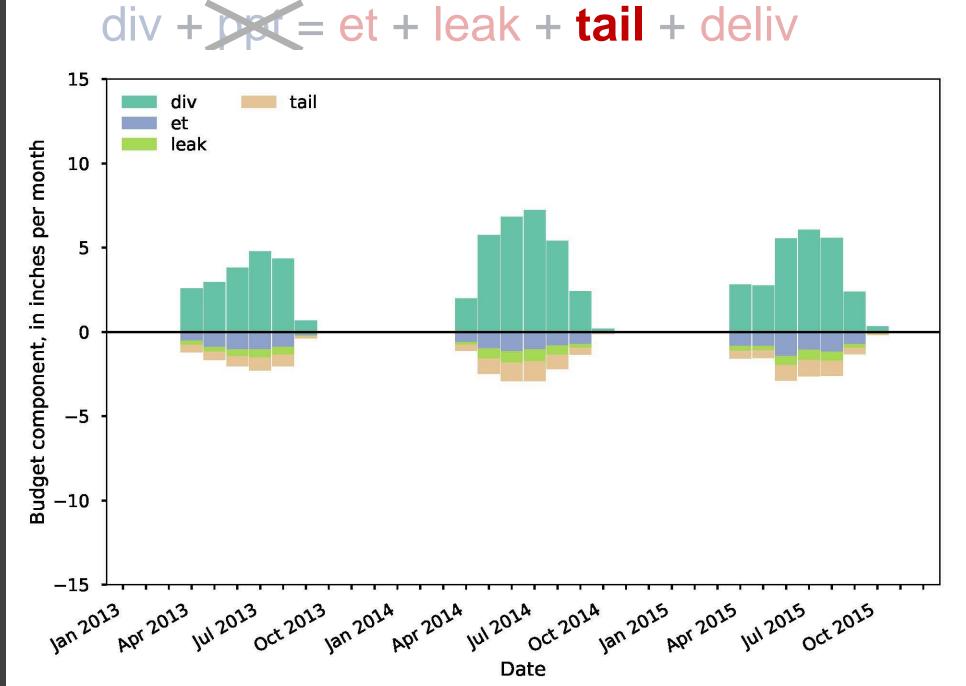
Canal leakage







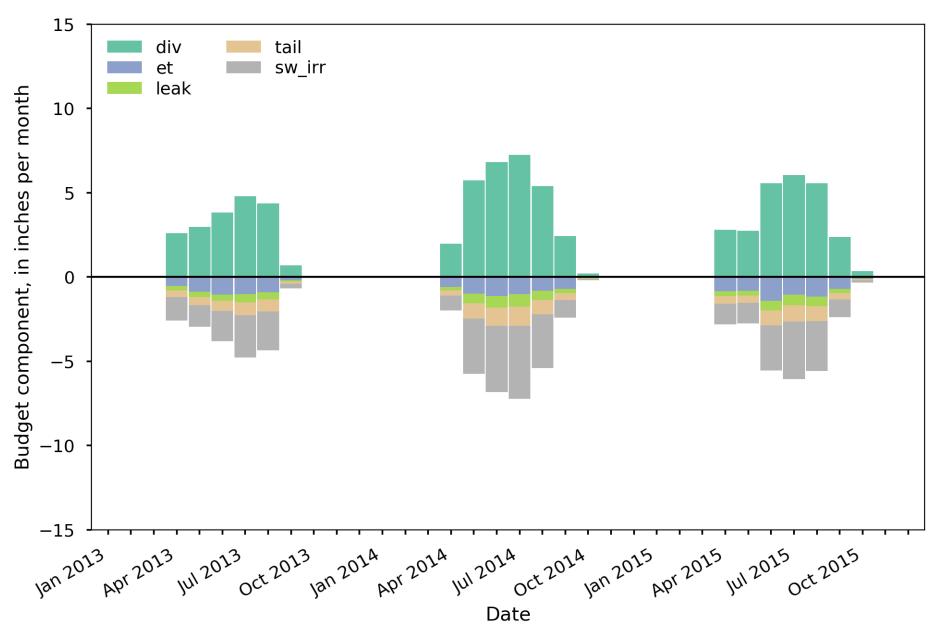
Through flow / tail water



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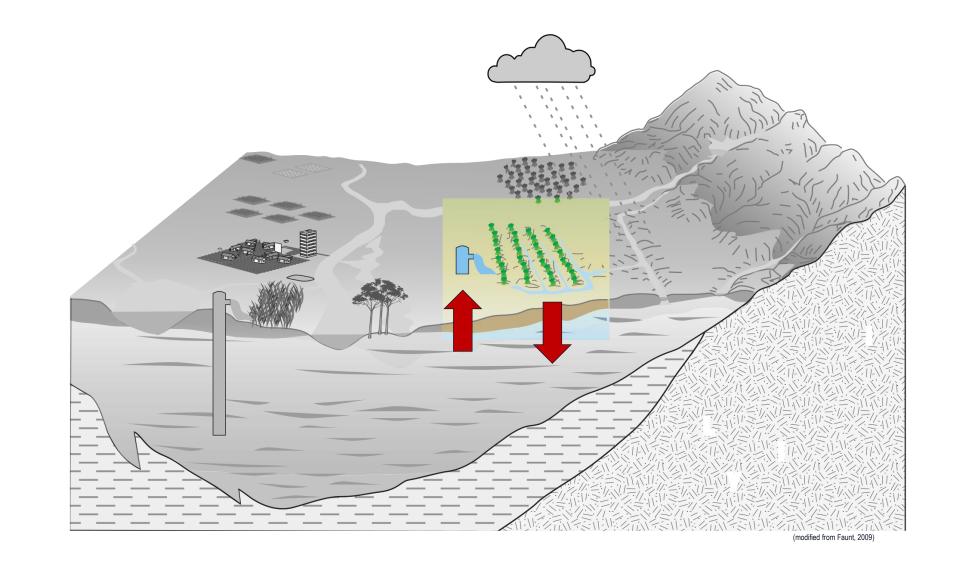
Deliveries







Soil water budget





Soil water budget

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$ln - Out = \pm \Delta Storage$

ln = Out

- Surface water irrigation (deliv)
- Precipitation (ppt)
- From soil moisture (soil)
- Groundwater irrigation (gw)

- Evapotranspiration (et)
- To soil moisture (soil)
- Infiltration (infil)

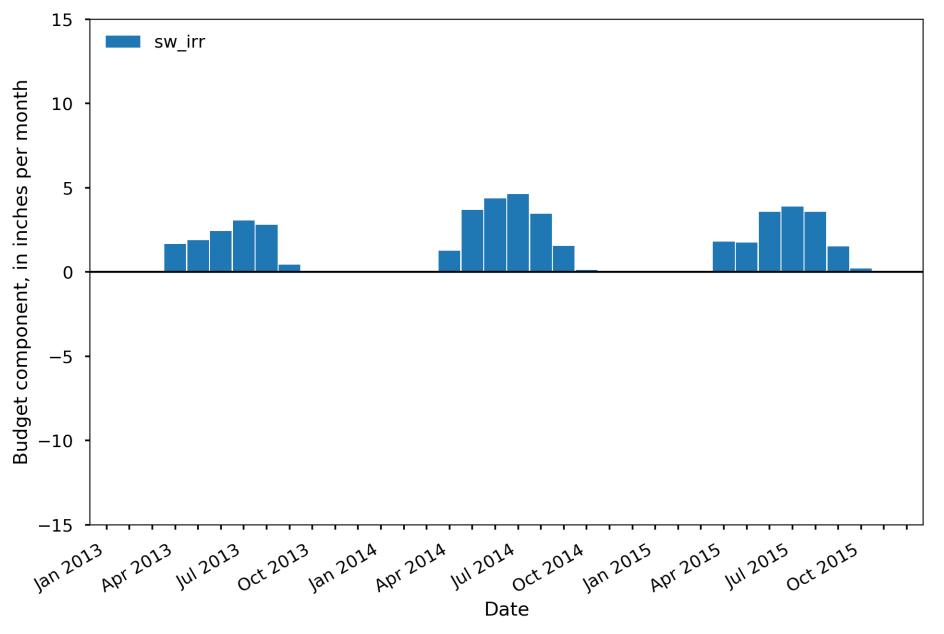
deliv + ppt + gw + soil = et + soil + infil

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Surface water irrigation (deliveries)

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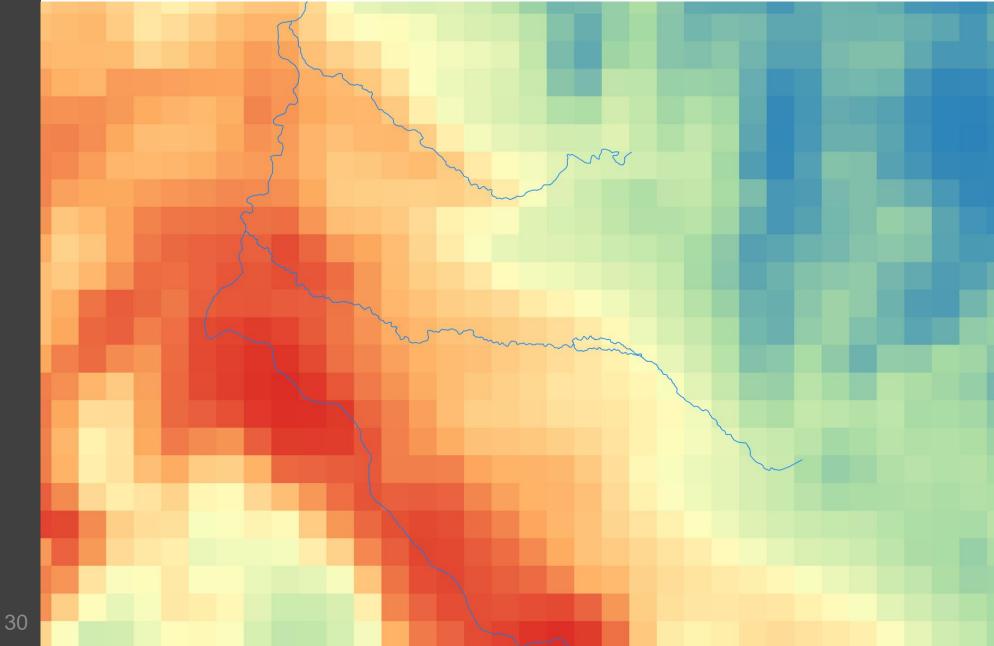




Precipitation

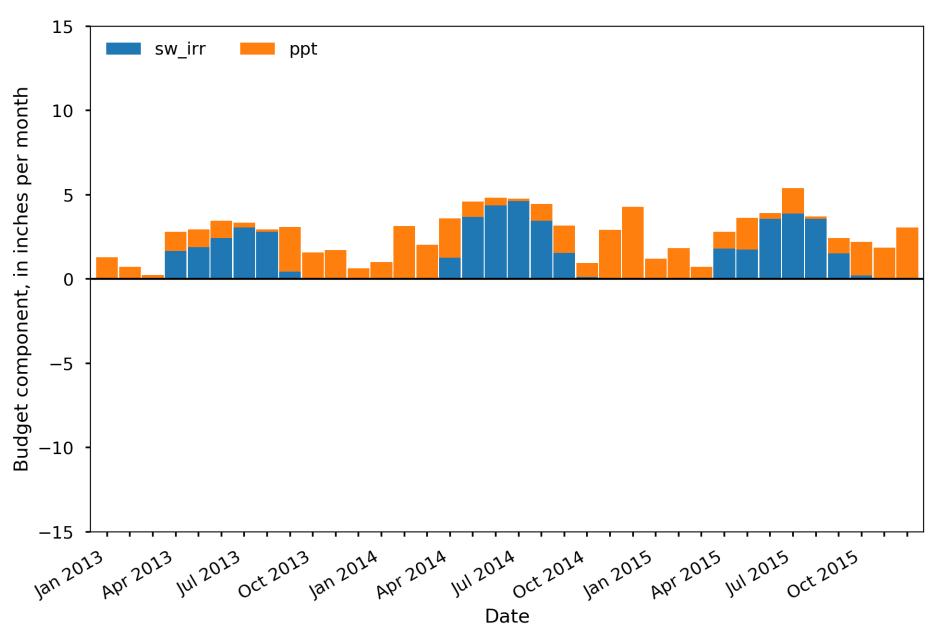
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deliv + ppt + gw + soil = et + infil + soil



Precipitation

deliv + ppt + gw + soil = et + infil + soil





Soil moisture storage decrease



Wait...



Groundwater irrigation

deliv + ppt + gw + **soil** = et + infil + soil

Wait...



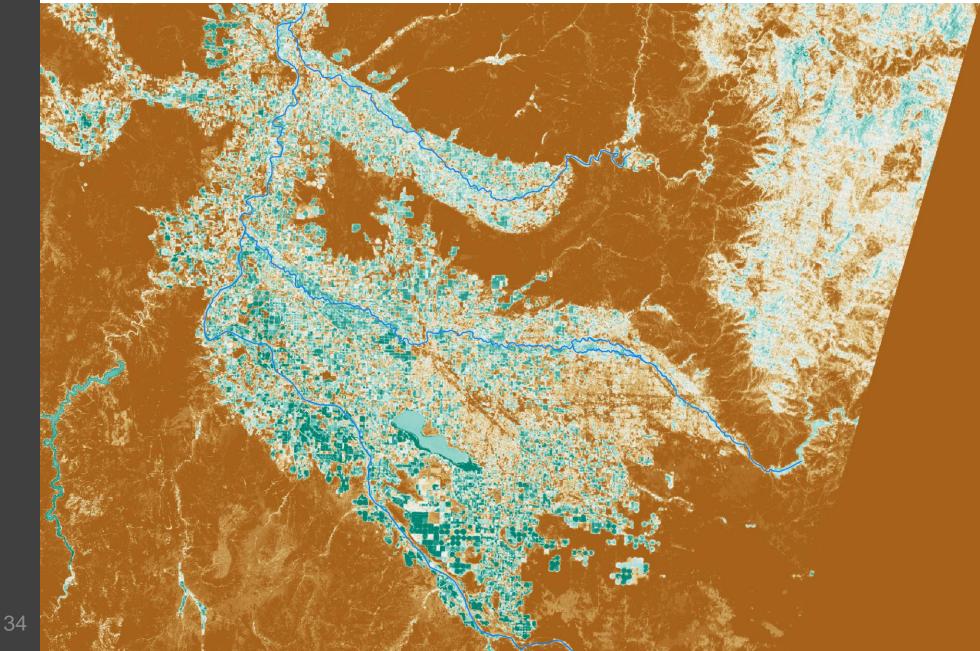
Soil water budget: Outflows

Evapotranspiration

USGS

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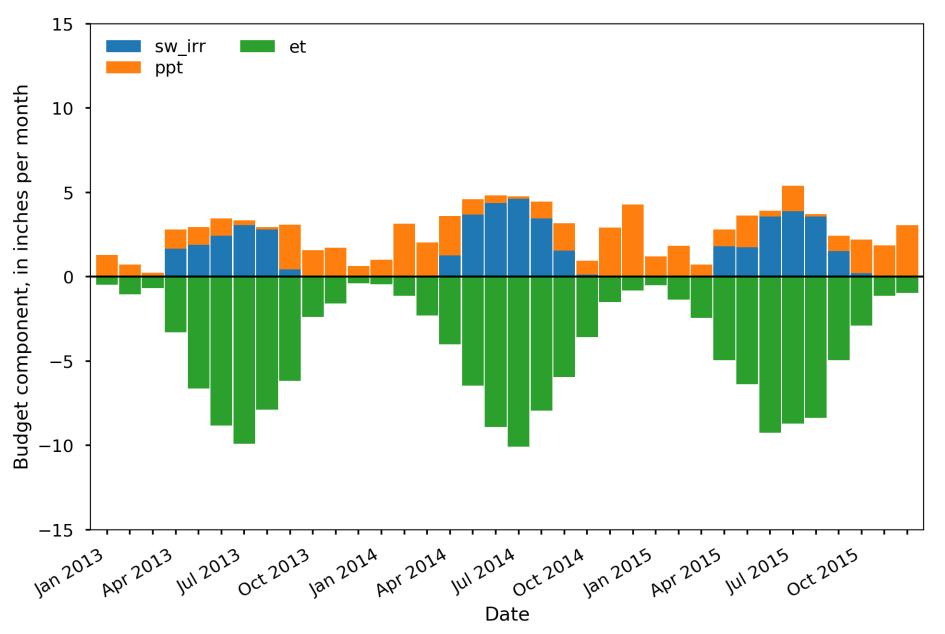
deliv + ppt + gw + soil = **et** + infil + soil



Soil water budget: Outflows

Evapotranspiration





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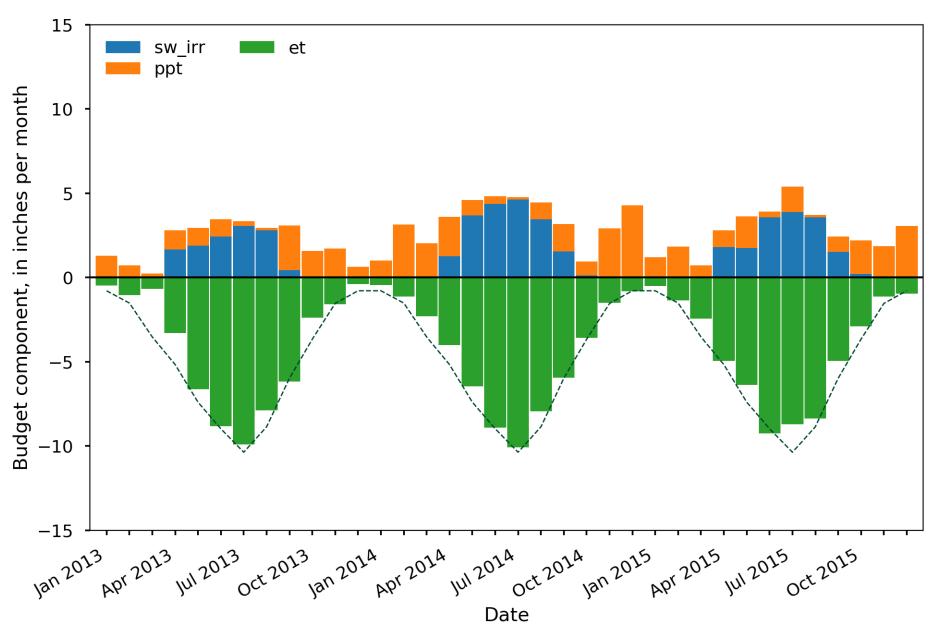
Soil water budget: Outflows

Evapotranspiration

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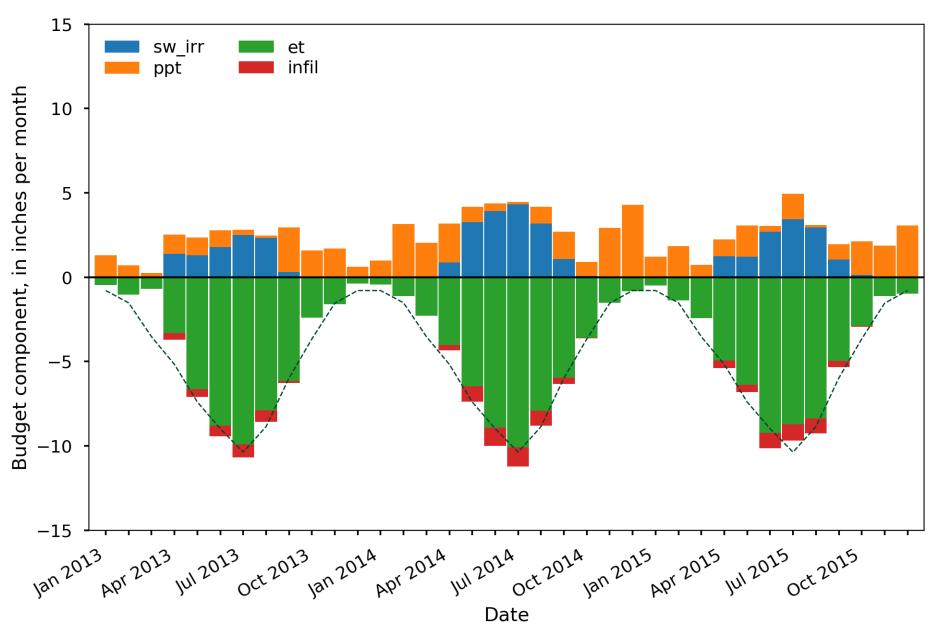
Soil water budget: Outflows

Deep percolation of irrigation water

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Soil water budget: Outflows

Soil moisture storage increase



Wait...



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Assuming no soil moisture storage

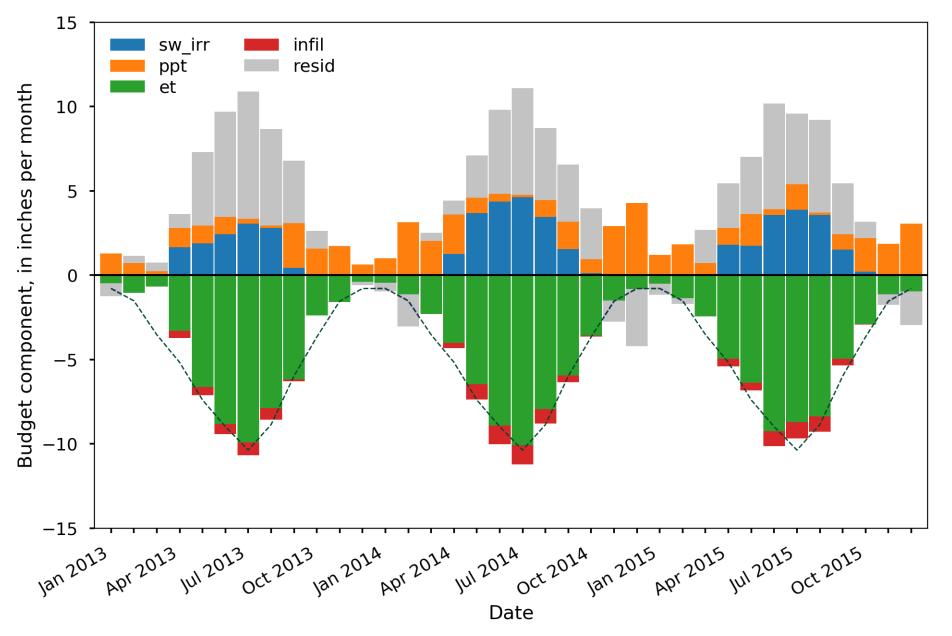
deliv + ppt + gw + $\rightarrow =$ et + infil + $\rightarrow =$

deliv + ppt + gw = et + infil gw = et + infil - deliv - ppt ???



Assuming no soil moisture storage





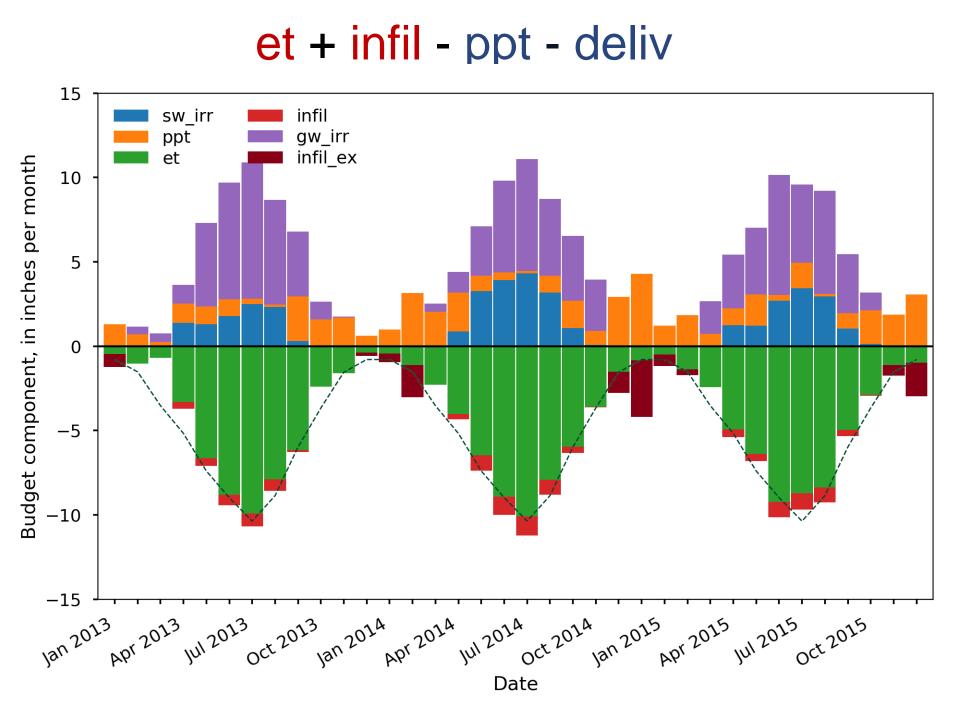


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Assuming no soil moisture storage

if et + infil > ppt + deliv: Remainder = groundwater

if et + infil < ppt + deliv: Remainder = infiltration



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Carrying over available soil moisture from winter to March

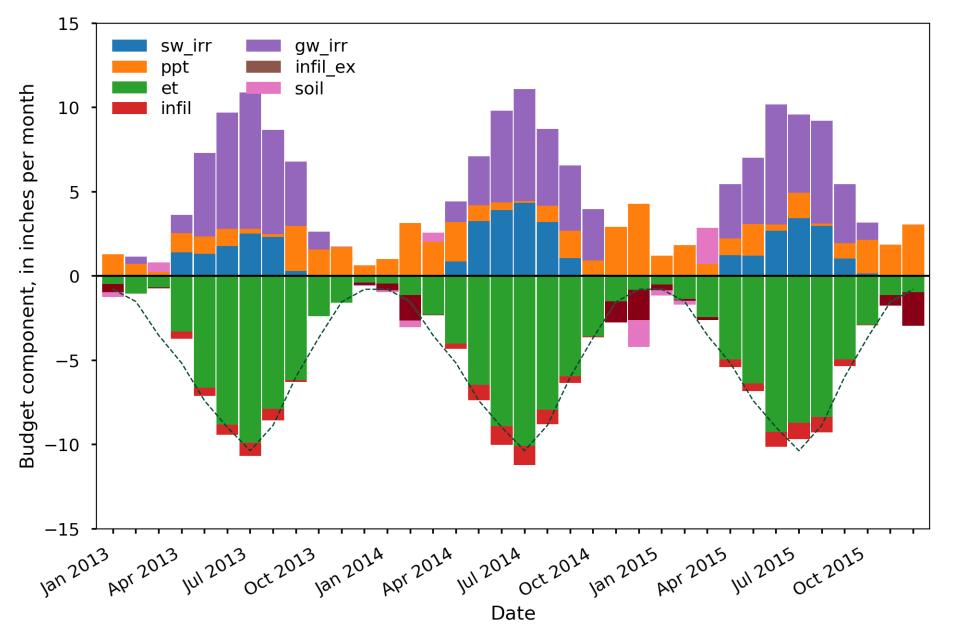
if et + infil > ppt + deliv: Remainder = groundwater

if et + infil < ppt + deliv: Remainder = infiltration

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et + infil + soil - ppt - deliv - soil



Estimating volumes: summary

Quantity	Source	Estimation Method	Adjustable Parameter
SW Diversion	Data	Watermaster	No
Canal precipitation	Assumption	= 0	No
Canal evapotranspiration	Data	METRIC	No
Canal leakage	Assumption	% diversion	Yes
Tail water	Data / estimate	???	No
Delivered water	Budget residual	Budget residual	No
Field precipitation	Data	PRISM dataset	No
Deep percolation of irrigation water	Assumption	% ET + excess supply	Yes
To and from soil	Assumption	Carry excess ppt to meet March ET	No
Field evapotranspiration	Data	METRIC	No
Groundwater deliveries	Budget residual	Budget residual	No

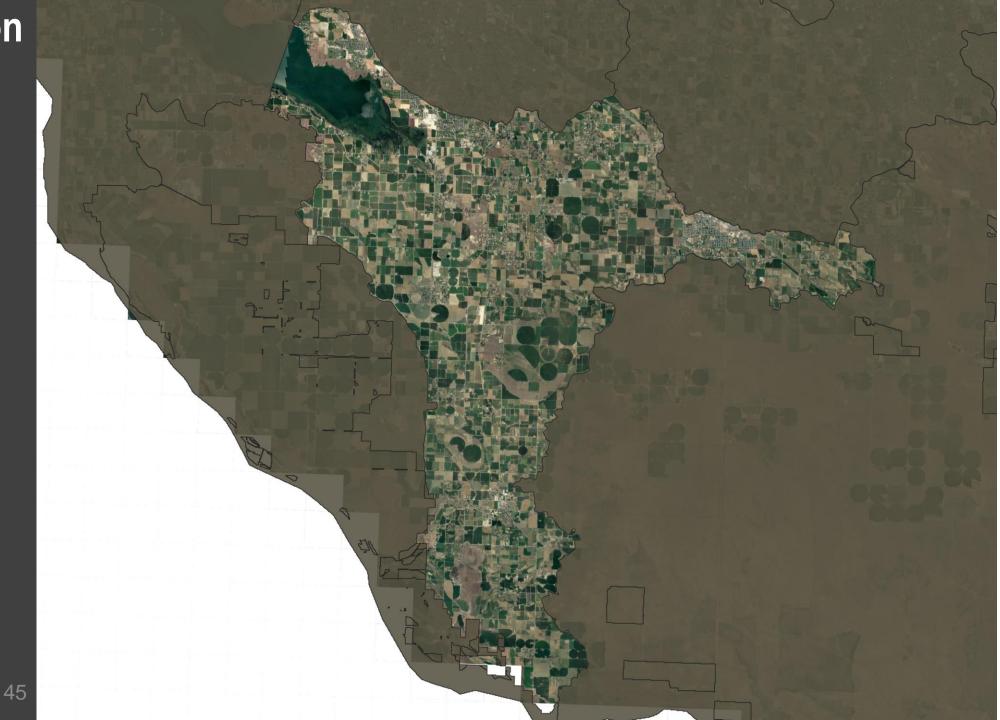
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Spatial distribution



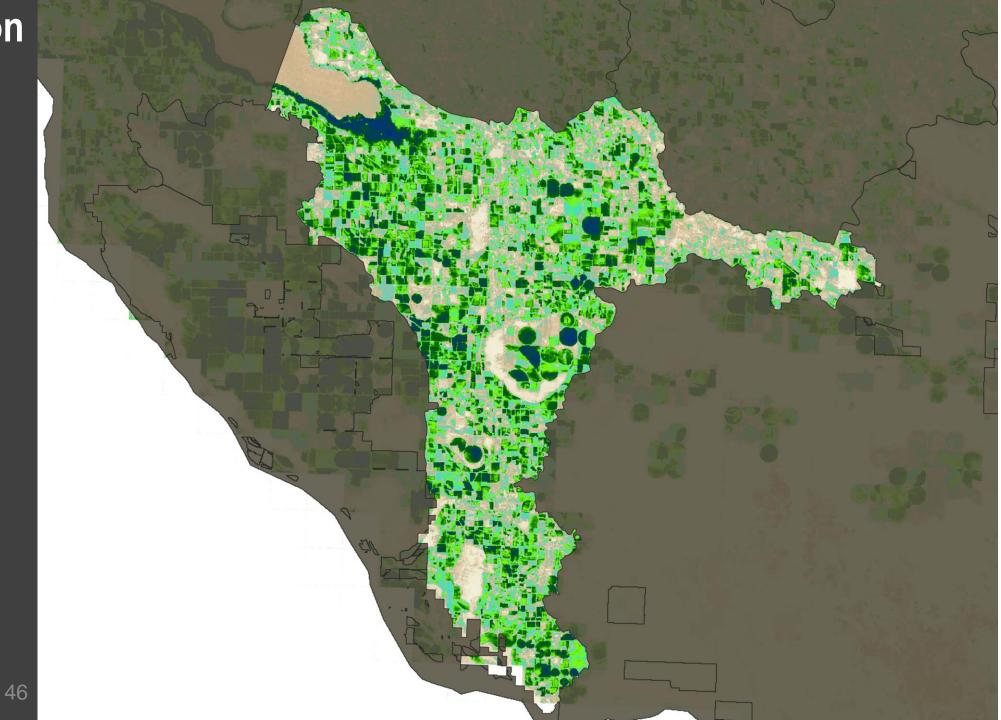




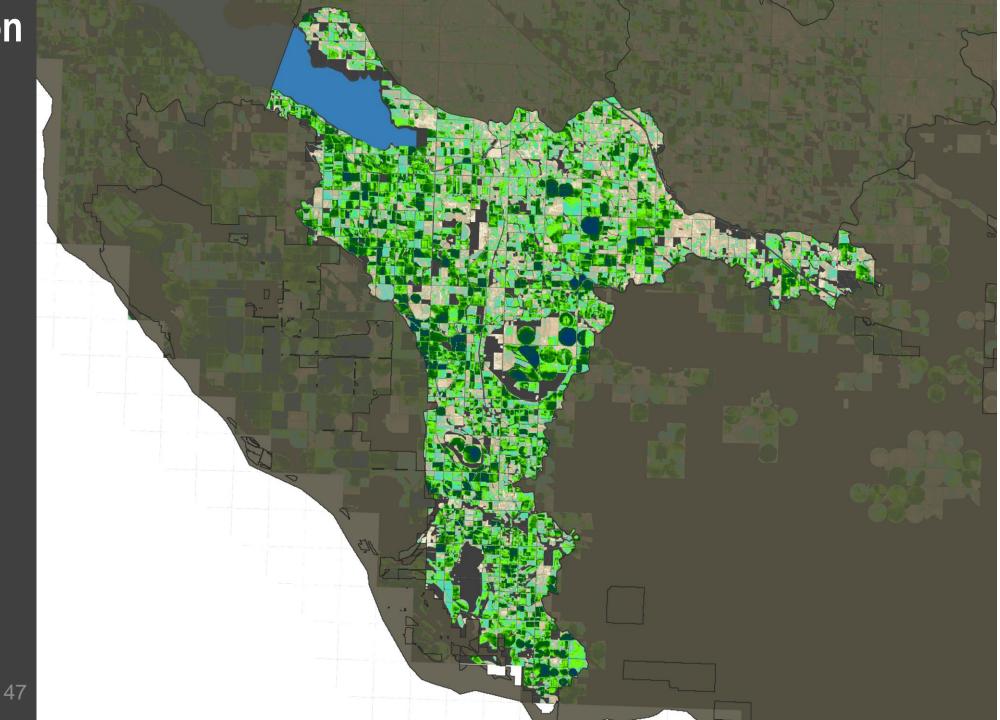
Distribute proportional to district ET

- Varies monthly

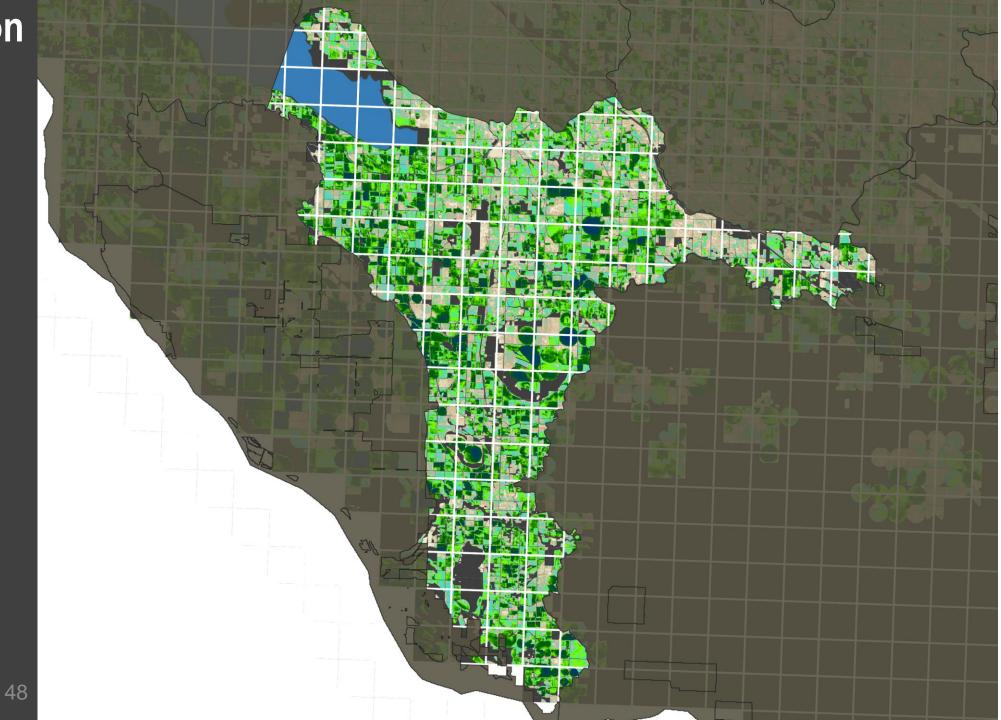




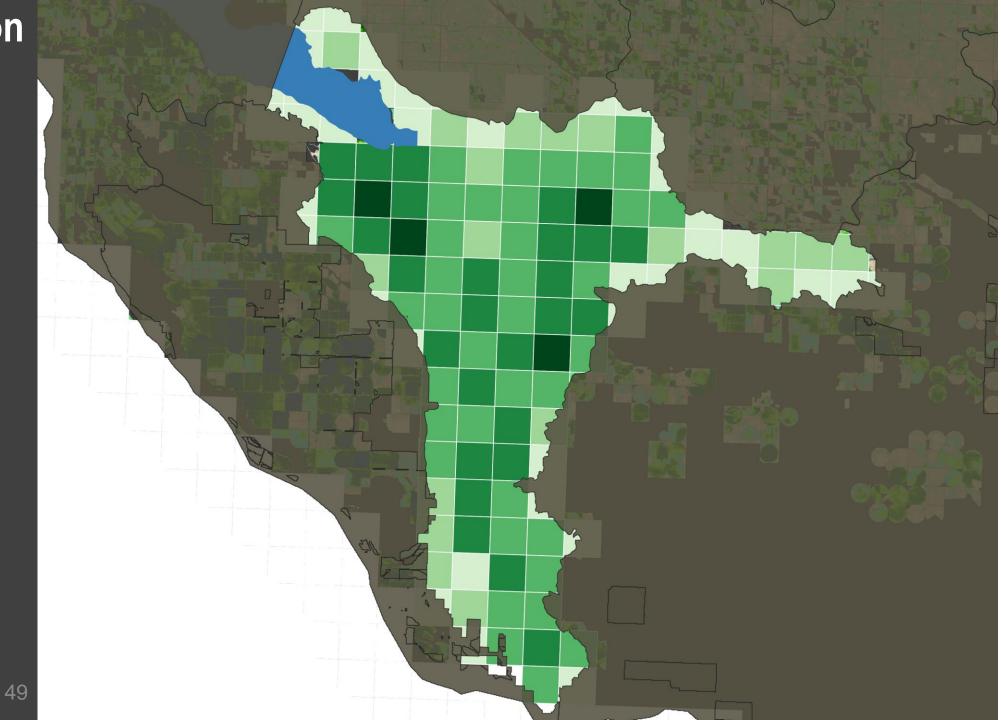






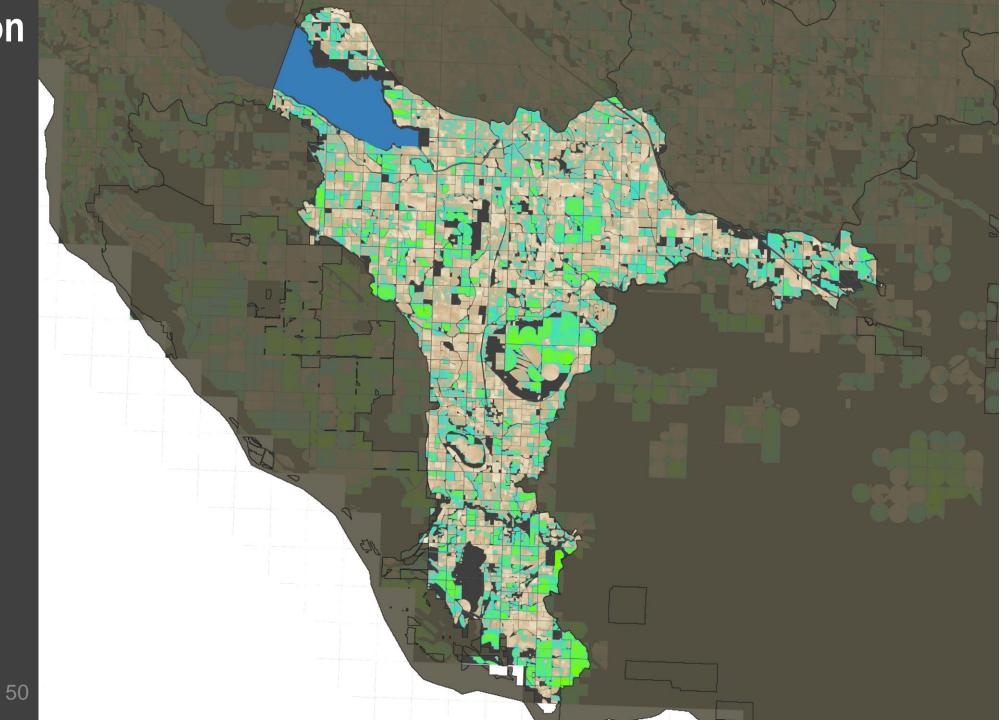




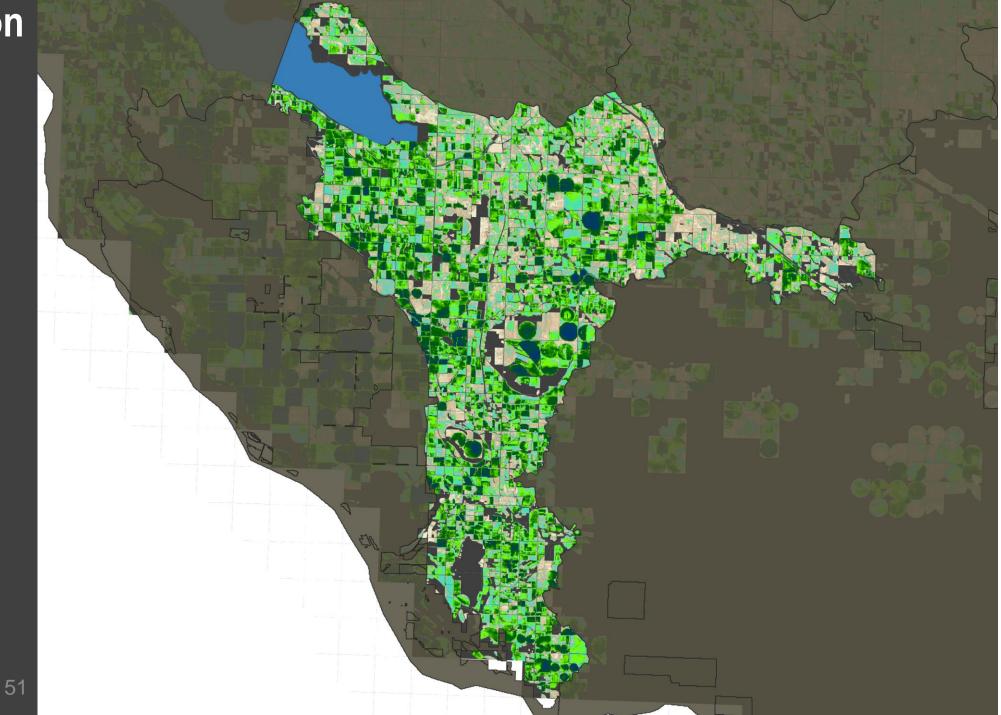


April ET

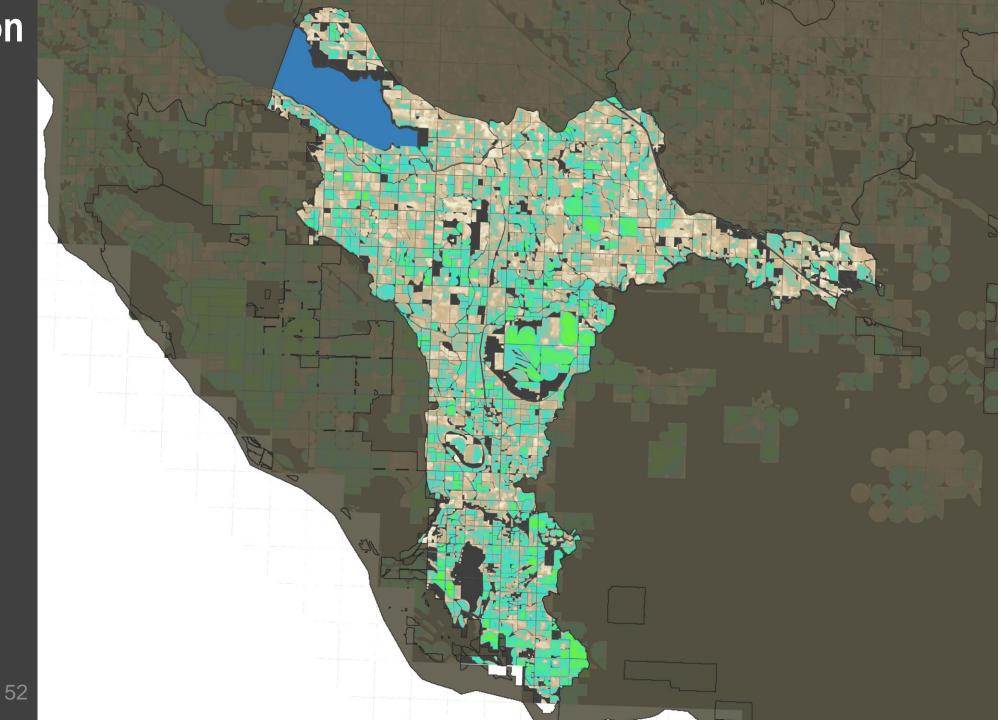




June ET

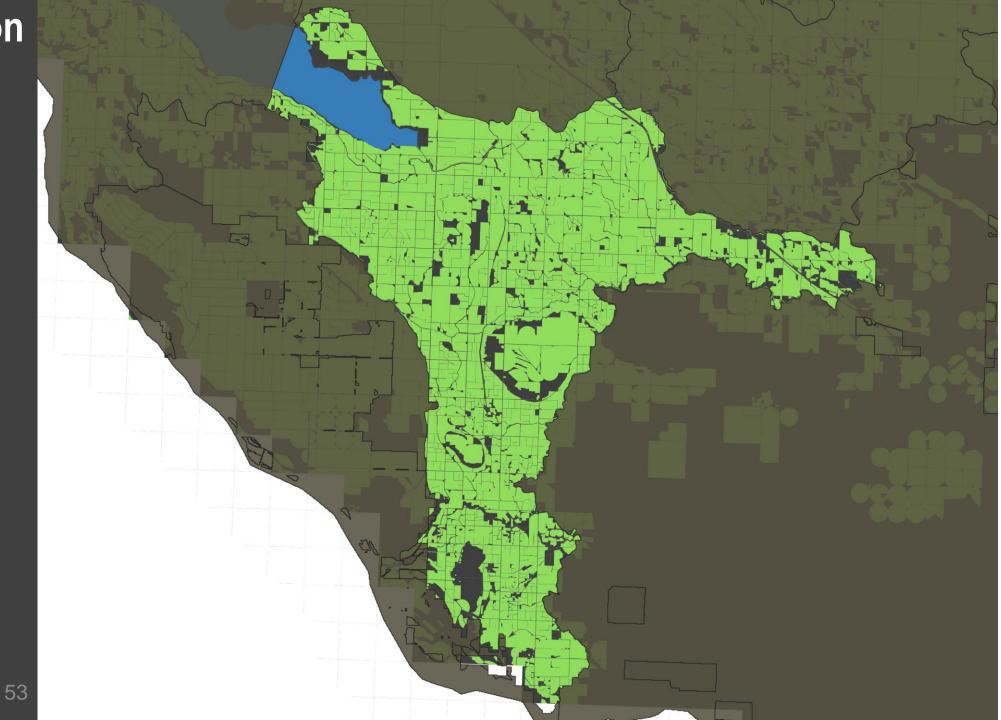


September ET

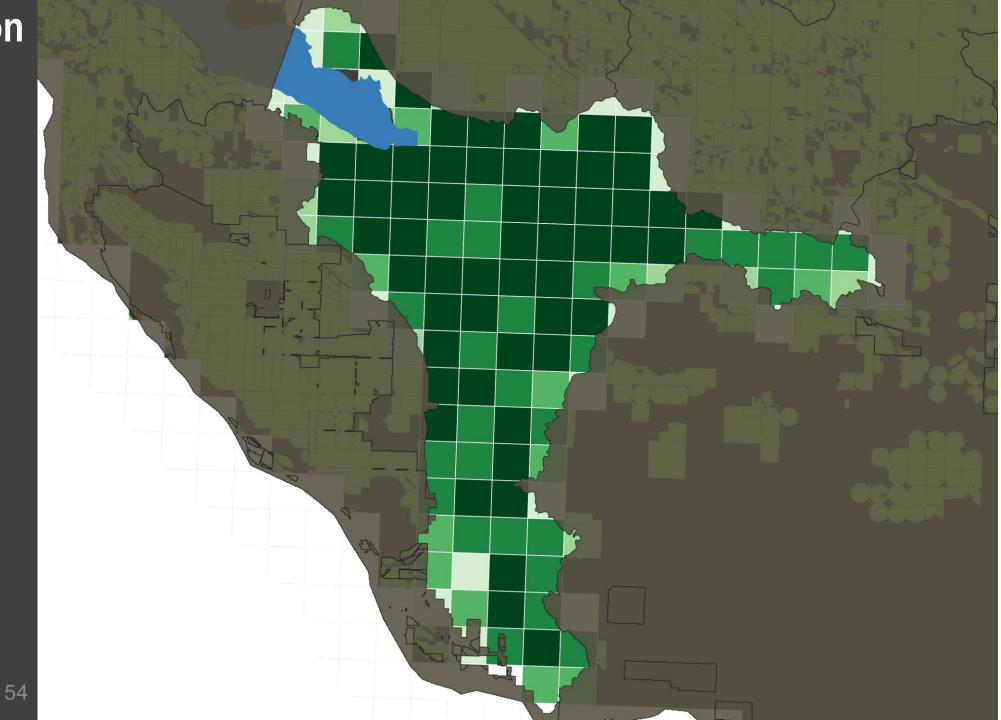




Irrigated Area



Area Proportion

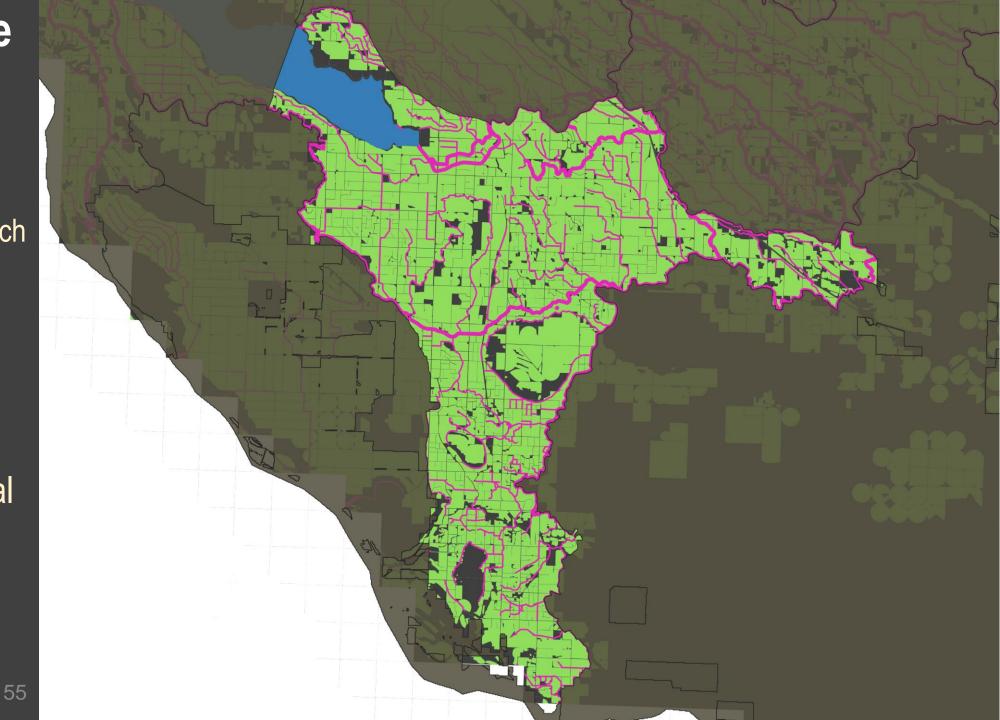


Canal leakage

Proportional to district irrigated area - Will change with each land use dataset

OR

Proportional to district major canal length - Invariant

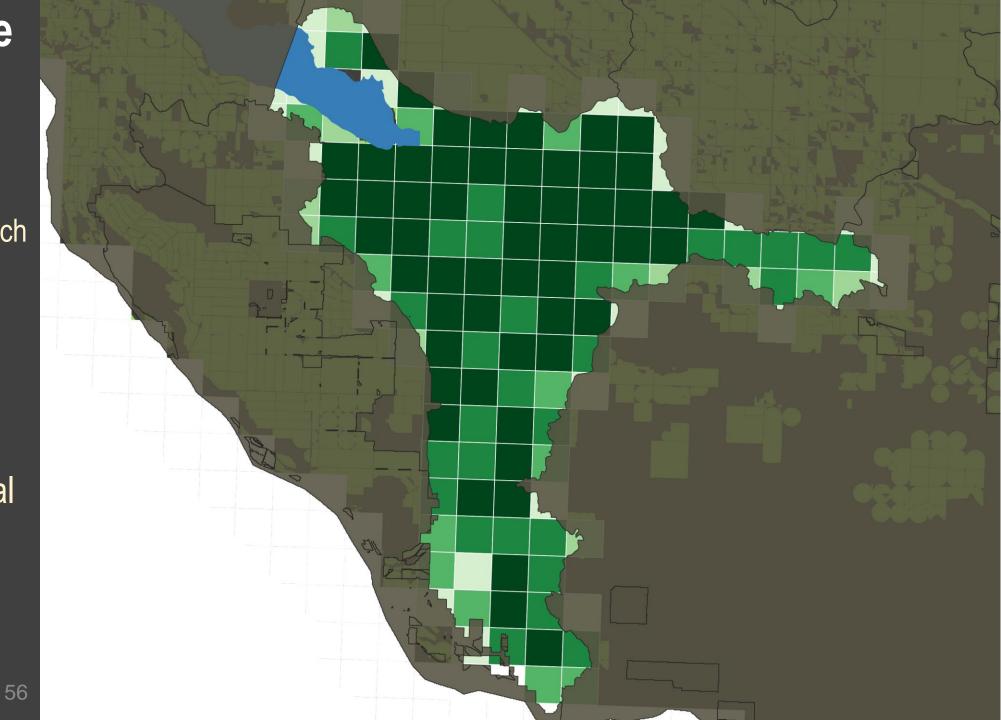


Canal leakage

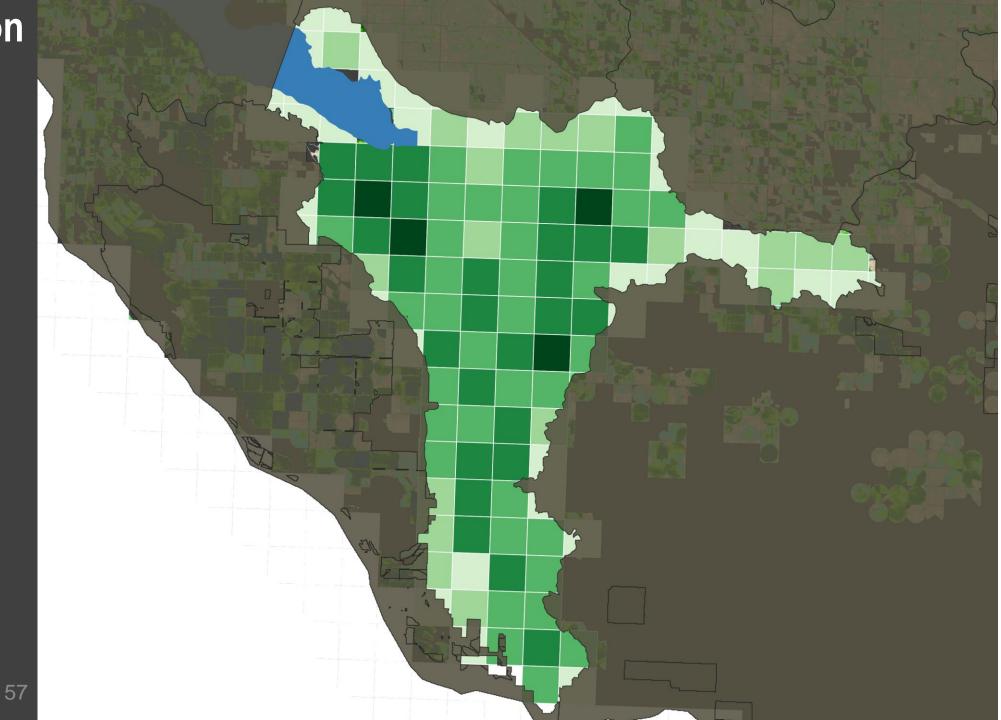
Proportional to district irrigated area - Will change with each land use dataset

OR

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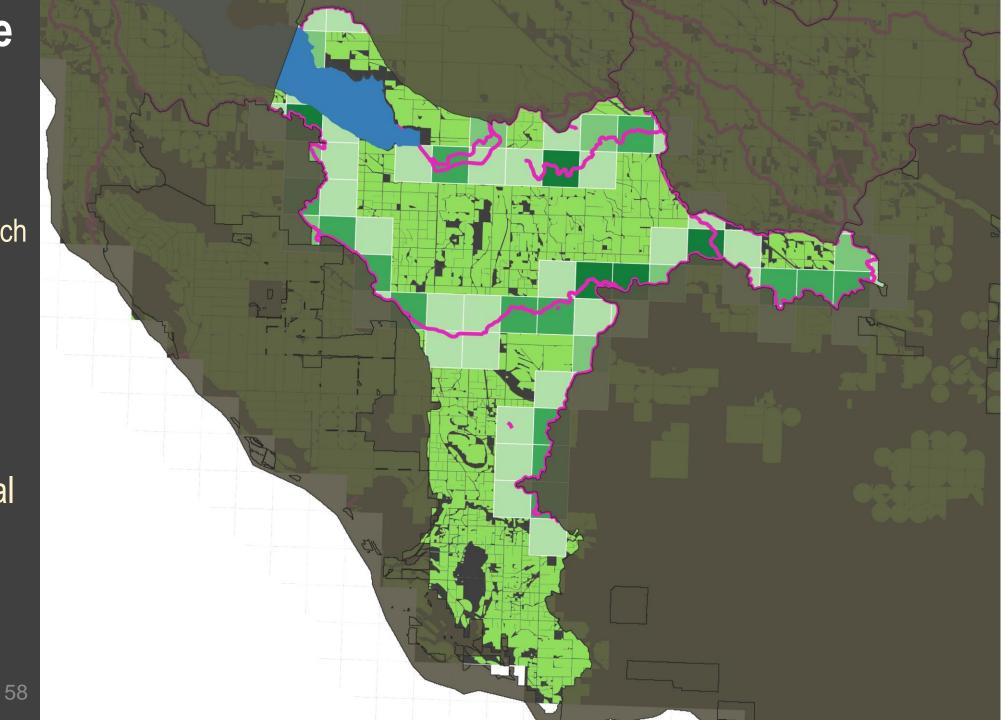


Canal leakage

Proportional to district irrigated area - Will change with each land use dataset

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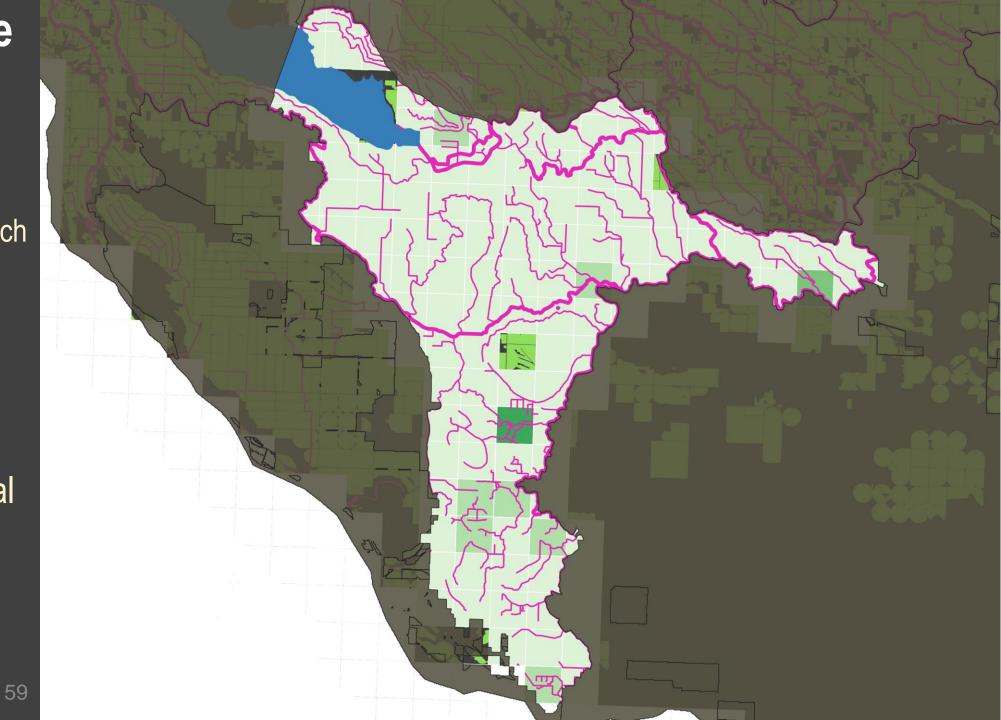


Canal leakage

Proportional to district irrigated area - Will change with each land use dataset

OR

Proportional to district major canal length - Invariant



Pumping distribution: measured



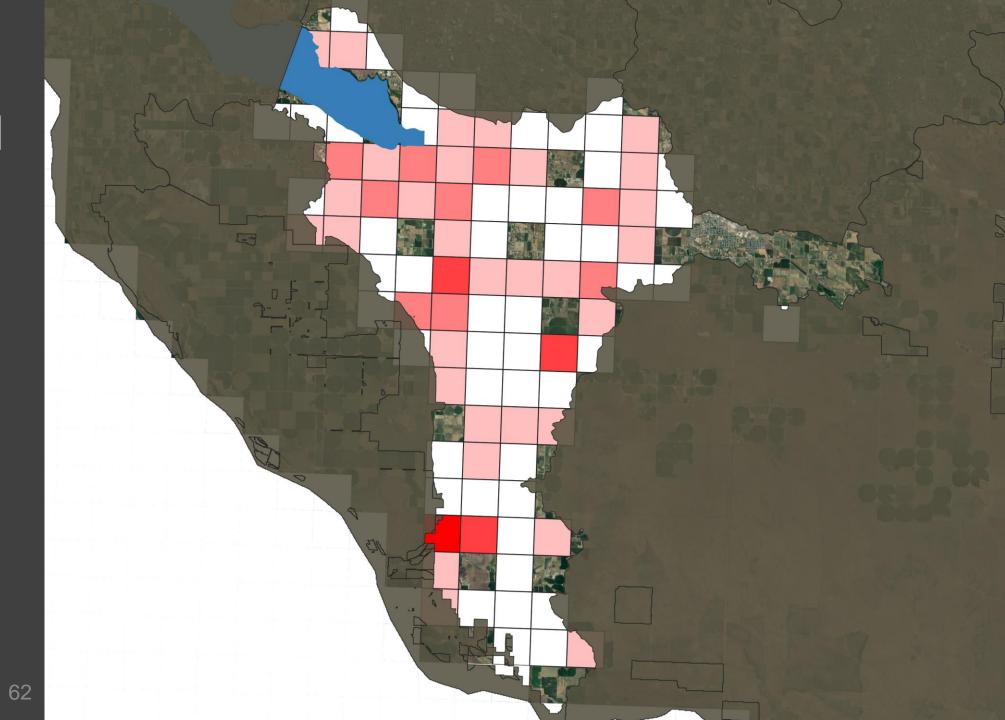
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Pumping distribution: unmeasured Areal distribution of wells

USGS



Pumping distribution: unmeasured Distribution of pumping in row, column



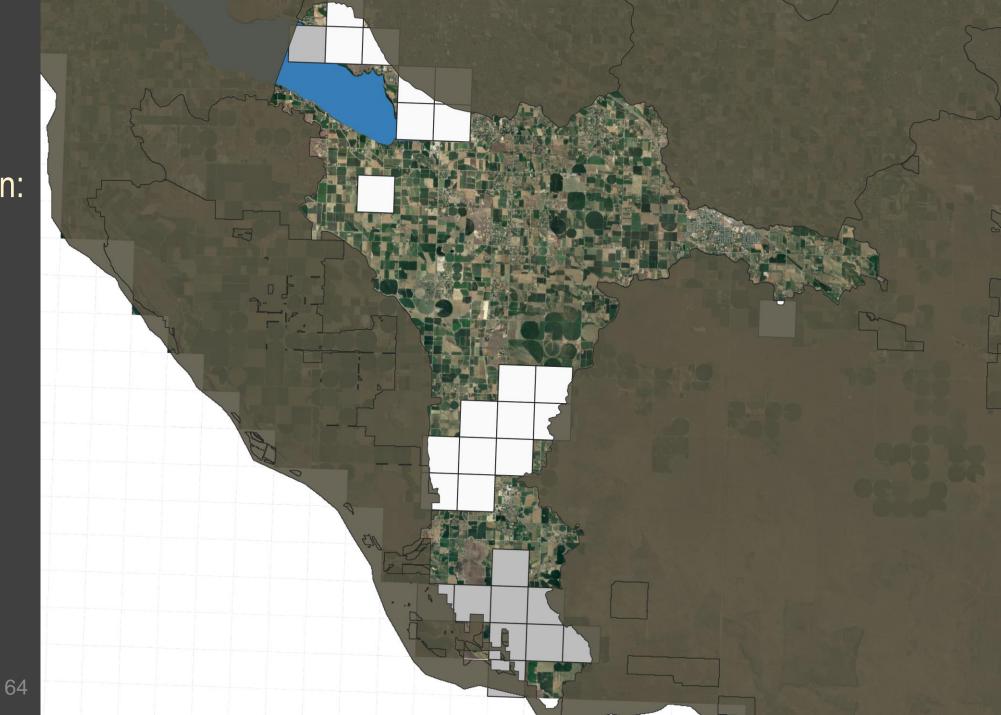
Pumping distribution: unmeasured Vertical distribution (row, column, *layer*)

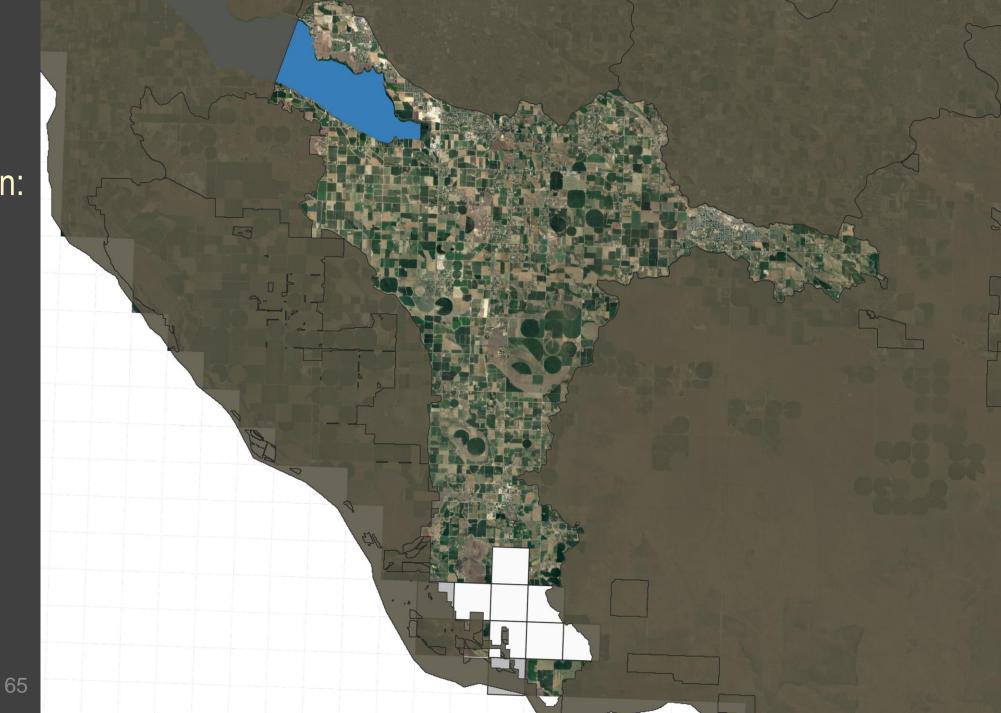
One representative pumping well in each cell based upon nearby well logs

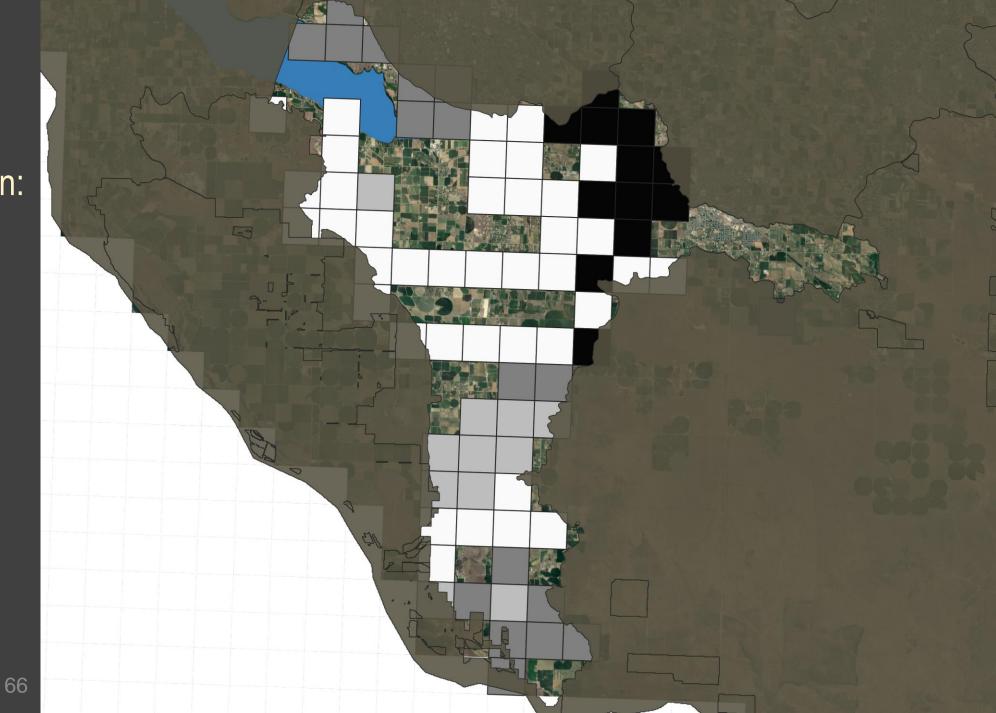
- Not all well logs checked

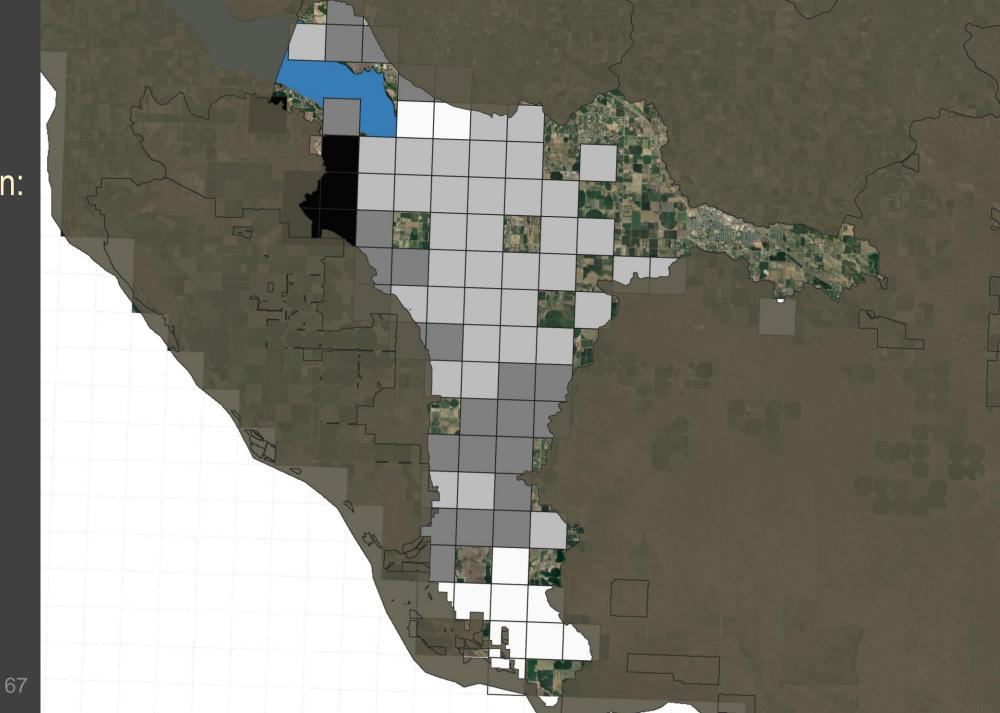


0	1.5	3
4	5.5	7
	5	0
	3.5	0

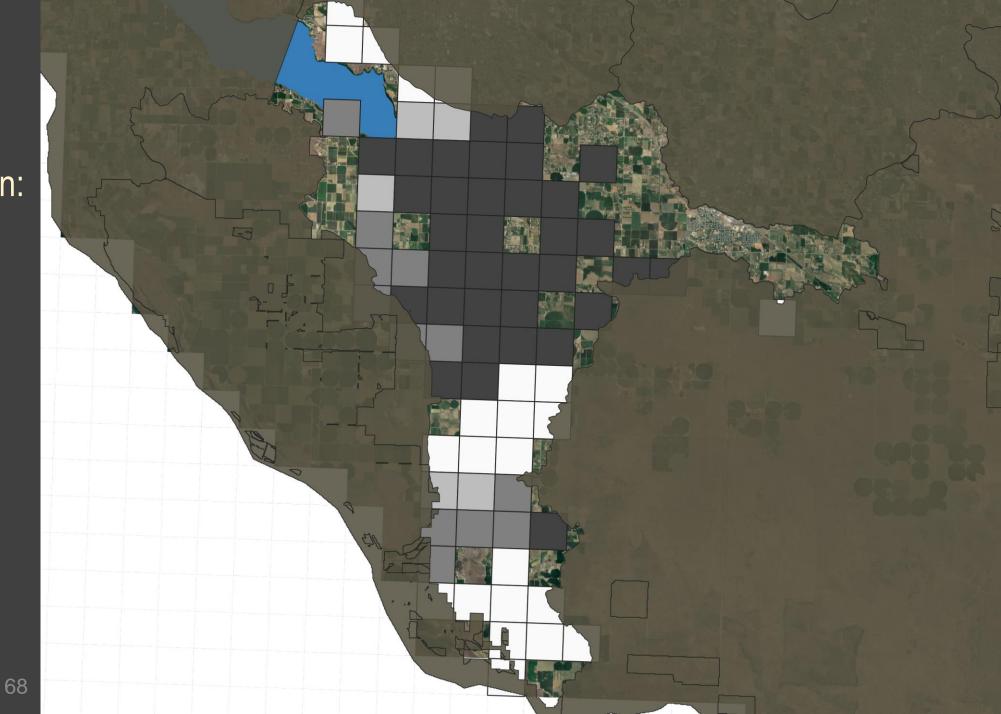














Pumping by Layer

Proportional to $Q_{j,i,k} = \frac{T_{j,i,k}}{\sum_{k=1}^{NL} T_{j,i,k}} Q_{TOT}$)T	Potentiometric Surface of Lower Aquifer CONFINING UNIT UPPER AQUIFER T ₁
	0	1.5	3	$\begin{array}{c} \text{LOWER} \\ \text{AQUIFER} \end{array} \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet \end{array} \right] \bullet \left[\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet \end{array} \right] T_2 = T_1 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$
	4	5.5	7	
	10	5	0	
	7	3.5	0	



Summary



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Summary

Flux	Adjustable Parameters Affecting Volume	Spatial Distribution	Adjustable Parameters Affecting Distribution
Canal Leakage	Leakage factor (proportion of SW delivery to district)	Proportional to area or canal length	-
Deep percolation of irrigation	Percolation factor (proportion of district ET)	Proportional to ET	-
Groundwater pumping (row, col)	Leakage factor, percolation factor	Proportional to GW right	-
Groundwater pumping (layer)	"	Proportional to layer screen length * cell hydraulic conductivity	Hydraulic conductivity (horizontal)



Thanks for listening!

