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4 111	District Court - SRBA Fifth Judicial District In Re: Administrative Appeals County of Twin Falls - State of Idaho		
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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

District

OF THE STATE OF IDAHO, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ADA

SUN VALLEY COMPANY,)
Petitioner,) Case No. CV-01-16-23173
i etitoliei,) SURFACE WATER COALITION'S
vs.) RESPONSE TO SVC MOTION TO
) DETERMINE JURISDICTION
GARY SPACKMAN, Director of the Idaho)
Department of Water Resources,)
)
Respondent.)

COME NOW, A&B Irrigation District, American Falls Reservoir District #2, Burley Irrigation District, Milner Irrigation District, Minidoka Irrigation District, North Side Canal Company, and Twin Falls Canal Company (hereafter "Coalition"), by and through counsel of record, and hereby file this response to Sun Valley Company's (SVC) *Motion to Determine Jurisdiction* in the above-captioned matter. For the reasons set forth below, the Court should

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deny SVC's motion. In addition, the Coalition joins in the *Response* filed by IDWR Director Gary Spackman on January 27, 2017 (hereafter "*IDWR Br.*").

BACKGROUND

The factual background related to SVC's motion is set forth in the Director's Response.

See IDWR Br. at 2-3. The Coalition adopts that information for purposes of its response brief.

ARGUMENT

I. SVC Has Failed to Exhaust its Administrative Remedies.

The Idaho Administrative Procedures Act ("Idaho APA"), I.C. § 67-5201 *et seq.*, sets out the process for challenging a state agency's action. Further, Title 42, Idaho Code, complements this process with respect to actions by IDWR's Director. *See* I.C. § 42-1701A. Importantly for purposes of SVC's motion, the statute provides:

(3) Unless the right to a hearing before the director or the water resource board is otherwise provided by statute, any person aggrieved by any action of the director, including any decision, determination, order or other action, \ldots who is aggrieved by the action of the director, and who has not previously been afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the matter shall be entitled to a hearing before the director to contest the action.

I.C. § 42-1701A(3).

The statute allows a person who believes they are "aggrieved" by a Director's action or order the opportunity for an administrative hearing on the matter.¹ On November 16, 2016, SVC availed itself of this statutory remedy and requested a hearing before the Director. *See* Ex. A; *SVC Petition Requesting a Hearing* at 1-2. The Director granted SVC's request and held an initial pre-hearing conference in the matter on January 12, 2017.

¹ The Coalition disputes the claim that SVC is "aggrieved" by the Director's GWMA Order, and reserves the right to file the appropriate motion before the Director regarding SVC's legal standing to contest the same. SVC erroneously claims that it "is required to comply with" the Director's orders in this matter. *SVC Br.* at 3. To the best of the Coalition's knowledge, SVC does not own any water rights subject to the area designated as a GWMA. SVC operates properties outside the designated ESPA GWMA.

The Idaho APA plainly provides that a "person is not entitled to judicial review of an agency action until that person has exhausted <u>all administrative remedies</u> required in this chapter." I.C. § 67-5271(1) (emphasis added). Idaho Code § 67-5270(1) further provides that "[j]udicial review of agency action shall be governed by the provisions of this chapter unless other provision of law is applicable to the particular matter." Clearly, the hearing opportunity outlined in I.C. § 42-1701A(3) is an "other provision of law" that applies to the Director's GWMA Order and SVC requested an administrative hearing accordingly.

As such, the Idaho Supreme Court has held that "where an administrative remedy is provided by statute, relief must first be sought by exhausting such remedies before the courts will act." *Regan v. Kootenai Cty.*, 140 Idaho 721, 724 (2004). Since SVC has not exhausted its administrative remedies, the Court should deny SVC's motion.

II. The Administrative Hearing will Provide Aggrieved Parties With a Forum to Present Evidence and Have the Director Address the Issues First.

SVC's motion raises the practical issue of where this dispute should be heard first, i.e. before IDWR or this Court. SVC wrongly claims that its present petition is "the only meaningful opportunity for judicial review" of the GWMA Order. *SVC Memo.* at 5. This is not true as recognized by SVC's own filing with the Director. Notably, every issue that SVC raised in its *Petition for Reconsideration* was incorporated by SVC as an issue for the administrative hearing. *See* Ex. A, *SVC Petition Requesting a Hearing* (Nov. 16, 2016) ("The grounds for contesting the action are set forth in Sun Valley's Petition for Reconsideration"). Once the hearing is held – and the issues raised by SVC are heard and determined by the Director – any proper party will be afforded the opportunity for judicial review at that time. *See* I.C. § 42-1701A(3) & (4). The Director confirmed this in his *Response. See IDWR Br.* at 5.

The Director is the agency head statutorily charged with administering water rights and managing the State's water resources. *See* I.C. §§ 42-237a; 42-602, 603. The Director is even required to have specialized education, training, and experience to carry out his duties. *See* I.C. § 42-1701(2) (list of qualifications); *see also, A&B Irr. Dist. v. State of Idaho (In re SRBA)*, 157 Idaho 385, 394 (2014) ("This reaffirms the need for the Director to have the technical expertise to properly administer water rights").

Therefore, an administrative hearing before the Director will provide SVC (assuming it is a proper party) and others a forum to address lawful challenges to the GWMA Order. If SVC believes it has evidence to further inform the Director's decision-making then it is certainly more practical to have the same first presented to the agency for review and consideration. *See e.g. White v. Bannock Cty. Comm'rs*, 139 Idaho 396, 401-02 (2003) ("Important policy considerations underlie the requirement for exhausting administrative remedies, such as providing the opportunity for mitigating or curing errors without judicial intervention, deferring to the administrative processes established by the Legislature and the administrative body, and the sense of comity for the quasi-judicial functions of the administrative body"). Stated another way, the Director should hear the technical and other information first so that any future judicial review is conducted with a complete and comprehensive administrative record. Moreover, even if SVC prevails in some fashion now, it is foreseeable that the matter would be remanded to the Director anyway. *See* I.C.§ 67-5279(2) ("If the agency action is not affirmed, it shall be set aside, in whole or in part, and remanded for further proceedings as necessary").

In sum, SVC has presented no valid reason why this Court at this time is in a better position to review grievances with the GWMA Order.

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Finally, judicial review at this point is a waste of the parties' and this Court's time and resources. Since SVC has requested an administrative hearing and the Director is prepared to proceed with the contested case, this Court should allow the agency to address such challenges first and then proceed with judicial review on a complete record later.² Such a process provides an efficient and logical sequence to any litigation over the GWMA Order. The general policy behind this approach is also supported by Idaho law. *See e.g., Grever v. Idaho Tele. Co.*, 94 Idaho 900, 902 (1972) ("The doctrine of primary jurisdiction determines whether the court or the agency should make the initial decision. The doctrine of primary jurisdiction is not an inflexible mandate but rather is predicated on an attitude of judicial self-restraint, and is generally applied when the court believes that considerations of policy recommend that the issue be left to the administrative agency for initial determination.").

Moreover, this sequence has already been approved by this Court in a separate action concerning the GWMA Order. *See e.g. Order Granting Joint Motion to Stay Proceeding* at 1, (Fourth Jud. Dist., Ada County, Case No. CV-01-16-21480, Dec. 7, 2016) ("The above-captioned proceeding is hereby stayed pending issuance of a final order by the Director following his hearing on his *Order*").³ The Court should deny SVC's motion accordingly.

CONCLUSION

SVC requested an administrative hearing on the Director's GWMA Order. The Director is prepared to proceed with the administrative case and hold a hearing pursuant to Idaho law.

² SVC's premature appeal and present motion has already delayed the administrative case. *See Notice of Continued Pre-Hearing Conference; Order Staying Proceedings Except Intervention* (Docket No. AA-GWMA-2016-001) (Jan. 17, 2017) (continuing pre-hearing conference until March 22, 2017).

³ Even if the Court retains jurisdiction at this time, in the interest of judicial economy the Court could, in an exercise of discretion, consolidate and stay all appeals related to the GWMA Order until the administrative process is completed. *See* I.R.C.P. 84(r); 42.

See I.C. § 42-1701A(3). Given this status, SVC has failed to exhaust its administrative remedies

and the Court should deny SVC's motion accordingly.

Respectfully submitted this 2^{-1} day of February, 2017.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 2^{-1} day of February, 2017, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing to the following by the method indicated:

By Hand Delivery:

By U.S. Mail:

SRBA District Court 253 3rd Ave. North P.O. Box 2707 Twin Falls, Idaho 83303-2707 Director of IDWR P.O. Box 83720 Boise, Idaho 83720-0098

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Travis L. Thompson

Exhibit A

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DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

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Attorneys for Sun Valley Company

BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

SUN VALLEY COMPANY,

Petitioner.

VS.

GARY SPACKMAN, Director of the Idaho Department of Water Resources,

Respondent.

Docket No.

PETITION REQUESTING A HEARING **ON ORDER DESIGNATING THE** EASTERN SNAKE PLAIN AQUIFER **GROUND WATER MANAGEMENT** AREA

COMES NOW Sun Valley Company ("Sun Valley"), by and through it attorneys

of record and pursuant to Idaho Code Section 42-1701A(3) and Rule 740 of the Rules of

Procedure of the Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDAPA 37.01.01), and hereby petitions

PETITION REQUESTING A HEARING ON ORDER DESIGNATING THE EASTERN **SNAKE PLAIN AQUIFER GROUND WATER MANAGEMENT AREA - 1** Client:4287833.1

the Idaho Department of Water Resources (the "Department") for a formal hearing to contest the Director of the Department's action issuing its final *Order Designating the Eastern Snake Plain Aquifer Ground Water Management Area* ("GWMA Order"), served on November 3, 2016. The grounds for contesting the action are set forth in Sun Valley's Petition for Reconsideration of Final Order Designating the Eastern Snake Plain Aquifer Ground Water Management Area, filed contemporaneously herewith.

DATED this 16th day of November, 2016.

MOFFATT, THOMAS, BARRETT, ROCK & Fields, Chartered

Scott L. Campbell – Of the Firm Attorneys for Sun Valley Company

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Matthew J. McGee – Of the Firm Attorneys for Sun Valley Company