Recharge and Ground Water Quality

Idaho DEQ
Barry N. Burnell
Water Quality Division Administrator



Western Water Fact

- ➤ 40% of Colorado's Homicides from the mid 1920s until 1940 were committed with?
- > Irrigation Shovels

- Rita Crumpton
 - Grand Junction Water Manager

Outline

- Ground Water Quality
- Surface Water Quality
- Managed Recharge
- > DEQ Programs

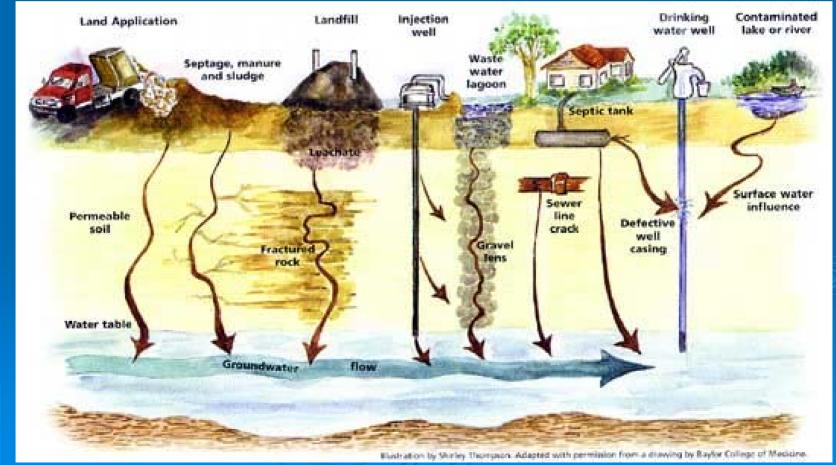
Ground Water Quality

- Bacteria Standards
 - Total Coliform
 - Fecal Coliform
 - E. Coli.



Ground Water Quality

Pathogenic Bacteria are Generally Not Present in Ground Water





Ground Water Quality

- Ground Water Standard for Fecal Coliform and E. Coli is <1 cfu/100 ml</p>
- Total Coliform Indicator Organism
- Monitoring
 - IDWR Statewide Program Voluntary
 - Public Water Supplies Regulatory
 - Health Districts Mortgage Surveys Bank
- Follow up monitoring by DEQ or Health Districts
- > If Coliform present disinfect well and retest
- Wells are not generally sampled for Protozoans or Viruses



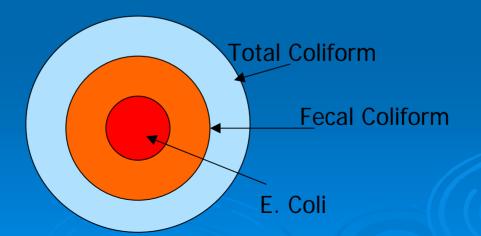
GWQ Rule Coliform Standard

Primary Ground Water Quality Standards for Fecal Coliform and E. coli

Total Coliform is an Indicator of Potential Harmful Conditions

Fecal Coliform and E. Coli are subsets of Total Coliform

Better indicators of organisms harmful to humans





Surface Water Quality Standards – E. coli

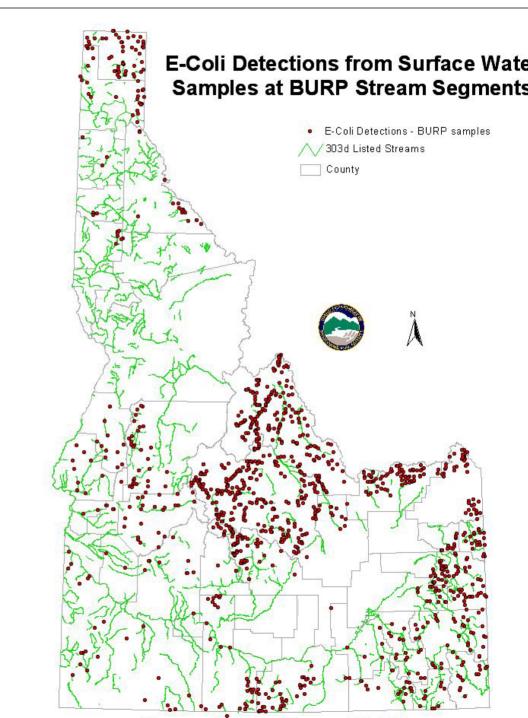
Beaches = 235/100 ml All others = 406/100 ml Secondary = 576/100 ml 30 day ave = 126/100 ml

Bacteria in Wadable Streams

-Beneficial Use Reconnaissance Program Monitoring

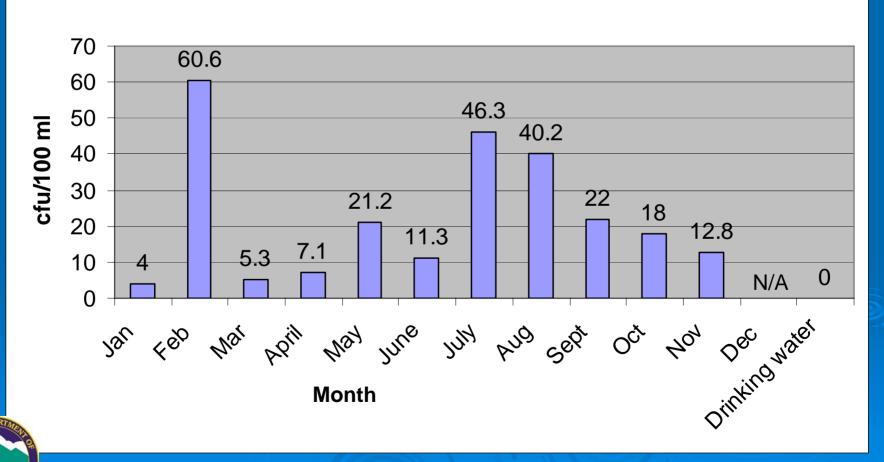
Bacteria are present in surface waters





Surface Water Quality

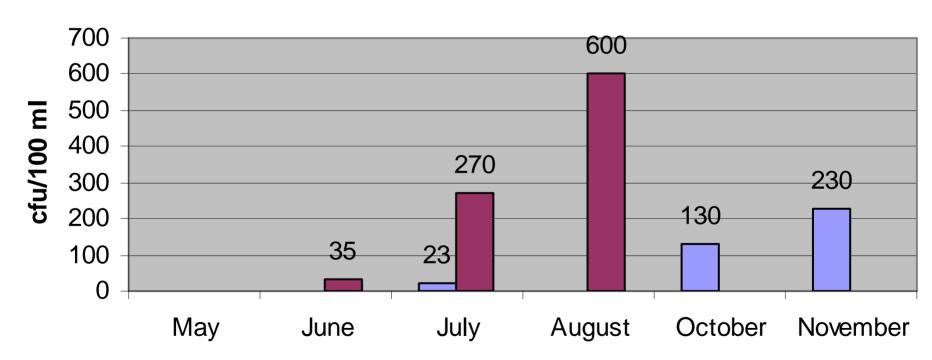
Monthly Average Fecal Coliform Mid Snake River 1990-1997



Surface Water Quality

Total Coliform

■ Milner Gooding ■ Ridenbaugh





Upper Snake River Basin

WQ STDs Not Met in Middle Snake River

Nutrients

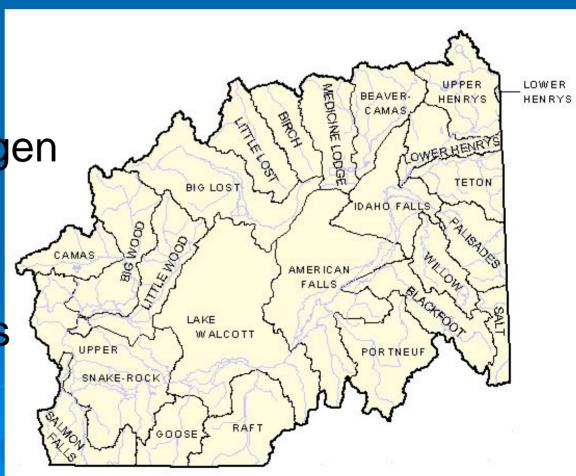
> Sediment

Dissolved Oxygen

> Temperature

> Turbidity

Fecal Coliforms





Water Transmitted Pathogens

- > Bacteria
 - E. Coli, Shigella sp



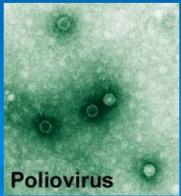


- > Protozoa
 - Giardia
 - Cryptosporidium





- Enteroviruses
 - Poliovirus
 - Hepatitis A





- Managed Recharge
 - Existing State Policy
 - NO DEQ PERMIT
 - Monitoring Program Approval

- Ground Water Quality Plan Adopted in 1992 under Idaho Code §39-102
- Monitoring Policy V-C:

"The policy of the state of Idaho is that any program designed specifically for the artificial recharge of ground water, existing or proposed, be consistent with the policies and management objectives for water quality and quantity."



- Policy V-C was adopted because "artificial recharge has the potential to significantly impact the quality of ground water."
- DEQ is directed to work cooperatively with other state agencies, to:
 - Develop Guidelines,
 - Develop Management Practices, and
 - Develop Rules to insure that artificial ground water recharge projects comply with the Ground Water Quality Plan (1992).



Managed Recharge Guidance

 "Guidance For Developing a Ground Water Quality
 Monitoring Program For Managed Recharge
 Projects by Land
 Application"

> NO DEQ PERMITS

Guidance for Developing a Ground Water Quality Monitoring Program for Managed Recharge Projects by Land Application





Idaho Department of Environmental Quality

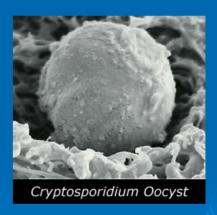
April 2006 (Revised 8/1/2006)

- Main Concern is Pathogens
 - E. Coli

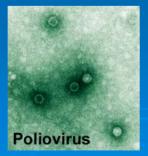


Protozoans





Viruses





DEQ Programs

- Wastewater Reuse -
 - Class A Wastewater can be used for **Ground Water Recharge**
 - **Must have < 2.2 Total Coliform/100 ml**
 - **Redundant Treatment Systems**
 - Disinfection 5 log Removal for Viruses
 - 1000 feet from Drinking Water Well



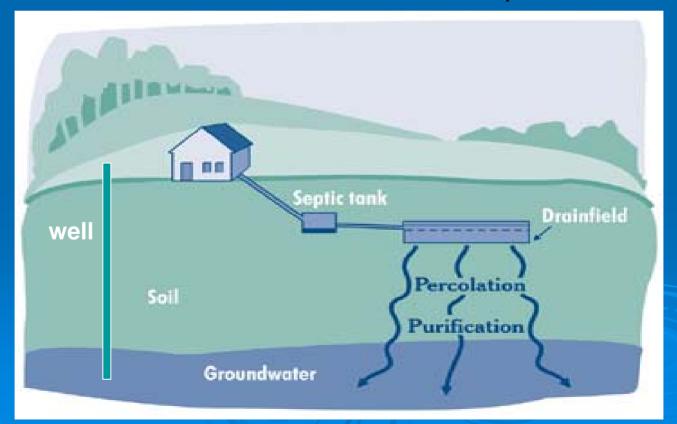




DEQ Programs

Septic Systems

• 3, 4 or 6 feet of effective soil depth



Barry N. Burnell Water Quality Division Administrator Idaho Department of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton Boise, ID 83706

Phone: 208-373-0194

FAX: 208-373-0576

E-mail: barry.burnell@deq.idaho.gov

Website: http://www.deq.idaho.gov



