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DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Robert L. Harris (ISB No. 7018)
D. Andrew Rawlings (ISB No. 9569)
HOLDEN, KIDWELL, HAHN & CRAPO, P.L.L.C.

P.O. Box 50130

1000 Riverwalk Drive, Suite 200

Idaho Falls, ID 83405

Telephone:

(208) 523-0620

Facsimile:

(208) 523-9518

Email:

rharris@holdenlegal.com

arawlings@holdenlegal.com

Attorneys for Palisades Water Users, Inc. and the City of Idaho Falls

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION REGARDING STORAGE RESET IN WATER DISTRICT 01 FILED BY MILNER IRRIGATION DISTRICT Docket No. P-WRA-2017-002

RESPONSE BRIEF OF PALISADES WATER USERS, INC. AND THE CITY OF IDAHO FALLS RE: THRESHOLD LEGAL QUESTION

Palisades Water Users, Inc. ("PWUI") and the City of Idaho Falls (the "City"), by and through their counsel, Holden, Kidwell, Hahn & Crapo, P.L.L.C., hereby submit their Response Brief of Palisades Water Users, Inc. and the City of Idaho Falls Re: Threshold Legal Question as permitted under the Order re: Statements of Issues and Responses; Order Adopting Deadlines; Amended Notice of Status Conference dated January 3, 2018 (the "Deadline Order"). Pursuant to the Deadline Order, this brief is timely submitted to address the threshold legal question posed therein and respond to other parties' briefs on the threshold legal question. For the sake of brevity, PWUI and the City will use the same terms previously defined in their Opening Brief of Palisades Water Users, Inc. and the City of Idaho Falls Re: Threshold Legal Question.

I. ARGUMENT

The threshold legal question posed by the Director is "whether the plain language of the 'period of use' element of the storage water right partial decrees for federal onstream reservoirs in Water District 01 that specifies '1/1 to 12/31' as the time period for 'irrigation storage' requires that the reset date for those rights be January 1." *Deadline Order*, p. 3. While there are various rationales advanced in briefing by the parties to this proceeding (the "Parties"), the consensus among the Parties is that the Director is not required by the plain language of the period of use element of the water right partial decrees for federal onstream reservoirs to use January 1st as the Reset Date. 1

A. The plain language of the period of use element of the Storage Water Rights does not describe the Reset Date.

Given use of the term "plain language" in the threshold legal question, the Director framed the issue of whether the period of use element of the Storage Water Rights' partial decrees was ambiguous or unambiguous as it relates to the Reset Date. The framing of the issue in this manner perhaps suggests that briefing on the legal question should only focus on the items set forth of the relevant partial decrees, and not on the question of how those items should be viewed in water administration. While taking slightly varied legal paths to get there, all of the Parties, except the Surface Water Coalition ("SWC"), nevertheless reached the same conclusion in direct response to the Director's narrowly-framed question: neither the period of use element nor any other portion of the partial decrees dictate a Reset Date.

Specifically, all of the Parties except the Surface Water Coalition conclude that the language of the period of use element does not require that January 1st be the Reset Date. The Surface Water Coalition argues that the period of use element is unambiguous, requiring diversion to begin on January 1st, but nevertheless concludes that the Director should set the Reset Date in the Fall (while respecting senior water rights) based on historical practices. While PWUI and the City do not agree with the Surface Water Coalition's analysis, all Parties nevertheless agree that the Director can and should establish the Reset Date in the Fall of each year.

The period of use element is patently unambiguous as to the period of use of the Storage Water Rights (i.e., it allows the diversion of water for the purpose of "Irrigation Storage" during the period of "01-01 TO 12-31"). Amended Partial Decree for Water Right No. 01-219 (filed March 29, 2017) (capitalization in original); see also the partial decrees for the other Storage Water Rights. This unambiguously means that water may be diverted and stored "year-round." In re SRBA, Case No. 39576, Subcase 00-91017 (Basin-Wide Issue 17—Does Idaho Law Require a Remark Authorizing Storage Rights to 'Refill', Under Priority, Space Vacated for Flood Control), 157 Idaho 385, 389, 336 P.3d 792, 796 (2014) (hereinafter, simply "BW 17"). Thus, every day of the year, the Storage Water Rights authorize in-priority diversion of water to storage. There is nothing in this year-round authorization to divert water to storage that specifies (or relates to) the Reset Date.

The SWC asserts that the period of use as it relates to the Reset Date is plain and unambiguous and dictates a "calendar year" accounting beginning on January 1st. Surface Water Coalition's Opening Brief Re: Legal Question at 3. The SWC cities no legal authority in support of this interpretation as it relates to the Reset Date, but instead relies upon its own view of what "1/1 to 12/31" means. However, the SWC ignores the BW 17 case which holds that "1/1 to 12/31" means "year-round," not a calendar year that begins on January 1st. The SWC's position also ignores the Ballentyne Ditch Co. district court case discussed in detail in the Shoshone-Bannock Tribes' brief, wherein the court likewise held that "the reservoir rights lack period of use limitations on storage. The partial decrees unambiguously provide for year-round use." Ballentyne Ditch Co. et al. v. Idaho Dep't of Water Res., et al. (In the Matter of the Accounting of Distribution of Water to the Federal On-Stream Reservoirs in Water District 63), Case No. CV-

SW-2015-21376, MEMORANDUM DECISION AND ORDER (Fourth Judicial District of Idaho, Sept. 1,

2016) at 10 (emphasis added).

As explained in its opening brief, PWUI and the City maintain that the determination of

the Reset Date is afforded to the sound discretion of the Director, subject to provisions of Idaho

law. Details concerning the administration of the Storage Water Rights are not specified in the

decrees; nor should they be. The determination of the Reset Date is, like all accounting matters,

an administrative consideration. Such "details ... are left to the [D]irector's discretion." BW 17,

157 Idaho at 393, 336 P.3d at 800 (citations omitted).

But even if the Parties are constrained by the plain language interpretation framework of

the Director's drafted threshold legal question—which appears to attach legal significance to the

"1/1 to 12/31" period of use as to the determination of the Reset Date—at best, the period of use

element is latently ambiguous as applied here. That is, the period of use element is ambiguous

when applied to the determination of a Reset Date. See Knipe Land Co. v. Robertson, 151 Idaho

449, 455, 259 P.3d 595, 601 (2011) ("A latent ambiguity exists where an instrument is clear on its

face, but loses that clarity when applied to the facts as they exist").

In the interpretation analysis, upon a finding of ambiguity, courts apply "rules of

construction for guidance and consider the reasonableness of proposed interpretations."

Stonebrook Constr., LLC v. Chase Home Fin., LLC, 152 Idaho 927, 931, 277 P.3d 374, 378 (2012)

(internal citations omitted). Accordingly, the Director should look to other elements contained in

the partial decree to weigh the reasonableness of proposed interpretations. The only other water

right element that aids in this analysis is consideration of the "the quantity of water used" element.

Idaho Code § 42-1411(2)(c); see also Idaho Code § 42-1412(6). The Storage Water Rights' partial

decrees each specify the quantity of water that may be diverted (during the "01-01 TO 12-31"

Page 4 RESPONSE BRIEF OF PALISADES WATER USERS, INC. AND THE CITY OF IDAHO FALLS RE: THRESHOLD LEGAL QUESTION Period of Use) for purposes of irrigation storage. Amended Partial Decree for Water Right No. 01-219 (filed March 29, 2017) (capitalization in original); see also the partial decrees for the other Storage Water Rights. Notably, there is nothing in the quantity of water used element that implicates a Reset Date. Instead, the Idaho Supreme Court has held that a Storage Water Right "is a property right to a certain amount of water: a number that the Director must fill in priority to that user. However, it is within the Director's discretion to determine when that number has been met for each individual decree." Id. at 394, 336 P.3d at 801 (emphasis added). The issue of "fill" for Storage Water Rights "is purely an issue of administration," within the discretionary determination of the Director. See BW 17, 157 Idaho at 392, 336 P.3d at 799.

Determining this "fill" is accomplished by means of accounting and an accounting year, administered within the Director's discretion. The quantity of water element of the Storage Water Rights' partial decrees is specified in terms of "AFY", or acre-feet per year. See id. Thus, the Storage Water Rights are limited in the quantity of water (measured in acre-feet) that may be diverted (stored in the associated reservoir) on a per year basis. See id. It is this year in the quantity of water element that is not specifically defined by the period of use element. This is the "year" during which each Storage Water Right is entitled to one fill. This is the accounting year. See Aberdeen-Springfield Canal Company's Opening Brief Regarding Threshold Legal Question at 2-4 (explaining the difference between a calendar year and a "seasonal year" or "accounting year"). And the determination of the accounting year (i.e., the determination of the Reset Date) is a detail of administration left to the Director's discretion. BW 17, 157 Idaho at 393, 336 P.3d at 800; see also Am. Falls Reservoir Dist. No. 2 v. Idaho Dep't of Water Res., 143 Idaho 862, 880, 154 P.3d 433, 451 (2007) ("Somewhere between the absolute right to use a decreed water right

and an obligation not to waste it and to protect the public's interest in this valuable commodity, lies an area for the exercise of discretion by the Director").

In sum, there is nothing in the plain language of the water right partial decrees relevant to this proceeding that mandates a January 1st Reset Date. The period of use element does not address a Reset Date. Even if a latent ambiguity exists in the period of use element, examination of the quantity of water used element does not support the conclusion that the Reset Date must be January 1st. Rather, the determination of the appropriate Reset Date (and the designation of an accounting year) is an exercise of discretion by the Director, subject to existing Idaho law and contracts as described in the following section.

B. The Director's exercise of discretion on designating a Reset Date is not unfettered and is restricted by federal storage contracts and other Idaho law.

As part of the administration of water diverted pursuant to valid water rights, the accounting methodology generally and the Reset Date specifically lie within the Director's discretion. Having previously discussed all of the requirements to properly exercise this discretion, PWUI and the City focus in this response brief on the most important requirements: that the Director "act[] within the outer limits of [his] discretion and consistently within the legal standards applicable to the available choices, and [] reach [his] decision [as to the Reset Date] through an exercise of reason." Rangen, 160 Idaho at 255, 371 P.3d at 309 (citing Haw v. Idaho State Bd. of Med., 143 Idaho 51, 54, 137 P.3d 438, 441 (2006) (emphasis added)).

Specifically, PWUI and the City again submit that the Director's exercise of discretion must be within the appropriate legal standards and can only be reasonably exercised by including proper deference to the Contract's definition of the "storage season" as beginning October 1st. Contract, ¶ 5. Under the Contract, PWUI has the "right to have stored to its credit during each storage season, [a total of approximately 4.4692%] of all water stored in Palisades Reservoir

during that season under the Palisades storage right" and to have the right to carryover from one season to the next. Contract, ¶ 10(a) (emphasis added). The Contract is illustrative of many such contracts entered between BOR and entities throughout the state of Idaho. The Contract's assumption that the storage season would being on (i.e., the Reset Date would be) October 1st of each year is a fact that the Director must consider in exercising his discretion to select a Reset Date.

In addition to discussion of the Contract, other Parties have submitted considerable information for the Director to consider in his exercise of reason to designate the Reset Date. In particular, the City of Pocatello and the Shoshone-Bannock Tribes have thoroughly and persuasively explained that, in addition to the provisions of the various spaceholder contracts describing an October 1st Reset Date, the Director's discretion is further constrained by (1) prior appropriation under Idaho law, which includes maximum utilization and least wasteful use of Idaho's water resources; (2) maintenance of "zero flow" at Milner Dam; (3) historical reliance by water users on a Fall time period Reset Date; and (4) the historical precedent established by Water District 01 in having a Fall time period reset date. See *City of Pocatello's Opening Brief* at 8-13; *Shoshone-Bannock Tribes' Brief on "Threshold Issue"* at 16-22. PWUI and the City join in the position of the Parties that these legal and factual reasons limit the Director's exercise of discretion is establishing a Reset Date. Based on these reasons, it does not appear reasonable for the Director

The date on which full reservoir water right accruals are reset is defined as the *reset date* in the water right accounting. The *reset date* determines the annual period natural flow can be distributed to

While PWUI and the City join with the Shoshone-Bannock Tribe on the described legal principles that limit the Director's exercise of discretion on selecting a Reset Date, PWUI and the City do not agree with the Tribe's position that "the storage right is allowed to accrue no than its water right volume one-time from the natural flow in that calendar year." Shoshone-Bannock Tribes' Brief on "Threshold Issue" at 11, 23 (italics omitted, emphasis added). PWUI's and the City's position is that "accounting year" should be substituted for "calendar year" in this statement. Doing so makes this statement consistent with the historical practices of Water District 01, which has described the accounting year concept for purposes for allocating reservoir water right volumes as follows:

to establish a Reset Date any later than October 1st—the date of the commencement of the storage season under the Contract. Selection of a Reset Date prior to October 1st, which has been done previously by Water District 01 as described in the *Staff Memo*, would be a proper exercise of the Director's discretion as it would maximize use of Idaho's water resources and minimize waste.

II. CONCLUSION

The plain language of the period of use element does not mandate a Reset Date of January 1. On its face, the plain language of the period of use element indicates a "year-round" ability to divert water to storage under the Storage Water Rights. *BW 17*, 157 Idaho at 389, 336 P.3d at 796. The quantity of water element allows a certain amount of water to be diverted and stored on a per year basis. This is the accounting year, which is commenced as of the Reset Date. As administrative details, the Reset Date and the accounting methodology are left to the Director's discretion, subject to Idaho law. In exercising that discretion, the Director must consider PWUI's Contract and (1) prior appropriation under Idaho law, which includes maximum utilization and least wasteful use of Idaho's water resources; (2) maintenance of "zero flow" at Milner Dam; (3) historical reliance by water users on a Fall time period Reset Date; and (4) the historical precedent established by Water District 01 in having a Fall time period reset date. Consideration of this information informs the actual use, expectation, and contractual rights of storage water users.

Accordingly, it does not appear reasonable for the Director to establish a Reset Date any later than October 1st—the date of the commencement of the storage season under the Contract.

Staff Memo at 2.

previously filled reservoir water rights. For example, if the reset date is September 15th, the annual period natural flow can be distributed to reservoir water right volumes is from September 15th of the current year to September 14th of the following year.

Selection of a Reset Date prior to October 1st, which has been done by Water District 01 as described in the *Staff Memo*, would be a proper exercise of the Director's discretion as it would maximize use of Idaho's water resources and minimize waste.

Dated this 26th day of January, 2018.

Robert L. Harris

HOLDEN, KIDWELL, HAHN & CRAPO, P.L.L.C.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 26th day of January, 2018, I served a true and correct copy of the following described pleading or document on the attorneys and/or individuals listed by the methods indicated.

Document Served: RESPONSE BRIEF OF PALISADES WATER USERS, INC. AND THE

CITY OF IDAHO FALLS RE: THRESHOLD LEGAL QUESTION

ORIGINAL BY EMAIL TO:

Director Gary Spackman

Idaho Department of Water Resources

P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720

Gary.Spackman@idwr.idaho.gov Garrick.Baxter@idwr.idaho.gov Emmi.Blades@idwr.idaho.gov Kimi.White@idwr.idaho.gov

Attorneys and/or Individuals Served:

mitrap@white-jankowski.com

Attorneys for the Cities of Bliss, Buhl, Burley, Carey, Declo, Dietrich, Gooding, Hazelton, Heyburn, Jerome, Paul, Richfield, Rupert, and Wendell Chris M. Bromley Candice M. McHugh McHugh Bromley, PLLC 380 South 4 th Street, Suite 103 Boise, ID 83702 cbromley@mchughbromley.com cmchugh@mchughbromley.com	() () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-287-0864 Electronic Mail
Attorneys for City of Pocatello Sarah A. Klahn Mitra M. Pemberton White & Jankowski, LLP 511 Sixteenth Street, Suite 500 Denver, CO 80202 sarahk@white-jankowski.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 303-825-5632 Electronic Mail

Attorneys for A&B Irrigation District, Burley Irrigation District, Milner Irrigation District, North Side Canal Company, and Twin Falls Canal Company John K. Simpson Travis L. Thompson Jonas A. Reagan Barker Rosholt & Simpson LLP 163 2nd Avenue West Twin Falls, ID 83301 jks@idahowaters.com tlt@idahowaters.com jks@idahowaters.com	() () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-735-2444 Electronic Mail
Attorneys for A&B Irrigation District, Burley Irrigation District, Milner Irrigation District, North Side Canal Company, and Twin Falls Canal Company W. Kent Fletcher Fletcher Law Office P.O. Box 248 Burley, ID 83318 1200 Overland Avenue Burley, ID 83318 wkf@pmt.org	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-878-2548 Electronic Mail
Attorneys for Idaho Power Company John K. Simpson Barker Rosholt & Simpson P.O. Box 2139 Boise, ID 83701-2139 1010 W. Jefferson, Suite 102 Boise, ID 83701-2139 jks@idahowaters.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-344-6034 Electronic Mail
Attorneys for Fremont-Madison Irrigation District, North Fork Reservoir Company, Idaho Irrigation District, and New Sweden Irrigation District Jerry R. Rigby Rigby, Andrus & Rigby Law, PLLC P.O. Box 250 Rexburg, ID 83440-0250 25 N 2 nd E Rexburg, ID 83440 irigby@rex-law.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-356-0768 Electronic Mail

Attorneys for Aberdeen-Springfield Canal Company Norman M. Semanko Parsons Behle & Latimer 800 West Main Street, Suite 1300 Boise, ID 83702 NSemanko@parsonsbehle.com ecf@parsonsbehle.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-562-4901 Electronic Mail
Attorneys/Representatives for Shoshone-Bannock Tribes William Bacon Shoshone-Bannock Tribes PO Box 306 Fort Hall, ID 83203 bbacon@sbtribes.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-237-9736 Electronic Mail
Attorneys/Representatives for Shoshone-Bannock Tribes Edmund Clay Goodman Hobbs, Straus, Dean & Walker LLP 806 SW Broadway, Suite 900 Portland, OR 97205 egoodman@hobbsstraus.com	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 503-242-1072 Electronic Mail
Attorneys/Representatives for U.S. Department of the Inte Bureau of Indian Affairs Duane Mecham US. Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs 805 SW Broadway, Suite 600 Portland, OR 97205 Duane.mecham@sol.doi.gov	() () () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 503-231-2166 Electronic Mail
Lyle Swank Water District 01 900 N. Skyline Drive, Suite A Idaho Falls, ID 83402-1718 lyle.swank@idwr.idaho.gov	() () () (X)	U.S. Mail Federal Express Facsimile: 208-525-7177 Electronic Mail

Robert L. Harris

HOLDEN, KIDWELL, HAHN & CRAPO, P.L.L.C.

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