

A Selective Drainage Toolbox to Hydro-enforce Culverts and other features in Lidar-based Elevation Rasters

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Outline

- Background: Study that identified need for Tools
- Study area & methodology
- Processing using Global Selective Drainage tool
- Reviewing potential culvert locations identified
- WBD update & development of 14- & 16-digit hydrologic units
- Collaborator applications for data layers
- Questions?



Study Background

- Develop methodology for utilizing lidar data to:
 - Identify locations of culverts/bridges, etc
 - Produce a hydro-enforced (culvert aware), lidar-derived dem that can be used for resource management
 - Refine watershed boundaries
 - Develop a densified drainage network
- Update WBD with refined boundaries, develop 14- and 16-digit units
- Develop tool to identify areas where NHD updates may be warranted.



Collaboration

- USGS Dakota Water Science Center
- City of Sioux Falls
- Lincoln County
- South Dakota Department of Transportation
- East Dakota Water Development District
- City of Harrisburg
- MAGIC

USGS National Geospatial Program



Collaboration- cont'd

 The five state & local collaborating agencies agreed to ground-truth the "assumed" culvert locations in their respective areas to the extent needed for their uses. This helped greatly to keep total project costs down.



Background

Location & Physiography of Study Area
Hydrography of Study Area
Basis of methodology
Data availability



Location & Physiography



Hydrography





Basis of methodology

Builds on Selective **Drainage methods** pioneered by Poppenga, Worstell, Stoker & **Greenlee at EROS** USGS SIR 2010-5059 https://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/ 2010/5059/



U.S. Department of the James U.S. Contractor Service

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Basis of methodology- cont'd

- Lidar-based bare earth DEMs typically only have bridges hydro-enforced
- Roadbeds and other built infrastructure will act as dams unless any culverts present are hydroenforced





Basis of methodology- cont'd











Example, cont'd





Data availability

Lidar data available in much of eastern SD

- Lidar-based 2008 NED in SD
- Lidar-based 2008 dem (state maintained) for Iowa and Minnesota
- 2012 acquisition .las file covering Sioux Falls urban area

 Pictometry imagery available for Lincoln & Minnehaha Counties



Data availability- cont'd

Culvert data initially available

- Culverts 30 inches & larger on State & Federal highways
- Sioux Falls Stormwater System
- Culverts 30 inches & larger on Minnehaha County roads
- Additional culvert inventories completed
 - Culverts on Lincoln County roads
 - Culverts on local/Township roads in Minnehaha County

Global Selective Drainage Toolbox

ArcGIS Toolbox developed by Curtis Price
 Released on ScienceBase 9/25/18

- https://doi.org/10.5066/F7TQ60FD
- ArcGIS 10.4
- User Guide available

Currently updating to ArcGIS 10.6/ArcGIS Pro



A Selective Drainage Toolbox to Hydroenforce Culverts and Other Features in Lidar-Derived Digital Elevation Models

Available tools

- Utility function for DEM setup/preparation
- Tools 1, 2, & 3 are included in the Global tool
- Tools 4 & 5 are used to enforce and evaluate identified culverts
- Some tools may not appear if you have not enabled an extension they need



- **Terminology**:
 - Drain line- potential culvert location(s) identified by the tool
 - Search distance- the maximum distance allowed between the min point of a fill poly and the endpoint of its potential drain line/culvert
 - Max & min culvert fill zone areas- can be used to filter out large waterbodies or very small depressions
 - Pour point distance- the maximum length allowed for the drain line feature
 - Iterations- allows possible identification of multiple culverts for a given fill poly



Tool 1: Create elevation derivatives

💐 1. Create Elevation Derivatives

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Elevation raster	1. Create Elevation Derivatives
Output fill raster	Create elevation derivatives
C:\Users\rcthomps\Documents\ArcGIS\Default.gdb\fill	from an input elevation
Output fdr raster	dataset. Outputs include fill
C:\Users\rcthomps\Documents\ArcGIS\Default.gdb\fdr	and flow direction rasters.
Output fac raster	Optional outputs include fill
	accumulation rasters, and
Output diff raster (optional)	flow lines. A minimum fill
	area criteria can be set.
Output flow lines (optional)	
Minimum area (optional)	
1000	
Minimum area units (optional)	
CELLS	
OK Cancel Environments << Hide Help	Tool Help



Tool 2: Create fill zones

💐 2. Create Fill Zones	- 🗆 X
Elevation raster	2. Create Fill Zones
 ▶ Fill raster 	Create fill zone polygon
	elevation derivatives. Fill
How direction raster	volume, depth) are
Flow accumulation raster	zone. Also minimum points
Fill zone raster	classes are created.
 Fill zone polygons 	
Pour points	
Minimum points	
Minimum area (optional)	
Minimum area units (optional)	
	~
OK Cancel Environments << Hide Help	Tool Help

Tool 3: Create selective drainage flowlines

3. Create Selective Drainage Flowlines	– 🗆 X
Input point	3. Create Selective Drainage Flowlines
Fill zone raster Elevation raster	Calculate flow paths (using least-cost distance) from source to destination points across an elevation
Output flowpath line Search distance 100	This tool is an implementation of methods described by:
OK Cancel Environments << Hide Help	Tool Help



Tool 4: Burn elevation raster

💐 4. Burn Elevation Raster	- 🗆 X
Elevation raster	4. Burn Elevation
Output raster Flow lines	Apply simple offsets to elevation data to burn lines, and optional walls, and sinks into an input
Wall lines (optional)	elevation surface for flow conditioning purposes.
Offset z value (optional)	
OK Cancel Environments << Hide Help	Tool Help



Tool 5: Create synthetic drainage network

§ 5. Create Synthetic Drainage Network	– 🗆 X
Flow direction raster	5. Create Synthetic Drainage Network
Flow accumulation raster Output lines Minimum area (optional) Inon Area units (optional) CELLS ✓	This tool can be used to create a synthetic drainage network based on input flow direction and flow accumulation rasters. Density of the output drainage network can be varied by use of a minimum threshold for stream initiation.
×	
OK Cancel Environments << Hide Help	Tool Help

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			2 Polyline	3	605	60500
			3 Polyline	7	437	43700



Global Selective Drainage	< Date failure	
Elevation raster		Global Selective
J Output fill zono polygong	- <u> </u>	Dramago
C:\Users\rcthomps\Documents\ArcGIS\Default.adb\fill_poly		This script locates potential
		culverts.
C:\Users\rcthomps\Documents\ArcGIS\Default.adh\min.pt		
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Culture in zone pour points		
c. losers (culonips (boculients (arcats (berault.gub (bour_b))		
Output fill drain lines		
C: \Users \vertcomps \		
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Fill zone area units (ontional)	1000	
CELLS		
Search distance (optional)		
	90	
Max culvert fill zone area		
	10000	
Culvert fill zone area units		
CELLS		
Pour point distance (optional)	67.5	
Maximum iterations (ontional)	07.5	
	3	
	*	*
OK Cancel	Environments	Tool Help

Tips:

- Depending on your dem resolution, you may want to run the tool on subsets of the total study area. The Arc tools will honor an extent, but not a processing mask.
- When finding what your optimal processing area is, consider using just one iteration (default is 3).
- Process a buffer beyond your expected study area boundary.
- As you develop your layer of culverts, attribute them to identify source.



- May want to add notes to the drain_line attribute table for use in verification of culvert presence
 - Does the location "make sense"?
 - Is a culvert visible in the basemap imagery?

Table						Π×	
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	18	Polyline	23	1	yes	yes	
	19	Polyline	25	1	yes dam	no	
	20	Polyline	26	1	no	no	
	21	Polyline	27	1	no	no	
	22	Polyline	28	1	yes dam	no	
	23	Polyline	29	1	yes	yes	
	24	Polyline	31	1	lagoon		
	25	Polyline	32	1	yes	yes	
	26	Polyline	33	1	no	no	
	27	Polyline	34	1	no	no	1
	28	Polyline	35	1	yes	yes	1
	29	Polyline	36	1	no	no]
	30	Polyline	37	1	no	no	1
	31	Polyline	39	1	yes	done	1
	32	Polyline	40	1	yes dam	done	1
	33	Polyline	42	1	yes offset	yes	1
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drain line walls and cuts							





Soures: Es A. Digital Close, Secelys, Earthstar Secgraphics , Chi 20/Alic us D.S. USDA, USSS, AEX, Setnapping, Asrogrid, 198, 197, 349 stopp, and the SIS User Community

















WBD updates & additions

















Collaborator applications





Collaborator applications





Questions?



